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WILL KEEP NORWAY INTACT

Great Britain, Germany and France Will Guarantee the Norse Kingdom's Safety.

A MONROE DOCTRINE IN MINIATURE

Russia's Designs of Securing Deep Water Harbor on the Fjords South of North Cape Will Thus Be Frustrated.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 24.—An international compact guaranteeing the inviolability of Norway from territorial aggression by any power whatever, and giving the new kingdom a status somewhat similar to that of Switzerland and Belgium, will soon be inscribed on the records of diplomacy.

On account of its extended position, the possession of valuable deep water harbors on the Atlantic and the agreement with Sweden against fortification in the neighborhood of the frontier, Norway is in a peculiar exposed position and the first efforts of Norse diplomacy have been directed toward eliminating the danger of being attacked and securing facilities for the development of the country without the crushing burden of a large army.

With regard to the action of Norway in approaching the powers for the purpose of securing these concessions, it can be stated that Russia, the power most directly concerned, and from which Norway, in spite of the denial by the Russian foreign office that Russia was endeavoring to secure a Norwegian port or in any way contemplated infringing on Norwegian territory, apparently had most to fear, had no objection to the conclusion of a convention. Germany has already signified her approval of the plan of which Great Britain is the sponsor, and France will follow suit.

Russia admittedly contemplated securing a deep water harbor, one easily defensible, on the fjords southward of North Cape, but is now willing to disclaim these pretensions, and make the best use of the present available port, Yokatemina, on the Murmanian coast.

ROMAN CATHOLICS GET LUZON CHURCHES

Supreme Court of the Philippines Rendered Important Decision for Church.

MANILA, Nov. 24.—An important decision just rendered by the Supreme court of the Philippine Islands ousts the Aglipaques, and the municipality of Lagoney from possession of the Paris edifices there in favor of the Roman Catholic church.

The decision establishes a most important precedent, as it affects suits now pending for possession of about fifty churches seized by the Aglipaynes.

Lagoney is a town of 8500 inhabitants in the province of Camarinos, Luzon, where the Aglipaynes are a religious sect founded by Aglipay, a Spanish friar.

BOY MURDERER WAS BAD AT SCHOOL

Sidney Sloane, Accused of Killing His Father, Given Bad Reputation By Teachers.

SPOKANE, Wash., Nov. 24.—That Sidney Sloane was a kleptomaniac and frequently stole wearing apparel of the other students, though supplied with money, was testified this morning in the trial of Sidney Sloane, charged with the murder of his father.

Professor Bonne, who conducts a preparatory college at Berkeley, Cal., attended by young Sloane, made the statement and averred that a number of students were compelled to place locks on their wardrobes.

That Sidney Sloane at the age of 5 had no sense of responsibility and that his conduct differed materially from that of other children, was the statement made by Miss Mary Kitner, whose kindergarten Sidney attended.

BILLY NOLAN CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLING FUNDS

Sensational End of Dispute Over the Proceeds of Gans-Nelson Fight Pictures.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—On a charge of embezzling, Billy Nolan, manager of "Battling" Nelson, was arrested here today. The arrest came as a sensational finish to the dispute over the proceeds from the exhibition of pictures of the Gans-Nelson fight.

Nolan, it is charged, withheld about $7,000 from the California treasurer of the films, pending decision as to the proper division of the money, and he was therefore arrested on the embezzlement charge.

The warrant was sworn out in Chicago and charges Nolan with embezzling $6,000 from Tex Rickard manager of the Goldfield, Nevada Athletic club, where the Gans-Nelson fight was held.

SENATOR DOLLIVER DENIES STATEMENTS

He Has Never Used Any Expression Derogatory to Secretary of State Root.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Nov. 24.—Senator J. H. Dolliver, en route to the West, denounces as false the language attributed to him in an article which Iowa papers are crediting to the Springfield, Mass., Republican. Senator Dolliver is quoted as saying that Secretary Elihu Root "sits in the inner councils of the trusts," "is Thomas F. Ryan's right hand man,' and that he has been "chief counsel in every nefarious scheme foisted upon the American people."

Senator Dolliver said: "I have never given utterance anywhere, or at any time, to the remarks attributed to me. I have the most friendly relations with Secretary Root, running over many years, and have never made an expression derogatory to him, either in his professional or public life. To attribute such remarks to me is an absurdity that is very much more calculated to injure me than Secretary Root.'

SAN DIEGO GIRL TAKEN A CAPTIVE

Father Allowed Her to Go With Seafaring Man and He Kidnaped Her.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 24.—A warrant was issued here late today for the arrest of A. W. Hall, sometimes known as "Windy" Hall, a seafaring man. Marco Bennis is the complainant.

He says he entered into an agreement under which his daughter, Dora Bennis, was to be employed at a camp at San Juan Capistrano, and the girl, and the girl, who is only 14 years old, departed with the Hall party, presumably for San Juan Capistrano, on the 7th inst., leaving on the gasoline launch Rover, of which Hall is skipper.

Today Bennis received a letter dated at San Quentin, Lower California, written by a woman in the Hall party and signed by Dora Bennis, in which it is charged that Hall took her to the Mexican port and that he had made improper overtures. An effort will be made to extradite Hall.

CAPTAIN COOK'S SKULL REPORTED TO BE FOUND IN A HAWAIIAN CAVE

HONOLULU, Nov. 24.—A skull believed to be that of Captain Cook, the discoverer of Hawaii, has been found in a cave near Kealakokua Bay.

Kealakokua Bay is on the west coast of the island of Hawaii. At Kealakokua village, a port on the west side of Kauwalda Cove, is a monument to Captain Cook.

JEW HATERS THREATENING

Russia May Witness Uprising of Great Moment.

If Proposed Concessions Are Granted Hebrew Revolt Is Probable.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 24.—The threats of the reactionary parties that Jewish massacres will be organized if the rights of the Jews are enlarged, are steadily becoming more definite. The central council of the League of the Russian People, claiming to represent 30,000,000 people, has issued a declaration disclaiming responsibility for the outrages which may result from the indignation produced by the enlargement of Jewish rights, and has published the text of 200 dispatches of protest sent to the emperor from local organizations, of which the following is a sample:

"It is dangerous to further test the gentleness and patience of the peaceful Russian population, which may be forced, in its defense against the Jews, to overstep the limits of law and order and resort to violence."

The publication of the returns is certain to result in a final break between the reactionary and monarchical parties and Premier Stolypin's administration.

A curious story comes from Vilna to the effect that the rabbis of three towns in that vicinity interceded for three Jews who, it is asserted, were innocently condemned to death as terrorists. The governor, it is added, agreed to spare the lives of the three men if the rabbis would take an oath publicly in the synagogue that they believed the condemned men were innocent. The rabbis consented and the sentences were commuted.

PORTLAND STOCKYARDS CROWDED WITH STOCK

Cattle, Horses Hogs and Sheep Piling Up Because of Railroad Demoralization.

PORTLAND, Nov. 24.—Because of the demoralized condition of the railroads, the Union stock yards at Portland are crowded to their capacity with stock awaiting shipment.

The situation is a serious one for the stock yards people and will be more so unless relief is given them in the near future. There has been no shipment of stock toward Puget Sound since the flood put the railroads out of commission. All shipments for Sound points have had to be quartered in the local yards.

There are at present 1500 head of hogs in the yards, 1200 head of cattle, four carloads of horses and three carloads of sheep.

Nearly all of the cattle and hogs in the yards are consigned to packing companies at Tacoma and Seattle.

OELRICHS' CONTEST OVER

Final Settlement Awaits Only the Approval of the Compromise By the Court.

WIDOW TO BE PAID $100,000

Young Son Will Receive, in Addition to His Father's Personal Effects, the Big Cygnus Ranch in Solano Co.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—All that awaits the final settlement of the contest over the probate of the will of Herman Oelrichs, who died at sea on September 1st, is the sanction of Surrogate Fitzgerald to the terms of the compromise. They have all been agreed on and counsel representing Charles M. Oelrichs, a brother and executor of the will intend to ask the surrogate to approve the settlement on Tuesday.

Oelrichs made a will disinheriting his wife, Theresa Alice Oelrichs, because of her independent fortune and giving only some personal effects, jewelry, guns and other articles, to his son, Herman Oelrichs, Jr. as he stated, the youth will eventually inherit the fortune of his mother. His principal legatees were his sister, Mrs. William Jay, and his brother, Charles M. Oelrichs. His estate is believed to be worth almost $2,000,000.

By the settlement, Mrs. Oelrichs is to receive, it is said, 100 first mortgage bonds of $1,000 each of the South Pacific Coast Railway Company within thirty days after the will shall have been probated, provided no further objections are taken to it. She is to execute a release of all claims against the estate of her husband either here or in California, and also as to his administration of the estate of the late Senator Fair, the father of herself and Mrs. Virginia Vanderbilt, wife of William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and she is to agree to make no claim to 400 other $1,000 bonds of the South Pacific Coast Railway Company, 346 of which are in the safe deposit vaults of the National Park bank, in which Oelrichs had a deposit box, and the others being held by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as security for a loan made to Oelrichs.

The young son, in addition to his father's personal effects is to get a ranch in Solano county, California, comprising 975 acres, named "Cygnus," and everything connected with it. This ranch is valued at $50,000. This is in full for all claims that he may have against the estate of his father.

FRANKLIN K. LANE MADE HIS POINT

C. B. & Q. Railroad Paid the Fines of Officials Convicted on Rebating Charges.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—F. K. Lane, of the interstate commerce commission, heard evidence here today regarding the manner in which the fine of $60,000 recently assessed against the Chicago-Burlington and Quincey railroad and two of its officers for rebating, was paid. It was shown that the road corporation had paid the three fines in one check and that in reality the individuals had not been punished at all.

Commissioner Lane declared at the conclusion of the evidence that he had desired the information for the purpose of showing that under the present law it is impossible to reach the officers of the company in a personal manner for any violation of the law against rebating.

SECRETARY SHAW VISITED ST. LOUIS

Shortage in Sub-Treasury Took Him There on Trip of Investigation.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 24.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw spent a part of this afternoon in close consultation with F. W. Lehmann, special counsel for the government in the prosecution of the sub-treasury $6,500 shortage case.

"I have had the report of Assistant United States Treasurer Akins and of the special commission that we sent here from Washington to make an investigation," said the secretary, "but I thought I could get a better understanding of the matter if I made a personal investigation. I shall spend the day here looking over matters pertaining to the shortage."

SHOOTS THE GIRL HE LOVES THEN ENDS HIS OWN LIFE

PARIS.—A love crime has been committed at Roquette, Hilaire Gard. A shepherd fell in love with his employer's daughter, but the girl rejected him. He renewed his unwelcome addresses, and was at last discharged. Lately, however, he was taken back as shepherd, and continued his love-making. Again the girl rejected his suit. The shepherd then shot the girl dead and afterward lodged a bullet in his own head.

FOR RECOINAGE OF PHILIPPINE SILVER

Plan Submitted to Secretary Taft Must Be First Approved By President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Brigadier General Edwards, chief of the bureau of insular affairs, and Charles A. Conant of New York, who was a member of the commission which framed the Philippine currency system, today presented to Secretary of War Taft a plan for the recoinage of the Philippine silver money. The plan will not be made public until it has been adopted by the Philippine commission and approved by the president.

The recoinage is to reduce the percentage of silver to an amount less than its bullion value, in order to put an end to its being melted. The bureau of insular affairs considered the advisability of reducing the weight of coin without decreasing the percentage of silver, and it is believed that this is the plan that will be recommended. The plan will be cabled to the Philippine commission.

CORONER'S FINDINGS UPON B. & O. WRECK

Engineer, Conductor and Brakeman Held Responsible and Railroad Company Censured.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Nov. 24.—Coroner Carson today rendered his verdict on the recent wreck of the immigrant train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad at Woodville. A list of the names and the ages of sixty-one dead is given.

Frank Galauner, engineer of the first section of the immigrant train; Samuel J. Moats, conductor of the freight train, and Daniel Woodward, head brakeman of the freight train which collided with the second section of the immigrant train, are held responsible. All three men have been arrested.

Coroner Carson this afternoon added to his verdict the following:

"I further believe that the Baltimore & Ohio system is operated too loosely and should have more stringent regulations to force its employes to a stricter accountability to the rules and regulations now in force."

ANGRY WIFE KILLS HUSBAND INSTANTLY AS HE SLEEPS.

LYONS.—A cold-blooded murder has been committed by a woman named Chazotier, who lived on bad terms with her husband. Quarrels took place every day. On Tuesday the husband decided to leave his wife. He returned home, however, and went to bed. While he was asleep his wife seized a revolver and fired two shots at him, both taking effect. Death was instantaneous.

CARUSO HAS NOT PAID UP

Ten Dollars Fine Allowed to Stand Over.

Papers in Appeal Have Been Signed By the Disgraced Tenor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The ten dollar fine imposed on Enrico Caruso, the famous Italian opera singer, in the Yorkville police court yesterday, after he had been found guilty of annoying women in the monkey house at Central Park, was not paid today. One of his attorneys had gone to court with the intention of paying the fine under protest and the money was about to be passed across the clerk's desk, when Caruso's senior counsel rushed into the court room and brought the proceedings to a halt.

A consultation between counsel and the court followed and the magistrate permitted the matter to go over until Monday. In the meantime, Caruso has been paroled in the custody of his counsel. Caruso's counsel today reiterated the announcement made yesterday that appeal would be taken.

"I saw Mr. Caruso at his hotel today," and had him sign for an appeal, which will be asked for immediately, of the judges of the court of general sessions. It is for one of them to sign the paper and allow or disallow the application for an appeal.

"Mr. Caruso felt," continued the lawyer, "that Magistrate Baker had treated him very fairly during the hearing and that his character was being fully vindicated. It was more than a surprise to him when he heard that the court had found him guilty. The shock was terrible to Caruso, who is a highly sensitive man, particularly as he had firmly believed the testimony clearly exonerated him."

Dissatisfaction was also expressed by the attorney with the manner in which Deputy Police Commissioner Mathot had insisted on the introduction of evidence which the counsel for Caruso claimed was not a proper matter to come before the court, and which, he said was introduced for theatrical effect and to prejudice the public against the defendant.

It is supposed that the appeal will be argued next Monday. Caruso's counsel today asked for a full transcript of the police court proceedings for use in connection with the appeal.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The announcement that Enrico Caruso, the tenor, was found guilty in a New York police court yesterday of annoying women in Central Park Zoological garden and was fined $10, reached Rome so late that only the Messagero, of the morning papers, published the news. In so doing the paper added:

"Caruso will appeal, but the real verdict will be given by the people of New York in the manner which they receive the first time he appears before an audience after his condemnation."

HAMILTON, ONTARIO, RIOTS

Wild Scenes Caused By Mob of Sympathizers With Striking Streetcar Employes.

POLICE AND SOLDIERS CALLED INTO ACTION

Clubs and Sabres Were Used With No Discrimination Upon Rioters and Spectators—Many Were Injured.

HAMILTON, Ont., Nov. 24.—Never in Hamilton's history were such scenes of disorder and lawlessness seen as were enacted in the principal streets of the city today. Scores of rioters, sympathizers with striking street car men, felt the weight of policemen's night sticks and the keen edge of the soldiers' swords in conflicts on James and King streets. At a late hour, street cars were running at intervals, under heavy guards, but they did not carry passengers and continued to be the targets for fusillades of stones and bricks from side streets and alleyways. Drastic as were the measures taken by the authorities tonight, it was plain that the mob spirit has not been broken.

The crowds began to gather at dusk. The authorities, who saw that trouble was brewing, made their preparations accordingly. Fights on the street cars began as early as 7 o'clock. The police wielded their clubs freely, but the situation became too serious for them to handle. Sheriff Middleton was notified and he immediately read the riot act, which makes every able-bodied citizen amenable to police duty. He also notified Captain Ogilvie that the aid of troops had become necessary to keep order.

At 8 o'clock a concerted effort was made by the police and soldiers to clear the streets. James street, in the vicinity of the city hall, was packed with a dense crowd of yelling hoodlums and hundreds of people attracted to the scene more by curiosity than to take part in the disorders. The police charged this crowd first. They wielded their clubs with telling effect. The absence of stern methods in previous disorders had led many to believe that the police would not resort to harsh measures tonight. The officers were met with jeers and insults.

Smashing right and left with their night sticks, the police waded into the crowd. Men and women suffered alike, and soon the pavement was marked by many unconscious forms. The men, realizing that the police meant business this time, began to retaliate with stones and other missiles.

At this point, the clamor of horses' hoofs on the pavement announced the approach of the cavalry, and the crowd, attacked from both sides, broke and fled down side streets and through hallways into back alleys. The streets in the vicinity of the city hall were cleared, but it was only temporary relief for the authorities. The crowd soon began to converge on King street. A street car with detectives on board came along and became the target for a fusilade of bricks and stones. The strike-breakers and detectives deserted the cars as the mob grew in volume and their lives were endangered by the avalanche of rocks.

They were followed by a section of the crowd and given a severe beating. The street car was derailed and literally torn to pieces before the militia could reach the scene. The crowd melted away as the soldiers charged with fixed bayonets.

This was the last concerted demonstration made by the rioters during the evening, although disorders on a smaller scale were frequent up to midnight.

At 1:30 the authorities appear to have the situation well in hand, though it is realized that the trouble is by no means over. It is probable that the local officials will ask for more soldiers.

The streets are strewn with debris. Many plate glass windows in stores were broken by flying missiles. Twenty of the rioters were landed at the police stations. The policemen arrested scores, but many of the prisoners were rescued.

SAN DIEGO CHAMBER JOINS THE FEDERATION

Southern California Commercial Bodies United in Aggressive Campaign of Development.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 24.—The Chamber of Commerce has voted to affiliate with the Southern California Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade, organized at Pasadena, October 20th, by the Civic Federation.

Extension and improvement of roads, more public parks, conservation of storm waters and preservation of forests, simplification of the tax and revenue laws, and other matters of public benefit are the objects of the federation. George W. Fishburn was appointed representative on the federation's board of directors.

LEWISTON, Idaho, Nov. 24.—A special to the Evening Teller from Moscow states that William J. Dye was found guilty in the federal court this morning on five counts on the charge of subornation of perjury. This is the second conviction in the north Idaho land fraud cases.

JEFFRIES GAVE O'BIEN THE DOPE

Big Referee Explained the Rules Governing O'Brien's Fight With Burns.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 24.—James J. Jeffries, who retired with the title of heavyweight champion of the world and who will receive a fee of $1500 for his services as referee of the contest between Tommy Burns and "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, scheduled to take place before the Pacific Athletic club of this city next Wednesday evening, today paid a visit to Venice, where O'Brien is training. Jeffries was accompanied by T. J. McCarey, manager of the club, and several newspaper men.

He discussed with O'Brien possible problems that the fight might develop and explained his interpretations of the rules which will govern the contest. Similar instructions will be given Burns before Wednesday.

O'Brien, after a six mile run and some hard indoor work, today weighed 170 pounds and announced that he would probably be two pounds heavier when he entered the ring. He has decided that he will do but little more hard work before the contest.

WABASH RAILROAD FREIGHT EARNINGS

State Attorney Hopes to Disprove that Road Loses Money on Missouri Traffic.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 24. — Richard E. Berger, freight auditor of the Wabash railroad, was recalled to the witness stand today in the maximum freight rate hearing. His testimony developed the fact that the percentages used by the Wabash in the apportionment of freight earnings tend to lessen the revenue of the division.

It was shown that no part of the bridge tolls on goods routed from Kansas City to Cincinnati and points east, or points east of the Mississippi to Kansas City is allotted to Missouri. These and other facts are expected by the state to disprove the claim of the railroad that it is losing money on freight in Missouri.

SPAIN'S GOVERNMENT DENIES SECRET TREATY REGARDING MOROCCO

MADRID, Nov. 24.—Pressed by questions in the chamber of deputies today as to whether a secret treaty or clause in a treaty exists between Spain and France and Great Britain, on the subject of Morocco, and also if the lives and property of Spaniards in Morocco are endangered, Foreign Minister Gullonl stated that nothing has been kept secret and that Spaniards in Morocco are not in danger.

CHAMBERLAIN CANNOT LIVE

Great English Statesman Is a Hopeless Wreck.

At Seventy, Suffering from Paralysis, He Is a Pathetic Figure.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Joseph Chamberlain, the most picturesque of the present generation of statesmen of Great Britain, is believed to be dying at his home in Birmingham. For four months he has not appeared in public and it has just been learned that he is a victim of paralysis. He is a mere wreck of his former self. Almost sightless and unable to articulate the most simple word, he sits in his splendid home bolstered up with pillows awaiting the final summons. It is evident to his friends that he will never recover and that the end cannot be long delayed.

Chamberlain's devoted attendant is his charming wife, who was Miss Endicott of Massachusetts, a daughter of President Cleveland's former secretary of war. She remains with her distinguished husband constantly and sees that his every wish is attended to at once.

Chamberlain dimly realizes that he is nearing the end of the journey, but he still takes a great interest in his splendid orchid house, which is without an equal in the British empire. Twice a day he is wheeled to it in an invalid chair and for an hour at a time he will remain, a pathetic figure surrounded by the flowers which he has loved and cherished so fondly. He is barely able to move and when he tires he makes it known by a feeble inclination of the head and then he is wheeled back to his rooms here he remains in silence and almost in darkness.

There is no concealing the fact that his once splendid mind is but a fragment of what it was. Hour after hour he lies back with his eyes closed and it is almost impossible to arouse him. He has to be fed by artificial means. He is unable to answer the most simple question.

Chamberlain is past 70 and it is because of this that no hope is held out for him. He has been a man ofgre at activity and it is evident that he has literally exhausted his once tremendous vitality.

UNEARTHED A PLOT FOR THE REMOVAL OF KING PETER OF SERVIA

VIENNA, Nov. 24.—Some sensation was caused here this evening by the publication in a government organ, the Evening Gazette of Prague, of a dispatch from Semlin, opposite Belgrade, reporting the discovery of a strong movement among politicians and military men to depose the resigning Servian (King Georgevitch) dynasty, the head of which is King Peter, in favor of some prince of a European court.

GERMANY'S TRADE BOOM

Although on the Crest of Prosperity Wave, There Is Skepticism as to Duration.

PRIVATE INVESTORS BECOMING FEARFUL

Manufacturers and Merchants Are Beginning to Share the Alarm—Inability to Obtain More Capital Feared.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—Although Germany is on the top wave of prosperity, skepticism as to the duration of the boom has been increasing for several months, and the outside public has kept aloof from speculative investments in industrial stocks, notwithstanding the continued publication of unusually brilliant annual reports by the companies, showing large gains, the declaration of dividends, increases in orders and higher prices for manufactured products.

This sober attitude on the part of private investors is beginning to gain the support of the manufacturers and bankers, who being able to glance behind the scenes of industrial activity, express fears that the boom has already exhausted itself.

When asked to give reasons for this view, the manufacturers and bankers pointed to the dearness of money, the high prices of commodities, the high wages and the expensive operations to which all the industrial establishments have been subject. Every branch of manufacture is occupied to its utmost capacity, and in the coal and iron industries supplies must be purchased in increasing quantities from abroad, chiefly from Great Britain. The mines and furnaces have booked orders months ahead, but will be unable to make deliveries.

The state railroads in the commercial regions are far from being able to cope with the traffic requirements and in the Essen district a shortage of coal cars results in preventing from 35,000 to 50,000 tons of coal from reaching its consumers.

The receipts of the railroads for October are $4,000,000 above those of October, 1905, an increase of 11 per cent, and the foreign trade of Germany shows the heaviest movement ever known, in both exports and imports.

The business activity in all directions causes an unusual scarcity of labor, the production in the coal and iron trades in particular being kept down through that cause. Nevertheless, both these industries are beyond all records.

The general conclusions, which seems justified, is that Germany's industrial situation is still thoroughly sound and that the prosperity will continue, although the rate of expansion may be decreased through inability to obtain additional capital, in view of the stringency of the money market.

OFFICER PARDONED BECAUSE OF ILLNESS

President Roosevelt Exercised Clemency Toward Lieut. Lewis, an Embezzler.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 24.—H. W. Lewis, former second lieutenant of the Thirteen infantry, found guilty by a court martial at Fort Crook, Neb., of embezzling company funds and sent to the United States prison for one year and six months, was pardoned by the president today, because he has contracted consumption while an attendant in the hospital. He was received at the prison February 13, 1905.

He was examined recently by surgeons, who recommended to the president that he be pardoned and he left here tonight for Hot Springs, Ark., to enter the government hospital for treatment.

FOUND NOT INSANE AFTER THIRD TRIAL

German Artist in Denver Had Appealed to President Roosevelt for Protection.

DENVER, Nov. 24.—Herman Linde, a German artist, whose case has attracted much interest because of his appeal to President Roosevelt for protection, was tonight acquitted on the charge of insanity.

This is Linde's third trial for insanity, both the others resulting in his conviction. After his first trial, he appealed to the president in several letters and the matter was taken up by the United States secret service.

Joseph A. Walker, in charge of the local office of the secret service, said he considers Linde a lunatic of a dangerous type.

New Line from the Baltic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The Russian steamer Gregory Moreh arrived today from Odessa, inaugurating the new service of the Russian Steam Navigating and Trading company between Black sea ports and New York. She brought 400 passengers, about half of them Russian Jews.

Japanese Kid Shopping Bags, $2.50.

They're the newest thing out. Grey, blue, tan, green and white.

Gottschalk's

Japanese Kid Belts, $2.00.

Come in grey, blue, tan green and white, to match shopping bag.

SUIT VALUES SUPREME

"THE PRETTIEST SUITS IN TOWN"

We hear it every day. The new suit management is scoring victory after victory. Volume of business, buying prestige, a great selling scope have put the Gottschalks in such close touch and perfect harmony with manufacturers that they have worked wonders in producing prettier garments at lower prices.

High class suits such as particular women want, suits of silk and velvet and cloth in a great variety, no matter whether it be $10.00 or $50.00 you want to pay. Note what we say—put us to the test. Comparison proves. If you haven't your new suit yet, plan to buy at Gottschalk's Monday.

Suits at $10.00

$20 and $25 Values

Positively one of the greatest values ever offered. We do not wait until the season is over. But now, while it is at its height, when ever suit sold will give you a full season's wear. We make a lot of suits that we have sold at $20.00 and $25.00—at one price of $10.00. There are cheviots and broadcloths, in navy, blue, black grey and mixtures, three quarter length and eton jacket suits. Alterations charged at cost.

Suits at $15.00

$30 to $50 Values

Striking examples of high-grade tailoring. The array of styles and the quality of the goods can not be equaled elsewhere. Made of broadcloths, cheviots and tweeds, in three-quarter eton and shirt waist models, nearly all the popular colorings are here now. This is unquestionably the bargain event of the season. Better come tomorrow, there will certainly be one to strike your fancy. Alterations will be charged at cost.

The New Tourist Coats

$12.00

New coats just in. Many customers have been waiting for them and we are right glad to announce their arrival. There are some great values in the lot. We will place on sale tomorrow twenty-five coats in all wool mixtures: light colors with handsome blue velvet collars and cuffs; fancy pockets. Coats that we have sold before this season at $16.50, but owing to delay in shipping from the East we will make the price $12.00.

The Warm Wrappers

$1.25

Heavy fleeced lined long length wrappers; cut good and full; trimmed with ruffles over shoulders; come in blues and greys. Well made wrappers that are worth $1.50 to any one.

Dressing Sacques, $1.50.

Ripple eiderdown sacques; loose back and fly fronts; some bound with satin; others have crocket edging; come in red, grey, blue and pink. Sacques that sell regular at $2.00. Monday, $1.50.

Drapery and Domestics

NEWS OF INTEREST FOR MONDAY.

Bonne Femme Curtains.

50 inch wide; Arabian bonne femme curtains; fine quality of bobinet; trimmed with Irish point effects; 12 inch ruffle. An $8.50 curtain. Monday **$6.65**

Figured Sateens.

Just the sort for comforters and draperies. Good patterns; good colorings; 36 inches wide. Sold at 25c. Monday, per yard ..... **20¢**

Couch Covers.

Oriental striped tapestry couch covers; fringed all around. A cover you could not duplicate less than $1.50. Monday **$1.15**

Pajama Flannels.

A fine solid weave striped material—just what you want for night gowns and pajamas. Assortment of patterns could not be better. Here Monday at per yard ..... **19¢**

Bath Towels.

Unbleached Turkish bath towels; large size, 26x40; the heavy kind; hemmed. A regular 35c value. Monday **25¢**

Fleeced Back Goods.

Cashmere finish; not a better one on the market; all the new pretty patterns; 36 inches wide. For Monday, per yard ..... **15¢**

Silks and Dress Goods

SPECIAL PRICES FOR MONDAY.

White Habutai Silk.

27 inch White Habutai wash silk; good firm quality; fine for waists and men's shirts; washes fine. Regular 85c value. Monday, per yard ..... **75¢**

Shadow Plaid Panama.

Light and medium grey and black; stylish and serviceable; for knock about skirts and suits. A 75c quality for this price. Monday, per yard **60¢**

Taffeta Silk.

19 inches wide; a beautiful Swiss finish; fine for waists or shirt waist suits; newest colorings. Monday, per yard ..... **58¢**

American Pongee.

50c value; 23 inches wide with the real pongee color; the sort for waists and children's suits. Monday, per yard **39¢**

Domestic Broadcloth.

This is a good smooth quality and makes up swagger. We have it in navy, myrtle, green, brown, cardinal, also black. Monday, per yard **$1.00**

Black Taffeta Silk.

A $1.00 a yard silk; 36 inches wide. Where else could you buy a regular $1.00 guaranteed taffeta silk at 75c?

The New Belts

Novelty Belts.

In pin Morocco, suede, lamb skin, Ooze, Boston Morocco; in black, white tan, the greens, browns—most any color to match your costume; all with the new back buckle. Some sell at **$1.00**, and all prices up to **$3.50.**

Scotch Plaid Belts.

One of the new fads. You'll want them to go with that plaid waist. New lot just in and special priced.

Gottschalk's

Pyrography Sets Special for Monday

$1.69—An important outfit and comes in a nicely designed box. Set is complete and is worth regular $1.98. Monday only $1.69.

25¢ for designed book racks
39¢ for designed collar and cuff boxes.
50¢ for designed glove boxes.

New Street and Automobile Drapes

"Du Barry" Scarfs — New ones just received in silk in all colors; crepe de chine with embroidered and hemstitched. One of the prettiest effects is in the rainbow scarf.

Hat Drapes — Many new styles and colorings among them. You'll find the burgundy and myrtle green that's so popular. Some embroidered; others plain.

TOYLAND AND DOLLYDOM

Just a few days more and we will hold our formal opening of the greatest assortment of Dolls and Toys ever seen in Fresno. Our buyer spent months in making his purchases, and his selections have no counterpart on the Coast. No need to send East for what you want—the best is at Gottschalk's.

Women's Hosiery and Shawls

Silk Hose.

Hand embroidered, in all the new designs. For price and assortment there is none its equal in Fresno. **$3.00** to **$5.00** per pair.

Black silk hose; hand embroidered; some at **$1.50** and as high as **$5.00.**

Black Lisle hose; hand embroidered; high spliced heel and toe; double sole. As low as **50¢** and as high as **$2.00.**

Gottschalk's

FISH AND GAME CONVENTION

Andy Ferguson Explains Reason of Call.

Monterey Convention Was Packed By Enemies of the State Commission.

Editor Republican—It being generally conceded that of the entire State, Fresno county is pre-eminently favorable of the cause of protection of game, I believe it will be of general interest to the readers of the Republican to have further explanation of the reason for the call for a new convention of game protectionists, from the standpoint of the sponsors of the movement.

The call for a new convention of the game protective associations is not, as has been suggested by Mr. St. John, "A struggle of the state commission to retain office." (The commissioners, by the way, draw no pay, hence the job is not much sought by the politicians.) Nor is my connection with the movement prompted, as intimated by Mr. Dismukes, by a desire to keep the chief deputy in office. I will say, in passing, that Mr. Dismukes is in error in regard to the attitude of Game Warden Cobb. Mr. Cobb voted at Monterey with Mr. McIntosh and myself and has signed the call for a new convention. He is likewise mistaken about the Madera and Selma associations. Both these associations have signed the indorsement of the call and are pledged to send delegates to Sacramento.

I am sorry that Mr. Dismukes was not present at the Monterey meeting. I am sure that had he been there, his sense of fairness, of justice and of decency would have been outraged and that he would have come away filled with shame and indignation that it should have come to pass that an acquaintance which many earnest men have heretofore loyally supported, was then converted into a mere scolding machine, which, phonograph fashion, talks out to the public all the petty private grievances talked into it by the manipulators of the mechanism.

The fact is patent, that those who have stirred up this "tempest in a teapot" are in no position to claim that their acts are based solely on their zeal for the cause of game protection. The circumstantial evidence is against the supposition. The president of the association has, for many years, in season and out, been busy finding fault with the California fish commission.

Regardless of the personnel of the commission, Mr. Paine and his little clique have ever been fomenting trouble. The constant smoke which they claim indicates some fire merely shows that they are ever smoking. It is a painful fact that some of these carping critics have been active candidates for places on the commission. It is also a fact that no less than five of those who created the latest agitation, including President Paine, have had jobs under the present commission and lost them.

Here is a sample of their "smoke." The frenzied charge that the fish commission has repeatedly granted special permits to its friends to violate the game laws, simmered down, at the Monterey meeting, to the innocent fact that the commission did grant to a gentleman connected with the Smithsonian institute, a scientist and a most eminent taxidermist, permission to take five or six deer of various ages and conditions for Stanford university, which institution wanted mounted mounted specimens of California fauna.

The other "grave" charges were, in the light of the explanatory facts, equally foolish. Surely even my friend and loyal fellow-protectionist is damned by his own argument when he says that "It was felt that the commission was run by Vogelsang and to get rid of him, the commission would have to go." For the records show that in the last year of the old commission and the previous chief deputy, the total of fines collected was $3,400, while under the present commission the fines collected in 1906 to Nov. 10th amount to over $23,000.

That the Monterey meeting was "packed" against the fish commission was shown by the actions of the majority and by the admission of the chairman of the executive committee offering the condemnatory resolution that he had no evidence to offer the convention that the charges were justified and that he thought none was necessary. That fraud was resorted to was later proved to me by the evidence of my own eyes. I saw a letter signed by both the president and the secretary of the Healdsburg association, which was voted by proxy for the resolution, that they had not elected the party, so voting as delegate, and that no person was authorized to vote the Healdsburg association in the Monterey convention.

I have mentioned all these things, not because I think it of great consequence whether or not Mr. Paine and the others dislike the commissioners, but to show why by reason of the blind unreasoning hate of certain individuals and their success in apparently crystalizing their sentiments in the action of what should be a representative body of sportsmen, the whole movement in favor of game protection has been discredited and many of our heretofore powerful friends have become disgusted. And to justify the declaration that the cause is in danger and that immediate action by the earnest, conservative friends of the game is necessary to put the cause in the right light before the people and to enable us to go before the next legislature with some credit and standing.

This proposed convention will be attended by representatives of the game protective associations of California, by representative citizens selected by the several boards of supervisors and by several members of the next legislature whom we expect to become thoroughly interested in the cause of game protection. I have no hesitation in predicting that such a resolution as that presented by the committee at Monterey unless backed by some show of evidence, would last, before such a representative body as this will be, about half as long as the proverbial snowball in the regions the existence of which was denied by the late lamented Colonel Ingersoll.

ANDY D. FERGUSON.

Fresno, November 24, 1906.

Drs. Barkan & Sewall

Specialists for eye, ear, nose and throat, are now located at 1700 California street, corner Van Ness avenue, San Francisco.

Only $1.06

14 k fountain pen, regular $3.06 size, at Baker & Colson's.

DECEMBER TRAINING

For Fresno Sunday School Teachers.

Weekly Programs Full of Subjects of Value to Bible Students.

Announcement was made yesterday at the meeting of the union of the program for the Primary Sunday School union for December. The meetings, as heretofore, will be held every Saturday afternoon from 3 to 4 o'clock, in the First M. E. church, corner of M and Tulare streets. The officers of the union are: President, Mrs. G. W. Dowda; vice-president, Mrs. P. G. Deyo; secretary, Mrs. P. E. Wrigglesworth; treasurer, Mrs. J. C. Wilson. All Sunday school teachers, mothers and others interested in Sunday school work are cordially invited to attend these meetings.

The county superintendent of Primary union work, Miss A. M. Overholt, is particularly anxious that, if anyone who is on the program cannot attend to take part, arrangements should be made by that person to have the part supplied. The weekly programs for December are as follows:

December 8th—Devotional, Mrs. J. N. Queen; "Christmas Songs," Miss Frances Harvey; primary lesson theme, "Jesus Before Pilate," Luke 23, 13 to 25, Miss Attringer; beginners' lesson theme, "A Poor Woman's Gift," Mrs. L. L. Davenport.

December 8th—Devotional, Mrs. J. W. Kennedy; chapter 13 of training work, "A Separate Primary Room," from Israel P. Black's "Primary Lesson Plans," Mrs. John Ashton; primary lesson theme, "Jesus on the Cross," Luke 23, 33 to 46, Mrs. William Smith; beginners' lesson theme, "Giving to the Needy," Miss Margaret Baird.

December 15th—Devotional, Mrs. Thomas Boyd; "Sunday School Work in the State of Washington," Mrs. Allen, a county superintendent of that state; primary lesson theme, "Jesus Risen From the Dead," Matthew 28, 1 to 15, Miss Della Melvin; beginners' lesson theme, "The Israelites Giving to God," Mrs. B. E. Lorenz.

December 22d—Devotional, Mrs. True; chapter 14 of training work, "Cradle Roll Department," Mrs. C. R. Bonsell; primary lesson theme, "Jesus Ascends Into Heaven," Luke 24, 36 to 57, Mrs. E. W. Lindsay; beginners' lesson theme, "God's Gift of His Son," Mrs. G. W. Dowda.

December 29th—Devotional, Mrs. A. C. McKeever; reports from county primary work, Miss A. M. Overholt, county primary superintendent; primary lesson, review by Miss Glenn; beginners' lesson theme, "The Wise Men's Gift," Miss Overholt.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

The following real estate transfers have been recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Virginia K. Cumming et vir. to F. E. Wells, south half of southeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 19, township 15 south, range 22 east; $100.

Antone G. Sequoia to F. C. Gomez, lots 27 and 28 in block 329; $10.

Benjamin Anderson to A. Halstrom, half interest of east two-thirds of lot 21, Riverside colony; $1000.

Anton Neilson to D. F. Wagner, lots 3 and 4, Reed colony; $4000.

Franklin Minard et ux. to C. S. Pierce et al., lots 3, 4 and 17 of subdivision of lot 9, Park addition; $10.

E. D. Farrow et ux. to C. P. Walton, lot 1, block 8, Parkhurst's West addition to Sanger; $10.

A. D. Frates et ux. to W. A. Wilkins, lots 24 and 25, block 45, Fowler; $10.

Guiseppe Imperatrice et ux. to John Coria, east half of southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 30, township 13 south, range 19 east; $10.

Marguerita Brandt et vir. to Henry Schafer, lots 37 and 38, block 3, Pickwick addition; $10.

D. T. Curtis et ux. to Antone Neilson, southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section 35, township 15 south, range 23 east; $10.

Julia A. Campbell to T. S. Murakami, east half of northeast quarter of northwest quarter of section 32, township 14 south, range 22 east; $10.

J. A. Frazer to Jonna Hastie, north half of section 26, township 17 south, range 16 east; $10.

M. W. Muller to J. A. Frazer, section 26, township 17 south, range 16 east; $10.

Thomas H. Williams to W. H. Fellman, part of section 9, township 15 south, range 23 east; $10.

Thomas H. Williams to Fred Hendrickson, part of section 9, township 15 south, range 23 east; $10.

REV. A. P. BROWN SPEAKS AT Y. M. C. A. TODAY

This afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. Rev. A. P. Brown, of the First Baptist church, will speak on the subject of "The Bearing of the Recent Election on Temperance Reform." Rev. Brown, who is a very interesting speaker, will bring out some tatisfics in his address that will be of interest to all men.

Besides the address there will be special sacred music rendered by the Mandolin club of the Y. M. C. A., vocal music and congregational singing led by Harry C. Kinnee.

Let no food impair the powers of the stomach. Eat

DR PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

which is the most perfect food for the brain workers, clergymen, lawyers, merchants, growing children, and the muscle working classes.

10 cents a package.

For sale by all Grocers

YOUR GRAY HAIR NOT WANTED Grey Hair is a Bar to Employment and to Pleasure

But there is relief from it. In Four Days it can be Restored To Its Natural Color by using

Mrs. Nettie Harrison's 4-Day Hair Restorer

It is not a dye, but in a natural way it acts on the roots, compelling the secretion of the pigments that give life and color to the hair—in four days—at a bottle, at all druggists.

If you have any defects of skin, scalp or general health, write me. Correspondence Solicited.

Mrs. NETTIE HARRISON, Dermatologist
140 Geary St., San Francisco
13 West 27th St., New York City
Laboratory, Menlo Park, Cal.
For sale by Baker & Colson, druggists.

Almost every day we receive some new commendation from wearers of "BISIGHT" lenses. You know the "BISIGHT" is the only bifocal lens having no cement because it is the only bifocal lens ground to fit the eye for all purposes.

No need to have two pairs of glasses; no need to wear lenses ground in two or three pieces and then cemented together, to blister when the heated season comes on.

"Bisight" lenses eliminate all the objectionable features, because "Bisight" lenses are the latest product of optical science and skill. We can fit you perfectly. We guarantee it or your money back. Can we offer fairer?

J. M. CRAWFORD & CO.
OPTICIANS.
1123 J St. Fisk Block.

Fiber Carpets 55c Cents

Per Yard at

EMPORIUM FURNITURE CO.

Sewed, Laid and Lined.

EXPERTS FOR MEN

Specialist. Chronic diseases.

My secret of success briefly is, I give every patient my personal attention. What others fail to do I accomplish. No tiresome delay. No dangerous dragging. No unnecessary drugging. I cure every form of MEN'S DISEASES by methods direct, specific, successful. ADVICE FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL. Call or write. Rooms elaborately fitted for relief and cure of all genito—urinary and rectal ills.

Fees to suit patient's convenience. References to persons cured by the Hoff system. Office open all day. Evenings 7-8. Sundays, 10-2.

DR. HOFF CO.
2011 Mariposa St. - - - - Fresno

FRANK REEDY

Reliable Harness, Saddles and Repairing.

849 I STREET.

One block south of Hughes Hotel.

Phone Main 2486.

People's Feed And Wood Yard

W. W STANFORTH, Prop

Wood, Blocks, Hay and Grain
Corner F and Mono Streets.
Telephone Main 508

You Get More

for your money in Wall Paper, Painting or Tinting than any other house in Fresno. Call on C. E. TRODEUR, 2226 Tulare Street. Tel. Main 2284.

SWITCHES. **SWITCHES.**

Mrs. A. W. McKittrick, manufacturer of human hair goods, switches, pompadours, curls, puffs, etc. Have your combings made up. Dyeing, bleaching, wigs for rent.

Prompt attention to mail orders.
1452 I ST. - - - - - - - Main 2364.

SPRAYING

Call in and see the Niagara Gas Spraying Machine.

No pumps to wear out, therefore no hard work. Saves one man, gives a steady pressure and costs less than any other power sprayer.

Fresno Agricultural Works

FRESNO CAL.

Advertisers Use THE REPUBLICAN

CLOVIS

Rev. John H. Best and wife and Mrs. Shallaut arrived at the Hoblitt on Wednesday to look over their land holdings in this vicinity.

Miss Maud McCallum has returned to her old home in Sheboygan, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hoblitt have moved into their cottage on the corner of Third street and Woodworth avenue.

The next meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be with Mrs. Kerr at Deering. A program is being prepared.

The Women of Woodcraft elected officers at their regular meeting Tuesday evening. Two new members were initiated. Refreshments were served.

Fresnans registering at the Hoblitt this week are: Mr. and Mrs. E. Van Vleet, H. R. Worthington, George H. Wilson, W. J. Butler, J. C. Morgan, R. W. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Bernhard, George Stamos, James Kteriz, C. York, H. Upton, Charles Tengue, W. Kuhrman, F. W. McCormack, J. L. Favors, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Walsh. Other out-of-town people visiting Clovis this week included: Rev. J. H. Best and wife, Mrs. Shallaut, Los Angeles; S. E. Glasgow and wife, L. G. Brown, San Francisco; A. S. McQuinstan, Fowler; George McNab, Temperance Colony; W. F. Rudy, Lone Star; H. W. Hardwick, Mrs. A. C. Merritt, Mrs. F. G. Philbrick, Copper King; Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Brown, Fresno copper miner.

An informal musical at the home of Mrs. J. C. Hoblitt on Thursday afternoon was a pleasant affair. Mrs. Shallaut of Los Angeles, a vocal artist of great ability, and Miss Blanche Lewis furnished the numbers on the program.

Clovis, November 23, 1906.

Raided Anarchist Arsenals.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 24.—The police today began a general search of the Okhta quarter of this city, where two revolutionary arsenals were recently discovered and a wholesale seizure of bombs, explosives and weapons was made and many persons arrested.

Cable's Latest Romance.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—George W. Cable, the novelist, and Miss Eva A. Nichols of Lexington were married here today.

Scott & Maltry, printers, phone Main 2646, 833 I street.

Sale Monday $35, $40, $45 Sample Suits For $25.00, Alterations Extra

There are fifteen suits in all. Sale will start at 9:30 A. M. Monday. They are travelers' samples—mostly one of a kind. We will describe a few to give you an idea what they are like. To begin with you know the quality of broadcloth in the usual $25.00 suits. Now these are made of the very fine chiffon broadcloth, in fact the same grade that is used in suits up to $50.00. We offer them Monday at $25.00.

A handsome fitted jacket suit, trimmed in rich silk braid; trimmed skirt. The broadcloth has the lustre of silk.

A beautiful French Pony suit of navy broadcloth; jacket comes a little below the hips; graceful curves at waist; outlined and trimmed in the finest black silk braid; cuffs and collar edged with nile and cerise velvet.

Another is a neat eton; strictly tailored with just enough braid trimming and ornaments to give it tone.

Another eton of broadcloth is beautifully embroidered trimmed in rich metal buttons.

Monday Sale $8.00 New Plaid Waists $5.95

Saturday express arrivals. We want to tell you that they are made of the identical same quality and designs silk that we have seen in $10.00 waists. They are really beautiful plaids, rich colorings and such as you would consider reasonable at $8.00. We offer them Monday at $5.95. The fronts have 67 tucks in cluster of 4 and 14 tucks in a cluster. 1-4 inch and 1-16 of an inch tucks. The fine tucks are stitched so that they produce beautiful V shaped invisible plaids.

THE WONDER

Cloak and Suit House

If You Look as if You Did Not Get Enough to Eat—

feel languid, your food, though perhaps of the best, seems to do you no good, don't dose yourself with medicine unadvisedly. See us about your teeth. The trouble may be owing to their inability to do their work. If you only see us in time we can in many cases fix your teeth without having to remove them.

DR. G. W. FREE, The Dentist

Bradly Block Cor. J and Mariposa St.

CROWN, BRIDGE AND PLATE WORK A SPECIALTY.

GRAPE STAKES

Buy them of the

C. S. Pierce Lumber Co.

Mariposa and H Streets.

They handle the best coast redwood stakes and quote the lowest possible prices.

ADVERTISERS USE THE REPUBLICAN

KINGSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Loomis were in Fresno Tuesday.

R. D. Adams, who has been here for a few days visiting relatives, has gone to Point Richmond to work in the Santa Fe yards as ostler.

Mrs. C. J. Peakes and son went to Berkeley Sunday to visit relatives.

C. E. Davidson, who has been in ill health for some time, died Tuesday morning. Interment took place Thursday afternoon in the Kingsburg cemetery.

Through the efforts of the ladies of the Kingsburg cemetery association a new well and windmill are among the latest improvements in the cemetery.

P. T. Lowrey has gone to Bakersfield to work in the oil fields.

Axel Johnson has been appointed deputy by Tax Collector-elect A. B. Smith and he will resign his position with the R. B. Clark company about December 1st.

The W. O. W. will give a mask ball in Fraternal hall Thanksgiving night. Many prizes will be given and a general good time is assured.

At the regular meeting of Diamond Leaf Camp, W. O. W., the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: P. C. C. L. Wilton; C. C. H. L. Bishop; banker, C. J. Clarke; clerk, A. B. Loomis, escort, C. J. Nelson; watchman, F. E. Knight; manager, L. Morris.

L. Wilton and C. J. Clarke are to have electric motors installed in their shops.

The I. O. F. band will give a concert December 6th and the Kingsburg band and orchestra are to give one on the 27th inst.

Kingsburg, November 23, 1906.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to tender our thanks for the kindly expression of sympathy to us and kindly tribute paid by our many friends and the lodges during our late bereavement by the death of our husband and father.

MRS. VANDERLIP AND DAUGTER

Notice.

After today, Nov. 23, '06, I am not responsible for any bills contracted by Mrs. Frank Caraskaddon. Frank Caraskaddon.

Dyspepsia and Constipation

Can be cured with Luxo Black Pepsin, which is nature's remedy. Price, 50c, only at Smith Bros.' Drug Store.

Prescriptions

Accurate work, correct prices, at Baker & Colson's.

GIRL RELEASED ON FLOATER

Must Spend Six Months in Jail If Not Good.

Miscellaneous Minor Cases Brought Before Police Court Yesterday Morning.

Annie Crawford, one of the three young women who were arrested last Friday night for leading a dissolute life, was sentenced to 180 days in the county jail by Judge Briggs yesterday afternoon and the commitment was withheld upon the promise of the girl's father that she would reform her ways. The girl appeared in the police court with a braggadocio air, but cowed down when she saw that Judge Briggs meant business.

Helen Davis and Allie Parsons, the girls arrested with her, pleaded not guilty to the charge of vagrancy and went back to jail in default of $250 bail. They assumed a defiant attitude toward the court and stated that they would never plead guilty to a charge of vagrancy. Mrs. Hunt of the Salvation army has interested herself in the girls, and it is possible that she will be allowed to care for them. She is looking for places for them that will enable the young girls to forget their dissolute past.

Albert Gesner, arrested by Officer Bradley, pleaded guilty to a charge of vagrancy before Judge Briggs yesterday morning and was sent to jail for ten days.

Tom Mattnews, who was arrested Friday night by Officers McCall and Kennedy for disturbing the peace, paid a fine of $10.

Jose Machan, who was caught by Officer Fair trying to steal a ride on the Santa Fe, was given ten days in the county jail.

A Jap, who refused to give his name, was arrested yesterday morning by Officer Drenth and booked as John Doe, charged with drunkenness. When he appeared before Judge Briggs he said that his name was T. Hirai and paid a fine of $10.

CENTERVILLE JOTTINGS

Workman Engaged in Repairing Storm Damage to the Big Concrete Dam.

A force of about forty men under the supervision of I. Teilman, engineer of the Fresno Canal and Irrigation company and the Consolidated Ditch company, have been at work for the past five weeks repairing the big concrete dam across Kings river above Centerville at a cost of $7,000. Last spring 185 feet were carried away by the high water.

The floor of the dam has now been put down to bedrock, eight feet deeper than before, and the work has been done by day wages instead of by contract, as before.

Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Rock gave a pleasant little dinner last week in honor of Mr. Rock's daughter, Mrs. M. A. Hurlburt, on the occasion of her birthday. The table was decorated with a centerpiece of chrysanthemums. It was entirely a family party. Those present with Mr. and Mrs. Rock were: Mr. M. A. Hurlburt and daughter Daisy of Grand Valley, Col., Mrs. Nettie Rock of Applegate, Ore., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rock and son Carl, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Rock and children, Pearl, Muriel and Doris.

Quite an interest is manifested in the Centerville Literary society, which was organized a few weeks ago, and at its meeting Thursday evening there was a good debate on the question, "Resolved, that corporations are a benefit to the United States." An interesting program followed the debate.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Young left yesterday for Seattle, Wash, where their son Fred is at the hospital, very low with typhoid fever.

The friends and neighbors of the late Lawrence Pollard were very sorry to learn of his death, which occurred at his new home near Fowler last Thursday morning.

On last monday evening the many friends and neighbors of Captain and Mrs. T. Yost gathered at their pleasant little home to give them a farewell surprise party. They were most cordially received by Mr. and Mrs. Yost, who were truly surprised. Games were played and all had a fine time. Delicious refreshments which the good cooks of Centerville had prepared, were served at a late hour. One attractive feature was the large red apples used as decoration on the tables.

Captain and Mrs. Yost have rented their ranch and expect to leave soon for San Francisco, San Jose, Los Angeles and other points south.

Chauncey T. Hare and his cousin, Ga'l B. Hare, went to Fresno this morning over the Southern Pacific to spend a few days with relatives.

Mrs. M. A. Hurlburt and daughter Daisy left this morning for their home in Grand Valley, Col.

T. C. Douglas returned home last week from an extended visit to old friends and relatives in Texas.

The Rev. McConnell, an evangelist and quite an able speaker, held meetings here during the past week.

Centerville, November 24, 1906.

COULD NOT LIVE WITH HUSBAND

Domestic Troubles of Caskardens' Aired in Justice Court.

The domestic troubles of Mrs. Caskarden and her husband reached the police court yesterday morning when Homer Katz of Redlick Brothers' swore out a warrant charging the woman with obtaining goods under false pretenses.

Frank Caskarden is an employe of the Dexter stables and he and his wife had a quarrel Friday night. Mrs. Caskarden says that her husband attempted to choke her. She declared the next morning that she would no longer live with him and said that she was going to Los Angeles.

Thereupon Caskarden went to Redlick Brothers' and told Katz that his wife was going to run away and leave unpaid a bill of $38 for groceries. Without investigating the case, Katz swore out a warrant for the woman's arrest. When she appeared before Judge Smith she told her story and it was decided to let her go.

Dr. A. L. Hunt

Has the latest and most successful methods of treatment for all diseases. Free examination. Office over Holland's.

TWO THANKSGIVING SUNDAY CONCERTS

Special Musical Programs at Presbyterian and Congregational Churches.

A sacred concert by a woman's choir will be given at the First Presbyterian church at 7:30 o'clock this evening. An excellent musical program has been prepared, of which the following are numbers:

Prelude in A flat ..... Forrester
Processional hymn No. 46.
Choir, "No Evil Shall Befall Thee" ..... from Costa's "Eli"
Responsive Reading.
Trio, "Lift Thine Eyes" ..... Mendelssohn
Mrs. D. P. Riggs, Mrs. A. G. Wahlberg and Mrs. F. H. Connelly.
Prayer.
Choir, Psalm XXIII ..... Schubert
Congregation and choir, Hymn No. 584.
Announcements.
Offertory solo, "Prayer" ..... Luzzi
Mrs. Don Pardee Riggs.
Sermon, "Present Day Honesty or Modern Graft" ..... Dr. Boyd
Choir, "Peace I Leave With You" ..... From Trowbridge's "Emmanuel"
Congregation and choir, Hymn No. 16.
Benediction.
Postlude in F ..... Cappelen

The members of the choir are as follows: Director, Arthur G. Wahlberg; soloist, Mrs. Don Pardee Riggs; first sopranos, Mrs. J. N. Bostick, Mrs. C. T. Cearley, Miss Anna Mrowzinski, Mrs. L. R. Payne, Miss Hazel Robb and Mrs. A. G. Wahlberg; second sopranos, Miss C. Lulu Gilbert, Miss Meta Hume, Miss Abbe Roberts, Miss Marie E. Schaeffer and Mrs. W. A. Sutherland; first altos, Miss Margaret W. Baird, Mrs. H. C. Eccleston, Miss Mabel McDonald, Mrs. J. E. Trowbitt and Mrs. G. L. Warlow; second altos, Mrs. J. L. Beall, Mrs. D. A. Cashin, Mrs. F. H. Connelly, Mrs. E. J. Crawford, Mrs. W. P. Elder, Miss Minnie B. Marshall and Miss Kate Parsons; organist, Mrs. D. C. Leonard.

Congregational Program.

A Thanksgiving program is to be rendered this evening at the First Congregational church. A special musical program will be rendered with the choir, as follows: Sopranos, Misses Kimball, Maud Hohmann, Grace Storer, Edith Frisbee and Mrs. G. M. Williams; altos, Misses Gertrude Freitag, Mary Walcott and Ella Alsip; tenors, B. E. Crookite and A. S. Perkins; bassos, William Bowen, Mr. Chamberlain and H. C. Smith; organist, Mrs. Henry Hawson; choir leader, H. S. LeCompte.

The program will be as follows:

Service Prelude.
Doxology and Invocation.
Anthem, "Glory and Honor" ..... Gounod
The Psalter—Selection 37.
Solo and chorus, "Give Thanks and Sing" ..... Faure
Scripture Lesson.
Anthem, "Praise the Lord" ..... Hull
Prayer.
Solo and chorus, "Hear Our Prayer" ..... Raff
Recitation, "Her Thanksgiving-Day Sermon," Irene Johnson.
Offertory, "Face to Face" ..... Johnson
Miss Hohmann.
Hymn 364, "Praise, My Soul, the King of Heaven."
"Thanksgiving," Rev. C. N. Queen.
Hymn 363, "Come, Ye Thankful People, Come."
Benediction.

NEWS OF VISALIA.

The Brown Ranch East of Town to Be Sold in Small Tracts.

VISALIA, Nov. 24.—One of the most important land sales that have been consummated in this vicinity in years, was the purchase this afternoon of Messrs. Dudley and Martin of the S. C. Brown ranch just east of this city, consisting of 240 acres. The purchasers will sub-divide the tract into 10 and 20 acre tracts and place them on the market. The Brown ranch was one of the several large holdings near this city and its sub-division will mark an era in the prosperity and growth of the city.

T. Baca, the Mexican who picked the pockets of a man named Oliver in the Maine saloon several weeks ago, pleaded guilty before Judge Wallace this morning to a charge of grand larceny and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in San Quentin. Baca was also charged with burglary in having entered a room in a lodging house the morning following the saloon episode and extracted money from the pockets of a sleeper. A confession was not secured from him, however, on that count.

Rev. J. R. Teel of Eureka has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Christian church in this city and will arrive to assume his new duties about the first of the month. Rev. Teel recently delivered several addresses in Visalia and is an interesting and entertaining speaker.

A marriage license was issued this afternoon to Frank Clement, a native of New York, aged 23 years, of Visalia and Mattie Jones, a native of Iowa, 19, of Hanford.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ashton have returned from Canada, where they had been for some time.

A. Benson left this morning on the Southern Pacific en route to Gothenberg, Sweden.

Mrs. J. F. Gibson and sister, Mrs. W. D. Cornelius, have gone to Chicago on an extended visit.

BRANDY THIEF HAD CONFEDERATES

Officers Suspect Gang of Three of Several Crimes.

Ed West, who was jailed Friday afternoon by Officers McSwain and Pulcston and charged with the theft of a half barrel of brandy from the Calwa winery, which he was attempting to sell at the Railroad Exchange when arrested, had two confederates and the three are implicated in several other thefts of which the police have been notified within the last few days.

Friday morning a horse and wagon was missing from the stable of Louis Einstein & Company and it appears that this rig was taken by West and his two confederates and that it was intended to haul away the brandy.

After West was arrested, the officers thought that he might have some confederates and a picket was stationed near the winery that night to watch developments. After dark, two men arrived and whistled but on receiving no response whistled again. One of the pickets stepped out in the moonlight and the men took to their heels. The wagon was recovered and found to be the wagon which had been stolen from Einstein & Company's stables. It seems that West had agreed to meet the men at the rendezvous and then half became greedy and attempted to sell the brandy. The brandy was found in the bushes near the wagon.

Change of Location.

G. J. Ness has moved his real estate office with Knight & Ewing Co., 1119 J St.

CATARRH BLOOD DISEASED AND SYSTEM DISORDERED

Catarrh is not merely an inflammation of the tissues of the head and throat, as the symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, continual hawking and spitting, etc., would seem to indicate; it is a blood disease in which the entire circulation and the greater part of the system are involved. Catarrh is due to the presence of an excess of uric acid in the blood. The Liver, Kidneys and Bowels frequently become torpid and dull in their action and instead of carrying off the refuse and waste of the body, leave it to sour and form uric acid in the system. This is taken up by the blood and through its circulation distributed to all parts of the system. These impurities in the blood irritate and inflame the different membranes and tissues of the body, and the contracting of a cold will start the secretions and other disgusting and disagreeable symptoms of Catarrh. As the blood goes to all parts of the body the catarrhal poison affects all parts of the system. The head has a tight, full feeling, nose continually stopped up, pains above the eyes, slight fever comes and goes, the stomach is upset and the entire system disordered and affected by this disease. It is a waste of time to try to cure Catarrh with sprays, washes, inhalations, etc. Such treatment does not reach the blood, and can, therefore, do nothing more than temporarily relieve the discomfort of the trouble. To cure Catarrh permanently the blood must be thoroughly purified and the system cleansed of all poisons, and at the same time strengthened and built up. Nothing equals S. S. S. for this purpose. It attacks the disease at its head, goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and makes a complete and lasting cure. S. S. S. removes every particle of the catarrhal poison from the blood, making this vital stream pure, fresh and healthy. Then the inflamed membranes begin to heal, the head is loosened and cleared, the hawking and spitting cease, every symptom disappears, the constitution is built up and vigorous health restored. S. S. S. also tones up the stomach and digestion and acts as a fine tonic to the entire system. If you are suffering with Catarrh begin the use of S. S. S. and write us a statement of your case and our physicians will send you literature about Catarrh, and give you special medical advice without charge. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores.

I had Catarrh for about fifteen years, and no man could have been worse. I tried everything I could hear of, but no good resulted. I then began S. S. S., and could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and after taking it a short while was cured. This was six years ago, and I am as well today as any man. I think Catarrh is a blood disease, and know there is nothing on earth better for the blood than S. S. S. Nobody thinks more of S. S. S. than I do. M. MATSON, Lepper, Mich.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CURTAZ PIANO SPECIALS

Seven Bargains in GOOD PIANOS

Valley Gem Square Piano ... $35.00
Fine for practicing.

Rogers & Bacon Upright ... $105.00
Large size. Good condition.

Haines Upright ... $185.00
Mahogany case. A snap.

Ludwig Upright ... $283.00
Fancy case. Cannot be told from new.

Sterling ... $310.00
Late style. Mahogany case.

Chickering ... $455.00
Used 3 months. Regular $550.00 style.

Interior Piano Player ... $575.00
A wonderful bargain.
Cash or installments.

BENJ. CURTAZ & SON
1016 J Street.

HAY, DAIRY FARMS, ALFALFA FOR RENT--Pasturage for Cattle

We Have 4,000 Acres in Alfalfa

Kearney Vineyard Co. Phone Main 1351 Fresno, Cal.

NEW EFFECTS FOR AUTUMN in elegant jewelry are now in demand. At no other establishment can you find such satisfying and artistic designs in pendants, brooches, chains, hair ornaments, bracelets, rings, etc. We use every endeavor to have the most novel ideas in these articles.

M. SAIER

Fortunes in Rubber Culture

Let us tell you how you may own and operate a RUBBER PLANTATION in TROPICAL MEXICO with great profit and ABSOLUTE SAFETY without your personal supervision.

LET US TELL YOU how a handsome yearly income for life can be secured on small monthly payments.

The demand for Rubber can never be fully supplied.

The man or woman who owns a few acres in our CO-OPERATIVE RUBBER PLANTATION need have no fear nor anxiety for after years. YOU ARE SAFE ABSOLUTELY AND CERTAINLY.

Let us give or mail you the reports of prominent vineyardists of Fresno, who have lately visited our property, also "MONEY MAKING OPPORTUNITIES OF MEXICO," which fully describes our plans and contains many beautiful tropical scenes.

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Surgical, Dental and Veterinary

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F. E. TWINING, 1945 Tulare St., Fresno, Cal.

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CHESTER H. ROWELL, Editor and Manager

SLIPSHOD METHODS.

It still remains to be seen how much of Supervisor Burleigh's flood of bills is legal, and the grand jury will find out, if it can, whether any of them are fraudulent. But, pending these discoveries, it is already evident that the system under which these bills are presented is inexcusably slipshod. Most of these bills are for alleged road work, and are presented in the names of the men who claim to have done this work. There is no specification when or where the work was done or how much of it, at what rate, and there is no check or certification from anybody to show that the work was done at all. Supervisor Burleigh does not claim to know whether these men did the work, and very many of the bills have nothing on them to show whether his roadmasters knew of it. The system provides absolutely no check against mistakes, fraud or imposition, or any means of tracing these if they happened. There is no business employing a large number of men by the day but has a timekeeper or some check system, to show just what work each man has done, and how much he should receive for it. What would we think of a packing house which instructed its cashier to pay, once a month, all persons claiming to have been employed whatever amount they claimed to have earned? How soon would Sam Tombs go broke on his sewer contract if, he sat in the courthouse, instructed his foreman to hire men, and then paid the bills of whoever came to him, for whatever amount they asked for, without even a note from the foreman that the work had been done? Any one who should run his own business in this way would go bankrupt by the second pay day, unless he were declared incompetent and had a guardian appointed before. Yet this, evidently, is just the way the county business is being run. The worst offender, of course, is Burleigh, and his scandalous effort to buy the election by spending all his road fund and more, the month before election, would be disgraceful enough if it were all done under the exact forms of law and business. But we can not conceive that the other supervisors, none of whom want to pay any more of these bills than they can help, would have passed even a single one of the untemized and uncertified bills, unless they had at some time presented similar bills themselves. Evidently the system, in some degree, vitiates all the road districts and all the business of the county. If it [illegible] is as good a time as any to put an end to it.

WHERE WILL THEY LEARN IT?

Speaking before a teachers' meeting in Chico last week on the subject of child labor, Labor Commissioner Stafford referred to the need of "idealism" in home training to counteract the commercialism of the training the child would get in his work. This need goes much further than the question of child labor, and applies to school education quite as much as to home training. In business, in politics, in all affairs and relations of life, "idea" is the essential motive force. Business requires for its conduct more idealism than business can teach. There is need of more idealism in politics than politics can possibly teach. Labor requires higher ideals of faithful service and loyalty to a responsibility than labor alone can teach. For, in the practical operation of any institution, the practical side is always uppermost and most visible. The underlying ideals may be there, but they do not immediately appear. The young man who serves his apprenticeship in practical politics serves an apprenticeship in the art of winning elections. That is the whole of practical politics, and the man whose whole training is practical may not even realize that there is anything else for whose sake all this practical machinery exists. Patriotism, public spirit, individual and group convictions, all these may be exercised in practical politics, but they are not learned there. So in business. The practical apprentice is not at the heart of things, but stationed at the outer edge, where all the sordid contacts are. If he gets all his standards from those contacts, he will never rise to the ideals even of his own business. The newspaper reporter, on the outer firing line, extorting news from people who do not want it published, is frequently too hardened to true ideals of newspaper responsibility ever to reach a position where he would have an opportunity to exercise them. And the workman, who knows of his work nothing but the motions he goes through and the wages he gets for them, is likely to remain a very poor workman all his life, and to be a leading preacher of the doctrine that it is more profitable to draw two dollars a day for a dollar's worth of work than to draw four dollars a day for five dollars' worth of work. In all these relations of life, ideals are required which the work itself does not furnish.

The best training is a good father and a good mother. No man with a patriotic, public spirited father ever sinks into political graft without at least realizing that he is doing wrong. No man with a pure, high-minded mother ever wallows in vice without at least a standard with which to contrast his degradation. The boy who learns at home to feel a certain humiliation in the possession of marbles he did not pay for, but won "for keeps" is not likely ever to become a gambler. Home is the place to learn to be ashamed instead of proud of an advantage not fairly gained. A father who is prouder of the fact that his services are valuable than of the high wages he gets for them is likely to have a son who is paying high wages to others, and knows how to inspire them to faithful service. In the home, the boy learns that it is not smart, but contemptible, to overreach your neighbor; that labor has duties as well as rights; that the man who robs the public or shirks a public responsibility is a traitor; that self-respecting sobriety is better than drunken good-fellowship; that the honor of man is precious and the purity of woman sacred. He does not learn these things from the business sharper, the labor agitator, the political heeler, the barkeeper or the rounder. And since he is going to be much in contact with these latter influences, and needs some of them to sharpen his wits and teach him practical skill, he needs the home training also, lest he become smart and not wise.

But the schools ought also to furnish something of this training. They teach history; they should inspire patriotism. They encourage sports; they should teach fair play. They stimulate emulation; they should inculcate honor. They are places of labor and discipline; it should be the discipline of self-control and the labor of honest duty. They impart knowledge; they should also infuse ideals. Every American public school boy ought to learn to despise the sneak, the cheat, the shirk, and the foul-mouthed, foul-minded degenerate. He is not too young, at fourteen, when his compulsory education ends, to know that his obligation to the right is paramount to his obligation to a friend; that public duties are more important than personal ones; that graft is a worse crime than burglary and political indifference a worse vice than personal laziness. These things are "idealism." They will be much sneered at on the street, and at the caucus. Unless they are inculcated, in the home and in the school, until they are firm enough to resist even sneers, the keenest weapon of youth, our people will not have virtue enough to maintain their own institutions intact. We need never fear that we will lack for smartness. Our only risk is the waning of that "idealism" which it is so smart to despise.

ALIMONY TROUBLES THIS SUPERVISOR

W. W. Sanderson of San Francisco Is Ill and Worried in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 24.—The condition of W. W. Sanderson, supervisor of the county of San Francisco and chairman of the police commission of that body, who is ill in this city, is stated today by Dr. J. H. Davidson, the attending physician, to be very grave, requiring an immediate change of climate and a long period of rest.

Sanderson denies that he is involved in the municipal scandals of the northern city or that his departure from San Francisco is in any way connected with the present grand jury investigation. Mrs. Sanderson has gone to San Francisco and will attempt, it is stated, to dissuade a former wife of Sanderson from prosecuting her claim for alimony. When his wife returns to this city, Sanderson will go to Arizona.

CRACKSMEN WORKED HARD FOR SMALL SUM

Rolled Heavy Safe Two Blocks and a Half and Secured $300.

PORTLAND, Or., Nov. 24.—News reached here today from Ridgefield, Washington, that a trio of crackmen crawled through a window of Blackburn & Burrow's general store there early yesterday morning, unlocked the door, rolled a 700-pound safe two blocks and a half down the streets into a cut, punched off the combination, blew the safe open with luck powder and got safely away with $300 in cash. The firm's papers were left intact.

READING RAILROAD REFUSED TO CONCEDE DAY OF TEN HOURS

READING, Pa., Nov. 24.—The Reading Railroad Company rejected the demand of the trainmen for a ten-hour day. The men were told that the company had granted them substantial increases in wages and made a number of other concessions, and in view of this fact nothing further could be expected for the present. The class of men affected are employed in the freight and coal train service. They number several thousand.

MAYOR SCHMITZ WIFE, HERBERT SCHMITZ AND GEORGE KEANE, EN ROUTE

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz of San Francisco left for that city today. He was accompanied by Mrs. Schmitz, his brother Herbert and Secretary Keane of the San Francisco board of supervisors. There was no incident of note in connection with his departure from the Waldorf-Astoria, where he had remained over night. He refused to discuss the indictments found against him further than to reassert his innocence of the charges preferred.

LEWIS EMORY, JR., WITHDREW HIS CHARGES AGAINST STATE SENATOR

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—Lewis Emory, Jr., of Bradford, candidate for governor on the Fusion ticket in the recent campaign, who was sued by State Senator J. P. McNicol for charging him with bribery in connection with the election of a speaker of the state house of representatives in 1901, today publicly retracted his statement. In consequence, the suit against Emory was promptly withdrawn.

Five Children Drowned.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—Five children, scholars of St. Paul's college, were drowned near here yesterday.

25c Sheet Music, 19c.

$10 Silk Underskirt, $8.98

For a Monday special we offer a beautiful silk underskirt, made of guaranteed rustling taffeta for $8.98. Cut very full with a deep flounce and has a silk dust ruffle.

It's the best silk skirt that we have found in all the years that we have been selling them.

Regular price $10.
Special Monday $8.98.

$10 Plaid Skirts, $8.65

We have recently received a nice line of Shadow Plaid skirts in a very pretty range of patterns.

Women who know tell us they have seen skirts not as good as these priced about town at $10, but we bought them for less and so you share in our under buying.

Regular price, $10.
Special price, Monday, $8.65

Thanksgiving Table Linens

can be bought here at special prices. As the great event is but four days away, its a good idea to get your linen supplies tomorrow.

Remember all linens bought here now are hemmed absolutely free of charge.

Open a Credit Account

here and take advantage of all the money saving opportunities. You'll find it a great convenience and one you can't well afford to be without.

Xmas Gift Tickets

are given here with every 10c purchase. Do all your buying here, for the more tickets you have, the more Xmas gifts you will be able to get free.

Wilson Air Tight Heaters, $6.75

Buy one.

You'll like this stove better than any other you could buy. For it consumes a small amount of fuel, yet throws out an immense lot of heat.

KUTNER-GOLDSTEIN CO.
THE HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

Wilson Heaters, $6.75.

Warm Comforters

Don't suffer from cold these winter nights because of the lack of bed covers—come down and get your supplies here. We've a fine assortment of the best comforters in the market and are selling them at prices that are within reach of all.

For instance:

Comforters, $1.25

Full size comforters, nicely covered with pretty silkoline; tufted; cotton filled.

Priced at $1.25.

Comforters, $2.50

Fine, heavy comforter; sateen covered; quilted; full size; splendid quality for the money.

Priced at $2.50.

Blankets, $6.50

Gray wool blankets; double bed size; excellent quality; heavy and warm.

Priced at $6.50.

Stylish Neckwear, 25c

No one can have too many little fancy collars. They're worn very extensively this season and always give your costume a neat appearance.

We've a fine assortment of neckwear in embroidery, plaid, white, cream, ecru and black, that we want every lady in Fresno to see. They're selling very fast and that means you should buy what you want right away.

Kutner-Goldstein Co.

Men's Dress Suits and Accessories

This store is headquarters for men's wearables for dress occasions.

Full Dress Suits, $35 to $50.
Tuxedo Suits, $35 to $50.
Dress Shirts, $1.50 to $2.50.
Ties, 50c to $1.
Studs, 75c to $1.50.
Buttons, $1 to $2.
Dress Suspenders, 50c to $1.50.
Dress Shoes, $4 and $5.

Styles are absolutely correct—see the window display.

Talking Machines Free!

Best Umbrellas Here

From 75c up to any price you care to pay you'll find our umbrella values superior to all others.

Better get yours today!

Swiss Bretelles

A distinct fall novelty.

They are to be seen in colored silks, plaids and velvets—they fit right over your lawn waist and combine belt and waist all in one.

As they have just arrived from our New York office, you will find them only at this store.

See them at the Notion Counter.

Krinkledown, 60c Yard

A new eiderdown, with a patented finish wool; useable for wrappers, kimonos, etc.; in all the good shades.

60c yard.

Wear Munsing Underwear

Cold weather is here to stay now so don't neglect your winter underwear needs.

Buy Musing underwear and you'll have the best. It's celebrated the world over for its goodness and is always satisfactory.

Comes in prices that permit the buying of large supplies.

Another Big Suit Sale For Monday!

More Bargains From Our New York Buyer.

Our buyer has been picking up fine bargains during the past few weeks. He states that makers have so many cancelled orders left on their hands, because mills were so slow in delivering piece goods that often the finest garments can be had now for half price and less. Being on the spot, his mission for us is to get hold of these snaps and express us as many as we can use for our special sales.

So Monday we place on sale thirty new, finely made suits ranging in values at $22.50, $25, $27.50 and $30 for

$16.00

We make our regular profit at this price, the maker pockets the loss, you are the gainer, because if we bought them in the regular way prices would have to be as valued above.

Ribbon Bows Tied Free!

Lehnhardt Candies, 50c

The most delicious candy made—and known all over for its goodness.

Comes in a large assortment of flavors and in a big variety of chocolates.

Take home a box the next time you're down town.

You'll enjoy it

35c Plaid Ribbons, 25c

Plaid silk ribbons are considered very stylish now and are very fashionable for hats, the neck and the belt.

We've an unusually pretty assortment of fine plaid silk ribbons in a beautiful combination of colors; 4 1-2 inches wide.

Regular price, 35c.
Special price, 25c.

Fashionable Laces

Very few stylish dresses were planned this season without using laces as trimmings. Laces are deemed "the trimming" this season and give all gowns and dresses a most Frenchy and chic effect.

The Oriental, Irish Point and the Renaissance laces are the most suitable for waists and yokes.

Prices range from $1 to $12.50.

Plaid Silk Belts, 50c

Very pretty—and stylish.

Made with dip front and buckle in back. Give the figure a very fashionable effect and are worn extensively in the East.

Priced at only 50c.

Music, 19c

Why buy your music at music stores when you have to pay more for it? Get it at Kutners and you'll soon find you can afford to have more music because it's cheaper.

A few hints of what you can find here.

"Tickled to Death."
"Happy Heine."
"Take Me on the Rollers."
"Why Don't You Try."
"Wait Till the Sun Shines, Nellie."
"Shoulder Arms."
"Chicken Charlie."
"Yankee Doodle Boy."

CONTROLLER APPOINTMENT

Can Governor Pardee Appoint for Four Years?

Sacramento "Layman" Writes Like a Lawyer to Prove He Cannot.

The question whether Governor Pardee has the right to appoint a state controller to fill the four-year term to which the late E. P. Colgan was elected on November 6th is causing much discussion at the state capital. One contribution to the controversy is the following letter published by the Sacramento Union from "A Layman:"

Editor Union: There seems to be considerable discussion in the local press just now as to whether Governor Pardee has the power under the law to appoint a successor to the late Controller Colgan for both the unexpired term of the deceased and the full term for which he was elected on the 6th instant. In all this discussion there seems to be a strained effort to discover authority for the exercise of such power on the part of the governor, but to one who is simply a layman the contention appears entirely without basis.

Of course, no one questions the present governor's authority to appoint a successor to Controller Colgan for the present unexpired term, which terminates on the first Monday after the first day in January, 1907, but on that same day, and coincident therewith, the term of the present governor also expires, as will be seen by section 2 of Article V of the constitution, which reads:

"Sec. 2—The governor shall be elected by the qualified electors at the time and places of voting for members of the assembly, and shall hold his office four years from and after the first Monday after the first day of January subsequent to his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified."

And section 17 of the same article says:

"Sec. 17—A secretary of state, a controller and a surveyor-general shall be elected the same time and places, and in the same manner as the governor and lieutenant, and their terms of office shall be the same as that of the governor."

That is to say, in the plainest terms possible, that the term of the governor and the term of the controller begin and end exactly at the same time. Now, if this be the case (and the constitution says that it is) it is entirely beyond the power of Governor Pardee to fill a vacancy by appointment that does not officially transpire until after his own term of office has expired.

On this point the Supreme court has distinctly held in People vs. Ward, 107th Cal., where the retiring board of supervisors of San Diego county attempted to fill a vacancy that occurred in the office of district attorney coincident with the incoming of the new board, that the board could not elect a man to a position in which the term of office began after that of the electing board ended.

In further proof of the contention that the appointment to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Controller Colgan cannot extend beyond the expiration of the present term, Section 1008a of the political code, approved March 15, 1903, is conclusive:

"Sec. 1008a—Except in the instances otherwise provided in the constitution, whenever a person has been or shall be appointed by the governor, or by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to fill a vacancy in any office, or to fill an office when the appointment is not made until after the expiration of the preceding term, the appointee holds office only for the balance of the unexpired term, as provided by the law creating the office."

Which law, in this instance, is the constitution itself.

As to "qualifying," that is merely a prerequisite to the assumption of office by the person elected thereto, and to the lay mind it is inconceivable that any court would hold that the will of the people could be circumvented and annulled because of the failure of an officer-elect to perform an act which death had prevented him from performing.

Both in law and in ethics it certainly appears that the naming of a successor to Controller Colgan for the new term for which he was elected belongs of right to the incoming governor, who was elected at the same time and on the same ticket with the deceased official, and that an effort to take such right out of his hands, would put the present governor in the attitude of attempting to purloin a prerogative properly belonging to his successor—an attitude, which I am confident Governor Pardee has no intention of assuming.

A LAYMAN.

RACING AUTOMOBILE CRASHED INTO CROWD AT PHILADELPHIA RACES

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—Eight persons were injured, three probably fatally, at the automobile races held at Point Breeze this city this afternoon. While rounding the sixth lap in the fifty mile race a sixty horse power racing car crashed through a rail into a crowd of spectators numbering about 200. Six of them were injured. The driver and his mechanic were also hurt. A number of other spectators received minor injuries.

NEBRASKA UNIVERSITY WON CROSS COUNTRY RUN OF WESTERN COLLEGES

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The third annual cross country run of the Western Colleges was held today, three universities competing. The race was won by Nebraska, with Wisconsin second and Chicago third. The race was run through the parks in the vicinity of the University of Chicago, and the distance, about five miles, was covered in 26 minutes and 50 seconds.

Negroes' Dismissal Endorsed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—At a camp fire here by the John Jacob Astor camp of the Spanish war veterans, the action of the president in dismissing a battalion of negro troops of the Twenty-fifth infantry, was indorsed.

EAST NEW YORK MAIL TO BE DISCONTINUED

San Francisco Letters Will Be Five Days En Route Instead of Four.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—The fast mail service that has been maintained between this city and New York has been discontinued, and hereafter letters will be five days on the road, instead of four.

Mail that has been leaving here at 11 a. m. on Monday has been arriving in New York at 9:30 a. m. on Friday morning. Hereafter it will arrive there at 9:30 a. m. on Saturday morning, a difference of twenty-four hours.

BURLINGTON RAILROAD TO SUPPLY COAL NEEDS

Nebraska Fuel Famine So Imperative that All Grain Handling Must Wait.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 24.—The Bee this afternoon says: The Burlington railroad is about to decide to cease hauling all grain until the coal famine in Nebraska has been relieved. The car congestion has become so serious that several towns in Nebraska are without a ton of coal in reserve and the situation demands immediate remedy. The Burlington officials say they cannot possibly supply the demand for freight cars for grain and coal at the same time and as the coal demand is imperative and grain can wait a while, they will turn their attention toward relieving the coal famine.

Express Office Looted and Burned.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Nov. 24.—The Adams Express office and the railroad station at Kayford was looted of $0,000 and burned by robbers today. Agent Adams was found with a bullet wound in his leg.

Powers are After Morocco.

TANGIER, Morocco, Nov. 24.—The members of the diplomatic corps today drew up a collective note to the Moroccan government protesting against the intolerable situation of affairs in Tangier and demanding that immediate measures be taken to restore order.

American Gold in London.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Another large shipment of American eagles from Paris, valued at $1,740,000 was purchased by the Bank of England today. These continued shipments of gold from Paris are materially easing the local money market.

Fall Resulted in Death.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 24.—C. C. Lamb, a prominent contractor and one of the wealthiest men in this city, died here today after a short illness, superinduced by a fall.

Bishop Fitzgerald Very

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Nov. 24.—Bishop Edward Fitzgerald, of the Roman Catholic diocese of Little Rock, is seriously ill at St. Joseph's infirmary in this city, of paralysis.

French Plans Against Morocco.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Confidential instructions have been sent to Admiral Touchard to prepare a squadron to start for Morocco on a moment's notice. The battleships now ready for sea are the Saffren, St. Louis and Charlemagne.

JUST A WORD AT THIS SEASON

We believe that each of you is interested in building up a large city here in FRESNO.

Such a city here means a greater development to the whole San Joaquin Valley. This is to the interest of every smaller town in the valley.

Local pride and patronage built Los Angeles. The same forces will make, in fact are making, FRESNO.

Now just one selfish word for ourselves, as well as other local dealers. In the pre-Christmas flood of Eastern and outside catalogues of Jewelry, etc., we make the statement that it pays you to deal at home IF YOU CAN DO AS WELL.

We personally ask the opportunity to show you that we can do as well (or better).

We have the means and ability to accomplish your jewelry and silver wants as well as any house in California—no matter what those wants may be.

A cordial welcome is extended to strangers to inspect our wares.

ALBERT WARNER.

WARNERS'

1929-31 Mariposa Street

Your especial attention is called just now to our stock of silver and crystal for the THANKSGIVING TABLE.

Commander Washed Overboard.

HONOLULU, Nov. 24.—Lieut. Com. Leroy M. Garrett, commanding the steamer Albatross, was lurched overboard last Wednesday when the vessel was 500 miles northwest of Honolulu. The Albatross has completed an important scientific expedition in Aleutian and Japanese waters.

Victims of Collision Buried.

CHERBOURG, Nov. 24.—The victims of the collision between the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and the British Royal Mail liner Orinoco, were buried this afternoon. The civil military and naval authorities were represented.

'Kill Soldiers With Club."

The way in which the Utes plundered and evaded the troops the other day shows that the red man has not lost his cunning, and recalls an incident of Sherman's career. When the old warrior was on the plains he was one day accosted by a "heap big Injun," who begged the gift of some worn-out guns. "What?" said Sherman, "you want me to give you guns for you to shoot my soldiers with?" "Ugh! no!" was the reply. "Injun no hurt soldier with gun. Want gun to kill buffalo. Kill soldier with club!" Yet in the long run Uncle Sam's boys are too much for even the wildest and most enduring of the tribes. —New York Tribune.

The Packard Shoe the Shoe for You

Waterproof, leather lined. Try a pair.

Philadelphia Shoe Store
Near Court House Park.

PRINTER'S INK PAYS

Banner Patterns for December, 10c No Higher.

A PREMIUM STAMP WITH EACH 5¢ YOU BUY

BARNEY & KAMP

FRESNO'S DAYLIGHT STORE.

Ladies' Street Hats, values U pto $4.00 68 Cents

A Pot Pourri of Fine Bargains For Monday's Selling

THREE DAYS MORE OF THE BIG LINEN SALE

Only three more shopping days till Thanksgiving. If you haven't bought your linens yet, come in tomorrow and see the great values we are offering during this big linen sale. Our line is the most complete in Fresno and our prices much lower than you will find elsewhere for like qualities. Hundreds of good bargains for you tomorrow.

Ready to Use Table Cloths

We are showing a magnificent line of extra fine table cloths, all ready for use, nicely hemmed with pretty borders all around. They come in the staple and fancy designs. We are showing many new and exclusive patterns.

8-4 size cloths .. $2.50 3-4 Napkins doz..$3.50
10-4 size cloths ..$3.50 3-4 Napkins doz..$3.50
12-4 size cloths...$3.75 3-4 Napkins doz..$3.50

Extra Heavy Pattern Cloths

This line of cloths is extra heavy quality of pure linen, full bleached, with bold, beautiful designs and borders all around; napkins to match.

10-4 size cloth....$4.75 3-4 Napkins doz..$4.50
12-4 size cloth....$5.00 3-4 Napkins doz..$4.50

Extra Fine German Linen Cloths

A very heavy German cloth, satin finish, full bleached, magnificent designs.

12-4 size cloth....$6.00 3-4 Napkins doz..$6.00
14-4 size cloth....$6.50 3-4 Napkins doz..$6.00
16-4 size cloth....$7.50 3-4 Napkins doz..$6.00

Pattern Sets

These matched sets are very handsome; each set consists of cloth, with 1 dozen 3-4 napkins to match, and are sold in sets only.

8-4 cloth, with 1 doz. 3-4 napkins, set $3.50
10-4 cloth, with 1 doz. 3-4 napkins, set 4.00
12-4 cloth, with 1 doz. napkins, set 4.25

Mercerized Table Damask

Mercerized table damask is a fabric of recent origin, highly mercerized, giving it a rich satin finish that does not wear or wash off. It comes in an endless variety of pretty floral and conventional designs, with borders to match.

58 inches wide, full bleached 50c
66 inches wide, full bleached 75c
72 inches wide, full bleached 90c
Napkins to match the above, per doz $1.50

60 Inch Bleached Linen 50c

A full 60 inch bleached table linen, in floral designs, and border, good staple quality; special...50c

$1.00 Linen Table Damask. 75c

68 inch satin finish table damask, all pure linen, five beautiful patterns to select from, a regular $1.00 value; special.....75c

24 inch napkins to match, worth $3.00; special per dozen $2.50

72 Inch Satin Damask, $1.00

A magnificent 72 inch satin table damask, with either floral or dotted centers, with double borders; a very rich satin finish; special sale price $1.00

3-4 napkinsto match, special per dozen 4.50

Dishes For The Thanksgiving Dinner

50 Piece Dinner Set, $6.49 — A Thanksgiving Special

A beautiful white and gold dinner set, consisting of 50 pieces of the latest design and most useful pieces, in best quality American Porcelain, guaranteed not to crack or crackle, a design and shape that can be matched up at any time, special Thanksgiving offer; entire set $6.49

100 Piece Dinner Set, $9.49 — An Elegant Value

A full set of finest English semi-porcelain, almost as thin and dainty as Haviland china, in a pretty green border decoration, now so much sought after; 100 pretty pieces, new designs, a magnificent dainty dinner set; special Thanksgiving offer $9.49

Table Cutlery and Kitchen Needs

Heavy Plated Ware

An excellent quality of heavy plate on nickle silver, every piece warranted to wear, made in the Windsor pattern, plain satin finish, easily kept clean and much lower than you'll find like quality elsewhere.

12-dwt. knives, set of 6, special $1.50
Teaspoons ..... .75
Tablespoons 1.50
Table forks 1.50
Dessert spoons..... 1.25
Dessert forks..... 1.25

Turkey Platters

We are showing an exquisite assortment of plain and fancy decorated Turkey patterns, at especially reduced prices.

19 inch decorated semi-porcelain dish $1.19
17 inch decorated semi-porcelain dish .....75¢
19 inch plain white semi-porcelain dish .....59¢
Plain white semi-porcelain celery tray .....39¢

Celery and Cranberry Dishes

7 inch round Cranberry Bowls .....10¢
8 inch Fire Polish Cranberry Bowls, like cut glass ..... 50¢
Glass Celery Trays, new designs .....10¢
Glass Celery Stands, new designs .....10¢
Glass Jelly Dishes, footed .....10¢

Roasting Pans

To get the proper brown on the Thanksgiving bird—be sure to look up our excellent assortment of Roasting Pans. Here are a few Thanksgiving prices:

9x12 special ... ...15¢ 14x15 special ..... 40¢
14x14 special .. ...35¢ 12x14 special .... 30¢
12x12 special .....25¢ 16x17 special ... ..45¢

Universal Food Choppers

The greatest labor saver and ideal machine for making your mince meat. Comes in three sizes and specially priced this week:

Sizes.
Size No. 1, special $1.49
Size No. 2, special $1.75
Size No. 3, special $2.50
Plum Pudding Moulds or Steamers 49¢ and 59¢
Excellent Enamelware Colanders .....24¢
Best Tin Blown Table Tumblers, worth 80c dozen, special each ..... 5¢

Ladies' $3.00 Shoes, $1.98

This lot consists of about 20 different styles of ladies' fine dress shoes, in either vici kid, patent colt or gunmetal calf, with Cuban or military heels, light flexible or extension soles, on all the new lasts, actual $2.50 and $3.00 values, special $1.98

$6.00 Silk Umbrellas, $4.50

Choice of 22 different styles in sterling silver and 5 year guaranteed gold handled umbrellas, made on Paragon frames with steel rods, 26 inch, 8 ribs, covered with fine quality silk, silk tassel, regular $6.00 umbrella, special $4.50

New Kid Gloves

"Arkay" 2 clasp kid gloves, in black and all the wantable shades good as any $1.50 glove in town ask for the "Arkay" $1.25

Jouvin 2 clasp glace kid, with Paris point stitching, black, white and all colors.....$1.75

"Alexandria" 2 clasp Suede kid gloves, in black and white $1.75

Long kid gloves, 8, 12 and 16 button length dent and jouvin black and white .....
....$3.00 $3.50 and $4.00

We fit all gloves. Glove orders issued for any amount.

Women's Underwear

Ladies' ribbed vests and pants, in cream white or silver grey, all sizes, good weight .....25¢

Ladies' green mixed, fleece lined ribbed vests and pants, form fitting, 50c grade, special....39¢

Ladies' heavy ribbed vests and pants, fleece lined, in cream white and silver grey, silk finished, form fitting, extra special .....50¢

Ladies' heavy fleece lined union suits, in cream white and silver grey, an elegantly finished garment .... 50¢

BIG LINE OF DOLLS JUST HALF PRICE.

STYLISH FURS MUCH UNDERPRICE

Fine Fox Scarfs, $7.95

Ladies' Throw Scarf or Isabella Fox, 36 inches long, with large natural tails, very full $7.95

Opossum Scarf, $4.50

Ladies' Scarf of Sable Opossum 27 inches long, natural tails, with large hook and chain fastening.. ..... $4.50

Isabella Boa, $13.50

Ladies' Isabella Fox Boa, with cord and tassel fastenings and large full tails, very full $13.50

Sable Boa, $10.00

Ladies' Opossum Sable Boa, finished with silk ornaments, with cord and tassel, three sable tails on each end, price $10.00

Genuine Fox Boa, $15.00

Ladies' Fox Boa of sable color extra full, with cord and tassel, 72 inches long, the double fur style. $15.00

Coney Scarf, $5.00

Ladies' Throw Scarf of sable coney, with wide ends and silk lined, 36 inches long, price $5.00

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN WEATHER

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—Forecast for San Joaquin Valley—Fair Sunday, with heavy frost in the morning; light north winds.

FRESNO, Nov. 24.—Official readings at 5 p. m.:

Temperature, dry bulb	52
Temperature, wet bulb	36
Humidity	54
Wind (N. W.), miles per hour	5
Maximum	53
Minimum	32

Fair Sunday; heavy frost in the morning.

Pressure and temperature conditions on the Atlantic seaboard have remained stationary during the past twenty-four hours, with generally fair weather. The great crest of high pressure which dominated the greater portion of the country yesterday has decreased in area and shifted its center eastward to the Mississippi valley, with very slight changes in temperature. The disturbance central over the valley of the Colorado is decreasing in intensity. It has caused moderately heavy rain or snow over Arizona, southern California, Utah, Nevada, portions of Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. On the Pacific slope, the weather is generally fair and cool, with frost more or less general from Los Angeles northward. Conditions are favorable for fair, warmer weather at Fresno and vicinity Sunday, with heavy frost in the morning.

J. P. BOLTON, Official in Charge.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Thanksgiving Apples at Holland's Stores.

Dr. Thomas, dentist.

Dr. Kelley, Dentist.

Dr. Glasgow, dentist.

Mrs. M. Shimmins, the florist.

Oak Shaving Parlors, 1055 I St.

Dr. Aten, Dentist, Forsyth Bldg.

Dr. Gilbert, dentist, Green Bldg.

Dr. Hall, dentist, Voorman block.

D. T. Winne, lawyer, Forsyth Bldg.

New rigs, Arcade Stable, M. 346.

O. J. Howard, dentist, Patterson block.

Dr. O. B. Doyle, 29-30 Patterson block.

Funeral work and decorations. Miss Seibert.

Potted plants. Miss Parsons, 1917 Fresno street.

You will get the best glasses from Dr. Kearns, 2036 Mariposa.

Chamberlain & Heisler have opened a carriage trimming shop at 855 J.

Have your yard cleaned by the Fresno Scavenger Co. Phone Main 524.

Wanted—Carpenters and cabinet makers at Hollenbeck-Bush planing mill.

Hand-painted dinner cards for Thanksgiving at Miss Kate Parson, 1913 Fresno.

Hughes cafe, regular dinner 75 cents. Best values in the county. Music tonight by Barton orchestra.

Regular meeting of Raisina Chapter, No. 89, O. E. S., Monday evening, Nov. 26. Installation of officers.

J. H. Rafferty, 1045 Tulare street, has 3 sections of land in the Caruthers country for $10 per acre. This land will double in value in three months.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Eugene A. Berryhill, aged 23, and Georgia Madsen, aged 18, both of Parlier; Peter M. Jessen, aged 23, and Henrietta Jensen, aged 21, both of Fresno.

Rev. J. W. Webb, formerly of West Park and now editor of the Co-Operative Journal of Oakland, will be at West Park next Sunday morning, a week from today, to assist in the Sunday school and church services and meet old friends.

Yesterday marked an indefinite suspension of work on the subway. The pile driver which has been in use since work first began on the new tunnel, has developed leaks in its boiler and had to be sent to Bakersfield for repairs. The second pile driver which arrived here some time ago has not yet been set up.

BROTHER WINS AGAIN AGAINST BROTHER

Judgment In Case of Stewart Vs. Stewart Confirmed on Appeal.

Charles Stewart has been confirmed in his judgment against his brother, Tassey, whom he sued last summer for an old note of $400 and accumulated interest, amounting in all to about $3000. Tassey Stewart, who had been for many years in Oregon, for which reason the statute of limitations had not run, appealed to the Appellate court after he had lost in the Superior court, but the judgment of the lower court was affirmed, as stated in the following dispatch:

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 24.—The Appellate court has upheld the ruling of the Superior court of Fresno in the case of Stewart vs. Stewart. On June 1, 1874, T. Stewart issued a promissory note for $400, payable to bearer and due in six months with interest at 1½ per cent per month. The note was never paid. The holder sued his brother, T. Stewart, for the amount and interest, something like $3000. He won and the Appellate court has upheld the ruling of the lower court.

"SOUDAN" THE SUBJECT OF MISSIONARY MEETING

The Ladies' Missionary society of the United Presbyterian met Friday afternoon with Mrs. F. W. Hayes on I street. "Missions in Soudan" was the subject of the discussion. Mrs. Dr. Gillespie told about "Chinese Gordon." "A History of the Work in the Soudan" was read by Mrs. J. W. Kennedy. "Three Typical Schools in Egypt and Their Relation to the Soudan" was another paper by Mrs. J. M. Gillespie. Mrs. Porter, who has a sister in the Soudan, gave a very interesting talk about the people and customs there, and displayed some curios.

In respect to the recent death of a member of the society, Mrs. J. R. Vanzandt, resolutions were adopted. Mrs. Vanzandt died while on a visit to her old home in Scotland, and was buried there.

After a brief business session, refreshments were served, and a very pleasant social time was enjoyed.

DIED.

HEITZENRADER—In Fresno, November 23, 1906, Jack Heitzenrader, a native of Russia, aged 37 years.

Funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the late residence, No. 232 F Street.

Ring Main 87

For your drug wants. Prompt service.

Hot Chocolate, 5c, At the Candy Counter.

Louis Einstein & Co. BETTER GOODS

Gold Discount Stamps in Every Department.

Furs of Unequaled Beauty

Lowest Possible Prices

Boa, brown sable, Coney boa, 36 inches long, trimmed with splendid long tails, a beauty for $2.25

Boa, long sable, Coney ornament, trimmed; double collar, silk cord; fine fur, for $4.75

Long sable, Coney blended brook mink boa; double fur ornament; trimmed four tails; warm as toast, at $6.75

French Four-in-Hand ermine natural tails; chenille tabs; fully satin lined; a beautiful creation, at $7.50

Blended brook mink boa; long fur head and tail, trimmed at neck, long silky tails at bottom $8.00

Brook mink boa, long silky fur head and tail trimmed, as warm as toast these chilly days ..$9.00

Isabella Fox blended brook mink boa, fringe and ornament; trimmed with tails to match $10.00

Isabella Sable Fox of fine prime skins; very full trimmed with tails, for $11.00

Sable Fox Isabella 'Possum Jap Mink Boa, long stoll effect; short neck piece; tail and ornament trimmed $15.00

Mink Marmot Isabell sable fox Coney Boas, flat stoll, satin lined tail and brush trimmed; as sightly boas as ever before shown, for $16.00

Isabella Fox flat stoll effect, ornament trimmed, long fur; a splendid warm fur, well lined, solid comfort, for $17.50

Rare Values in Silks

Just received a beautiful line of Louisine silks, white ground, black and blue hair line checks. The very latest at ....$1.00 and $1.25 per yard

Radium and Electra silk for waists and fine linings, guaranteed to wear, 19 inches wide, at.. ... ...58¢ per yard

Peau de Cygne, that soft clingy silk so much in demand this season. We have it in all the leading colors, 20 inches wide, at .... 65¢ per yard

36 inch Black Taffeta pure silk, lustrous, soft finish, a splendid silk for black costumes, 36 inches wide ... .$1.25 per yard

48 inch black Chevron, pure wool material, in smooth finish, with a fancy invisible stripe, for style and wear it is unsurpassed, 48 inches wide, at $1.25

50 inch panama, pure wool panama, an excellent material for neat tailor suits, 50 inches wide, special at $1.25

Domestic Values

72 inch bleach table damask, made from pure Irish flax, comes in the following beautiful patterns: Tulip, Pansy, Fleur de Lis and Polka Dot, with large floral border.... ... ...$1.50 yard

3-4 napkins to match ... . $5.00 dozen

72 inch table damask, full bleached. This is one of the best qualities of German linens and will wear like iron, comes in a large variety of the newest patterns ... ...$1.00 yard

3-4 napkins to match ... .$3.00 dozen

72x90 sheets, "Einstein's Best," made from the best grade of sheeting, hemmed ready for use ....65¢ each

45x36 pillow cases to match .... 18¢ each

SHOES

There's a lightness and a dash of grace about our FALL SHOES for WOMEN that rank them far above the common kind. Our COLLEGE SHOES, new shapes, are delightfully pretty tastefully correct in line and design.

Smoking Jackets

What is more comfortable than an evening at home these cold nights? A warm fire, an interesting book, a good cigar and one of Einstein's smoking jackets. We have them in all grades from ... ... $3.65 to $9.00

CHURCHES.

BAPTIST—N and Merced, Rev. Arthur Polk Brown pastor. Morning service and sermon, 11 a. m.; "Home-coming day"; service and music, topic of sermon, "Going Back to the Old Haunts"; baptismal service at the close. Evening service, 7:30 p. m.; topic, "The Belief That Does Not Save."

EPISCOPAL—N and Fresno, Rev. Harvey S. Hanson pastor. Morning communion, 7:30; children's Thanksgiving service, 11 a. m., with sermon. Evening service, 7:30 o'clock; topic of sermon, "The Tyranny of Business."

CONGREGATIONAL—Inyo and K streets, Rev. Charles N. Queen pastor. Sunday morning topic, "The Power of the Holy Spirit to Change a Life." Evening service, special music in anthems, solos, etc., under the leadership of Prof. Lecompte, with Mrs. Henry Hawson at the organ.

CHRISTIAN—N and Mariposa, Rev. A. C. McKeever pastor. Bible school, 9:30; sermon, 11 a. m.; evening sermon, 7:30.

PRESBYTERIAN—M and Merced, Rev. Dr. Thomas Boyd pastor. Morning sermon, "Our Things." Evening sermon, "Present Day Honesty, Or the Modern Graft."

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN—L and Merced, Rev. J. M. Gillespie pastor. Sunday school, 10 a. m.; preaching at 11; subject, "Spiritual Luminaries"; special music. Evening service under Christian Endeavor auspices; sermon subject, "Each One to His Own Business."

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN—Tulare and N, Rev. Duncan Wallace pastor. Services, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject morning sermon, "New Testament Finances"; evening subject, "Jesus Only, Or the Transfiguration." Special evening music.

ST. PAUL'S M. E.—L and Fresno, Rev. J. F. Moore pastor. Morning preaching, 11 o'clock; subject, "Extremes to Be Avoided." Boys' league at 2:30 p. m. Junior league at 3 o'clock. Senior league at 6:30. Preaching at Temperance colony at 2:30 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—M and Tuolumne, Rev. Lyman E. Rockwell pastor. Public worship, 11 a. m.; evening service subjects of sermons, "Steps in Creation" and "Niagara Falls; God's Great Chronometer."

CHURCH OF CHRIST—Tent P and Mariposa. Bible study at 10 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m.; subject, "Christian Unity"; preaching, 7:30 p. m., "Seeing Things Alike." G. W. Riggs, evangelist.

OUR SAVIOR'S DANISH LUTHERAN—Rev. J. Johansen pastor. Services with holy communion in church on Elm avenue, 10:15 a. m.; services in the Houghton school, 3:45 p. m.

SALVATION ARMY—Hall at 1823 Mariposa street. Knee drill at 7 a. m.; morning open air meeting, 10 a. m.; holiness meeting at 11; Junior meeting and Sunday school at 2 p. m. Open air meeting in Chinatown at 2:15 p. m.; afternoon song and testimony meeting at 3:30; Y. P. L. meeting at 6:30; evening open air meeting at 7:30 and salvation meeting at 8 p. m.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, Scientist, No. 2027 Merced street, between J and K. Services, 11 a. m.; subject, "Ancient and Modern Necromancy, or Mesmerism and Hypnotism." Sunday school at 10 a. m.

NORTH SIDE CHRISTIAN—Sumner and Jensen avenues. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; children's day will be observed by special program by the Sunday school at 11 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Intermediate at 4:30 p. m. Senior at 6:30 p. m., and preaching at 7:30 p. m.

And the Price Will Be Right

Park Meat Market

Telephone Main 48.

BRICK

We are in the business. Tell us your needs. We will do the rest.

High grade building brick, Face Brick, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Drain Tile.

Fresno Brick and Tile Company

Office With Valley Lumber Co., H and Mono Streets. Phone 35.

THE LARGEST TREES IN THE WORLD

Are in Fresno Co., reached by the Kings River S. and T. Co.'s Stages from Sanger. Take 6 p. m. train from Fresno, stages leave Sanger daily. Fare $11, round trip, including trip to the Converse Basin saw mills, the most scenic trip in California; the gateway to the wonderful Kings River Canyon. Address R. M. GALLAGHER, MGR. F. R. S. and T. Co., SANGER.

RUBEROID ROOFING

(TRADE-MARK REGISTERED.)

STANDARD FOR FOURTEEN YEARS.

Furnished In Four Grades.

1-2 Ply for Small Poultry Houses, Sheds, etc.
1 Ply for Barns, Out-Buildings, etc.
2 Ply for Dwellings, Warehouses, Stores, etc.
3 Ply for Factories, Foundries, etc.

Architects and builders of the highest class recommend Ruberoid Roofing for any style of building. It is as serviceable on a flat roof as on a pitched roof. It is used in every part of the civilized world, on all kinds of structures, from the humble shack to the handsome cathedral. The United States Government has over three million square feet in use on buildings in the Philippines.

Because of its non-absorption of sun-heat, Ruberoid Roofing ensures cooler interiors than metal or shingles.

Donahoo-Emmons & Co. County Agents

Black Hills Mines Production.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 24.—According to the official report, made public today, the gold production of mines of the Black Hills for the past year was $6,986,000, a decrease of $250,000.

MELILLA, Morocco, Nov. 24.—Eu Hamara, pretender to the Moroccan throne, has been defeated at Beni Sidel.

MEMORIAL SERVICE AT JAPANESE MISSION

A memorial service will be held this morning for the late Miss Allen B. Brown at the Japanese M. E. Mission, corner of O and Kern streets. The program will be as follows: Japanese hymn, 345; scripture reading, Dr. L. E. Rockwell; prayer, Dr. K. B. Johnson; hass solo, C. L. Sherrill; address, Johnson; address, Rev. K. Nagasaki; vocal solo, S. Takiho; memorial reading, A. Matsuo; recitation, K. Kudo; Japanese hymn, 357; salutatory, T. Kino; doxology; benediction, Dr. Rockwell.

THOSE SPLENDID VALUES

Rain Coats——Cravanettes——Overcoats

FOR $12.50

The True Blue Serge Suit

Double and Single Breasted, made by the best makers of America, Guaranteed Strictly all Wool, Guaranteed True Blue, Guaranteed to hold their shape

FOR $12.50

Gifts For the Men--Then and Now

Years ago, Gift Giving was purely sentimental and the offering in most cases were glittering baubles of trivial worth—now, however, the unwise strives to elect gifts of practical character, so that the recipient may make good use of them while enjoying their decorative beauty. The rapid approach of the Holidays is the signal for a vast amount of feminine worry over the problem "What to Give the Man" for the sake of remembrance. We declare the problem is no problem at all. Once you see our collection of male gifts, the mere sight of which will lift the weight from mother, sister, brother, sweethearts and wife.

FOR INSTANCE:

Smoking Jackets
Bath Robes
Traveling Bags
Neckwear
Fancy Hosiery
Fancy Vests
Gloves

Suit Cases
Cuff Links
Underwear
Umbrellas
Mufflins
A Rain Coat
Stick Pins

Fancy Shirts
Lounging Robes
Handkerchiefs
Fancy Suspenders
Watch Fobs
Hats
Overcoats

The New Toggery Shop - - - The New Toggery Shop - - - The New Toggery Shop

Occupying the Entire Lower Floor of the New Grand Central Hotel B'ld'g.

1041-1043-1045-1047 J Street, Fresno - - - - - IRVING WINTER, Proprietor

The New GLASSES Described

The Kryptok is the new glass which gives far and near vision in the single lens, no matter what the age may be.

The Kryptok is made of different kinds of glass, so combined as to reinforce each other and greatly aid the eye in its work.

The Kryptok has no seams or pieces across it to injure the eye, to collect dirt, to fall off, to spoil your looks.

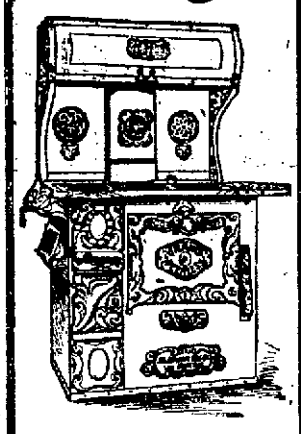
The Kryptok is the best glass made. It is a time-saver and a money-saver.

FACTORY SHINN BERLITA ON PREMISES OPTICAL COMPANY

2015 Mariposa St., Fresno

San Francisco (2), Oakland, Sacramento and Stockton.

Our $25 Ranges



are still the talk of the town. Every person who bought one wouldn't do without it; and they tell us they are unable to understand how they kept house so long without one. They have all the features of the high priced ranges being constructed of heavy steel and fully nickel plated. They are perfect bakers and give the maximum heat with the minimum amount of fuel.

Call and see what a bargain we are offering for $25.00.

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ARTISTIC CONCRETE RESIDENCE

F. W. Osburn's New Home a Striking Example of the Possibilities of this Form of Construction.

Front view of Residence of Fred Osburn, corner of Fresno and T street, showing the artistic effect obtainable with concrete construction.

This is said to be the age of concrete, and that form of construction for buildings is rapidly coming into favor. That its use is not confined to business edifices, but that it is admirably adapted to residences is seen from the handsome home just completed by F. W. Osburn at the corner of Fresno and T streets. It is not only one of the most commodious and substantial homes in Fresno, but it shows what is possible in the way of architectural adornment with concrete construction.

This unique residence, which has attracted much attention and is well worth a visit, was built by the Worswick Street Paving company, which has branched out into the building line in concrete construction. The house was designed by E. Mathewson, the architect, and is a two-story structure with basement and commodious attic, well lighted and ventilated with dormer windows. Every part of the house from foundation to roof is cement, of the hollow block construction. For two prime reasons this form of building will come into popularity in Fresno, it being particularly suited to local conditions. The first is that the hollow wall makes the building cool in summer and warm in winter, dead air being a poor conductor. The second reason is that of the fire resistance of concrete. In a residence district it may be said to be absolutely fireproof. In durability and strength, as well as in fire resistance, it is superior to stone, brick or any other material.

While these things had been known, the chief point of interest in the Osburn home is the demonstration that all these advantages can be combined with an artistic effect in exterior decoration that few had imagined was possible. The cornice, with brackets and mouldings, was all cast in cement and the angles and corners are sharp and distinct. The front porch is a striking feature of the house, with its massive cement columns and arches. The upper floor is of reinforced construction and as solid as the rock of Gibraltar. The steps are of artificial marble—a surface of marble chips set on a concrete base. It takes a high polish, is more durable than marble and less expensive, and is being extensively used in San Francisco and other places.

Something about concrete construction, from which such striking results are obtained, will prove interesting. Concrete blocks are really the most ancient of building materials and of proven durability through the lapse of many centuries. It is principally the selection of forms, and the adapting these blocks to the construction of hollow walls, that is new.

The path of development of concrete building blocks has been marked with errors. The work of concreting has seemed in many such a simple matter that they have plunged into the manufacture of blocks without knowledge and have failed miserably, bringing this material into disrepute with the public. Concrete blocks, cast of concrete, made with properly formed aggregate and a proper portion of cement, properly finished and carefully cured, constitute the ideal building material.

The interior is in harmony with the artistic appearance of the outside. The rooms are large and the arrangement most convenient. Polished floors and decorated walls contribute to the luxurious effect. The decorative work was done by Reardon & Moeller and is a credit to their taste and skill.

All in all, the building demonstrates the adaptability of concrete blocks for artistic and substantial buildings, and undoubtedly many of the better class of buildings will be of this construction. The Worswick company is entitled to no small credit for introducing a new industry of great possibilities.

CLOVIS CITIZENS ACT ON FLOOD PROTECTION

Will Broaden Dry Creek Unless General Drainage Plan Is Adoped.

A mass meeting was held at Clovis last night to consider protection from flood. It was attended by about thirty citizens, who assembled in the bank building. It was decided to appoint a committee to meet with the flood protection committee in Frank H. Short's office tomorrow night to see what the city is going to do. Unless this committee adopts the plan to take the water of Dry creek to the San Joaquin river, it was the sense of the meeting to broaden Dry creek for about six miles, from Helm colony up to the old Mississippi schoolhouse. By this means Clovis would be protected from the flood water and then it would be up to Fresno to do something.

MAX HANCKE DIES AT HOSPITAL

Max Hancke, well known in Fresno as having been in the employ of Otto Nestel and Nick Fischer of Selma several years ago, died at the County hospital yesterday morning of paralysis. The deceased was a member of the San Francisco branches of the Red Men and Carpenters' union. He was born in Berlin and was 44 years of age.

Presented With Watch.

Henry P. Cotton, for about ten years warehouse foreman in the Southern Pacific freight department, has severed his connection with the company, being offered a more lucrative position elsewhere. Mr. Cotton is exceedingly popular with the general public and his fellow-employes, all of whom regretted to see him leave. The last night of his employment with the Southern Pacific, District Agent T. F. Brosnahan, on behalf of his fellow-employes, presented Mr. Cotton with a handsome gold watch, appropriately engraved with a sentiment suitable to the occasion and the wearer's monogram. Mr. Cotton made a fitting reply.

Senate Indian Commission.

HARTLESILLE, I. T., Nov. 24.—The senate Indian commission late today announced that the stress of public business will necessitate shortening its stay here. A night session was held until 2 o'clock, when the senators departed for Kansas City en route to Washington.

When the digestive organs have become impaired you suffer from Poor Appetite, Sour Risings Dyspepsia Indigestion Chills, Colic or Costiveness. The Bitters always cures. Try it today.

--- PERSONAL MENTION.

J. P. Ross of Hanford is at the Hughes.

T. A. McClosky of Oakland is at the Grand Central.

C. P. Farnsworth of Merced is registered at the Ogle house.

Henry Harcourt of Los Angeles is registered at the Sequoia.

George V. Warren is stopping at the Ogle house from Modesto.

C. B. Wilson of Los Angeles, is a guest of the Grand Central.

E. Foreman and R. H. Bernard of Los Angeles are at the Sequoia.

W. A. Doyle and wife of Cleveland, Ohio, are guests of the Grand Central.

W. P. Bartlett of Selma spent yesterday in Fresno as a guest of the Hughes.

Leonard Folz of New York and S. J. Messing of Chicago are guests of the Sequoia.

Mrs. William Wiley of San Francisco is visiting at the home of J. D. Hickman.

J. J. Vanderburg, editor of the Selma Irrigator, was in town on business yesterday.

B. E. Bush of Oakland is spending a few days in Fresno and is registered at the Sequoia.

Nick O'Bradovich and bride of San Francisco are here on a visit to his aunt, Mrs. Hors O'Bradovich.

Tom De Lury, for the past two years in the employ of the Sunset Telephone company in this city, has been promoted to the position of city manager in the Oakland office of the same concern. He will leave for his new position today.

BIGGEST HOP DEAL OF PRESENT SEASON IN WEBFOOT STATE.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 24.—The biggest hop deal of the 1906 season in Oregon was closed at Salem today when Lachmund and Pincus bought the P. B. Jones lot of 748 bales grown there at 14 cents. There have been larger transactions in contracts in California, but no single grower's lot that equals this in size has changed hands in Oregon this season.

OHIO PYROMANIAC HAS SIXTEEN FIRES IN HIS ARSON RECORD

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 24.—State Fire Marshal D. S. Cramer says as the result of an exhaustive tracing of the history of George R. Gamble, arrested at Zanesville, on a charge of arson last week, that he finds Gamble had caused six fires at Champaign, Ill., one at Boulder, Colo., two at Urbana, Ill., two at Tuscola, Ill.; three in Denver, one at Evans, Colo., and one at Zanesville, Ohio. When examined he said he had caused only four fires.

ARMED BANDS AGAIN MAKE THEIR APPEARANCE IN CUBAN SETTLEMENTS

HAVANA, Nov. 24.—The reappearance of armed bands was reported today at Cienfugos and Guines. The mayor of Cienfugos reports that a considerable number of mounted men entered the outskirts of the city, but afterwards retreated to the eastward. At Guines a band of twenty is reported to be camped within two miles of the town. The rural guards has been ordered to attack and disperse it.

UNCLE TAKES ERRING GIRL TO MERCED

Helen Davis Released from Jail to Go Back Home.

Helen Davis one of the three young girls who was arrested last Friday night for vagrancy by Officer McSwain, was released from the county jail last night upon the request of her uncle, Under-Sheriff Davis of Merced county, who came to Fresno to take the wayward girl to his home. Her parents are dead. The girl is but 17 years of age and her story is a sad one. She was engaged several months ago to be married to a young man who worked on the Southern Pacific railroad, and came to Fresno to await her wedding day. While she was here, a young butcher wagon driver spent considerable money on her and induced her to go to Los Angeles and live with him. They lived in the southern city for a month and the fellow brought the girl back to Fresno and abandoned her. Meanwhile, her former lover had gone away and she was left without a trace of respectability or any friends.

It is rumored that proceedings will be instituted against her seducer.

MAY DIE FROM BURNS

Agnes Anton Injured By Explosion of Gasoline.

Mother Catches Afire Trying to Save Daughter's Life, and Is Also Burned.

While cleaning gloves with gasoline over a lighted candle, Agnes Anton, the 16-year-old daughter of Charles E. Anton of No. 206 West avenue, was terribly burned at 6 o'clock last night as the result of an explosion of the gasoline. Her mother, who tried to save her, was also terribly burned, and the girl's half-brother, Gay Dunham, who saved his mother's life, was also burned about the hands. It is thought that Miss Anton's injuries will prove fatal.

The girl was cleaning her gloves in the pantry of the home, using the light of a candle set on the corner of the sink, when the accident occurred. She got too near the fire, and a few drops of the explosive mixture came in contact with the flame of the candle. The fire was communicated to the bottle and suddenly the bottle bursted, throwing burning gasoline all over her hands and face. The girl screamed for help and fought the flames as best she could with her wounded hands. The fire communicated to her dress, however, and enveloped her head and chest.

The girl's mother, who was in the next room, ran to her assistance and in her efforts to put out the fire her own dress was caught and soon both women were ablaze from head to foot.

Their cries for assistance brought Gay Dunham, the girl's half-brother in from barn and he smothered the flames by throwing off his coat and smothering the fire. This help did not come until Agnes had been burned so much as to almost mutilate her face and her mother had been burned so badly about the arms and chest that she is not considered out of danger.

The fight for life lasted several minutes and when the flames were finally extinguished Dunham was exhausted and the skin burned off his hands in great chunks.

Dr. Peter Munson was summoned to care for the injured women and pronounced the girl's case hopeless. The injuries to Mrs. Anton may yet prove fatal. She was burned about the breast and on the shoulders and face.

Miss Anton's face was terribly burned and the skin was burned off both arms almost to the bone.

STEAMER CAPTAINS NOT TO BE PURSERS

Dix Disaster Seems to Have Been Due to the Master's Work as Purser.

SEATTLE, Nov. 24.—United States Marine Inspectors Whitney and Turner have declared their intention to put a stop to the practice of captains not carrying licensed pilots collecting fares.

It was developed from the testimony taken at the Dix investigation that several masters were in the habit of leaving their boats in charge of the mate for at least half an hour while they took the fares from the passengers. In the future, if captains desire to act as pursers they must take the tickets at the gangway before the vessel sails, otherwise they will be likely to lose their papers.

At the morning session of the investigators several survivors were placed on the stand. They told how they had been picked up by the steamship Jeanie, after the Dix went down. The hearing will be continued Monday.

BIG JEWEL THEFT IN QUAKER CITY

Sensational Robbery of Valuables Worth $50,000 or $75,000 Reported By Police.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 24.—The police department of this city has been asked by the Philadelphia authorities to look for jewelry valued at from $50,000 to $75,000, which was stolen from the residence of Henry Barnett, head of large life works in Philadelphia.

According to the reports, the robbery was highly sensational. The Philadelphia police, the report says, have no clue to the robbers. The list of plunder includes about forty pieces, among them a large screw brooch containing twenty-five diamonds and valued at $15,000.

NEW MEXICO DEMOCRATS WILL CONTEST ELECTION OF DELEGATE ANDREWS

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 24.—The New Mexico Democratic committee, after a meeting here today, announced that contest will be brought in congress in behalf of O. A. Larazela, Democratic candidate for delegate at the late election. Larazela was defeated by W. H. Andrews, Republican, by a majority, on the face of the returns, of 358 votes. The Democrats charge that gross frauds were committed.

Caruso's Picturesque Oath.

NAPLES, Nov. 24.—Enrico Caruso has telegraphed to his father here: "I swear, on your sacred white hairs, that I am innocent."

TEACHERS' PROGRAM

State Convention to Open December 26th.

A Number of Local Excursions Will Be Organized for the Visitors.

A rough program of the coming meeting of the California Teachers' association in this city was announced yesterday afternoon at the meeting of the general citizens committee which is looking after the local preparations for this convention. The meeting was held at the hall of the Chamber of Commerce.

The first matter discussed was that of badges. These are to be buttons containing a picture of the Kearney estate lodge, attached to a white satin ribbon upon which will be the words "The Fresno Meeting, C. T. A."

City School Superintendent McLane, who has just returned from Colorado, where he attended the annual meeting of county and city school superintendents, recommended the arrangement of a number of excursions for the visitors. He said those arranged at San Diego had taken very well. It was planned that Secretary Robertson of the Chamber of Commerce should conduct an excursion to the Kearney estate, while another will be planned to Sunnyside, and others will be gotten up later.

Chester H. Rowell reported that the bulletin for the convention hall been set up and is ready for printing.

It was reported that there had been inquiries as to how others than teachers may attend the meetings to be held here, many of which will be of general interest. It was pointed out that all that is necessary is the joining of the California Teachers' association, the fee for which is one dollar, and membership in which is not confined to teachers. Membership entitles one to all the privileges, including attendance at lectures, literary meetings, entertainments and excursions.

The rough draft of the contemplated program was received from President Van Liew of Chico. The opening session is to be held on Wednesday evening, December 26th. On Thursday morning, general sessions will be held in a number of different halls in town, these to be announced in the completed program. In the afternoon various sections will meet to discuss specialized work. In the evening there will be a lecture at the opera house, with an entertainment afterward.

Friday's program will be a similar one, with general session meetings in the morning, section meetings in the afternoon, and a meeting of the whole association at the opera house in the evening. On Saturday morning there will be sectional meetings again. General sessions, in the sense here used, are those of large divisions of teachers, such as high school, commercial, and the like. These in their turn are divided into sections devoted to special subjects, such as mathematics, literature, history and the like.

The high school sections are to meet in the High school building, the elementary sections in the Barton opera house, the manual training and drawing teachers in the Grammar school. The Farmers' Institute, which meets at the same time, will also convene in the Grammar school. The Council of Education will meet in the office of the city superintendent, while the commercial teachers will meet at Chesnutwood's business college.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN NEWMAN BROTHEL

Man Killed His Paramour and Shot Himself in the Head.

MODESTO, Nov. 24.—Con Lopez shot and instantly killed his paramour, Therese Reposa, in a house of ill fame at Newman this morning. Lopez then shot himself through the head. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy. Both came from Stockton a few days ago. It is said the woman's people live in Marysville.

STOCKTON, Nov. 24.—Therese Reposa, murdered by Con Lopez at Newman, left Stockton two weeks ago, accompanied by Lopez. She formerly conducted the Maize lodging house here and was known by the names of Bourge and Burgess. It is reported here that the woman has a husband and two children residing in San Jose.

ONE MAN KILLED IN AUTO COLLISION

Two Others Retained Their Seats But He Was Thrown Against Telegraph Pole.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 24.—Charles F. Tonstead of Oxford, Mich., prominent in manufacturing circles in Detroit, was fatally crushed tonight in an automobile accident at Gratiot avenue and Moran street. He died at the hospital two hours later.

Benjamin Noble of Detroit, owner and driver of the car, and James Fry of Minneapolis maintained their seats when the automobile struck a wagon that turned unexpectedly on to the wrong side of the street, but Tonstead was thrown against a telegraph pole.

EX-CHIEF OF POLICE OF CIENFUGOS, CUBA, BEGINS TOY REBELLION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Secretary Taft late today received the following cablegram from Governor Magoon dated Havana: "Information received that Blas, moderate, lately removed as chief of police of Cienfugos, has left town with a band of from ten to fifteen pursued by rural guards with sufficient force. Cuzman and other leaders tendered their services to capture the band. No special importance attached to incident."

Better for Russian Peasants.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 24.—An imperial ukase was issued today supplementing the peasant laws by removing the differences in the way of peasants seeding from village communities and obtaining possession of their land allotments as private property.

Lawyer Patrick Not to Die.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The World tomorrow will say: Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, under sentence of death for the murder of William Marsh Rice, will not suffer the death penalty. Governor Higgins has decided to commute the sentence to imprisonment for life.

--THE--

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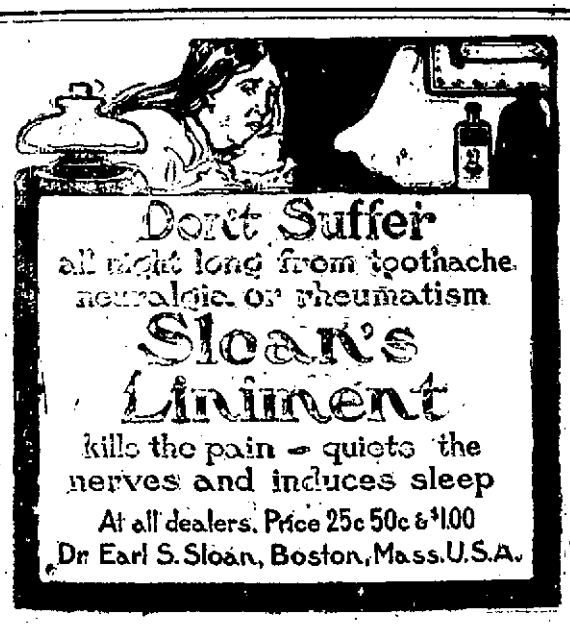

Society

Miss Mildred Rorick and Dr. W. W. Craycroft, whose wedding occurs Wednesday night.

Thanksgiving week! A busy one, surely, on the society's calendar. Aside from the family Thanksgiving and the family feasts, which must be kept uppermost in the housekeeper's mind, there is the Eschscholtzia masquerade on Tuesday night, which means "get up your costume." Then comes the long-anticipated Rorick-Craycroft nuptials on Wednesday evening. The various "showers" of the past week given for the bride-to-be, that have filled the young social life with kindly feelings and happy hearts, have brightened the way for the culmination of happiness—the wedding on Wednesday.

The Thanksgiving feeling is in the air, even the weather is ideal and makes one feel that it is good to be alive. Golden pumpkins and scarlet geraniums deliciously suggestive, grace the show windows, while vans of stately turkeys are driven through the streets that whosoever will may buy, causing shrieks of delight from the small urchin, whose main idea of Thanksgiving is a dinner with turkey.

Several years have elapsed since the delightful fancy dress parties given by Mr. and Mrs. Edward Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. George Rueding and one or two others, but society has not forgotten them; neither has the sense of enjoyment in them been dulled. So it is with keen anticipation that it is looking forward to the bal masque of the Eschscholtzias on Tuesday night. With the fair sex, "posing" is almost second nature, inherited from Mother Eve, or developed as a sixth sense for a means of defense as a spider "falls dead," or a porcupine "bristles up," and the matter of costume is an easy one. To be for an evening Mary, Queen of Scots; Cleopatra, Ophelia, Dolly Varden, a chic French peasant or a quaint colonial dame, takes her inventiveness and lends wings to her nimble fingers. But one can well understand that with the bachelor fraternity the matter of preparation is not so easy. In the first place, he must choose between King William of Germany, the Great Mogul, a war hero or a chief in the South Sea islands and depend largely on the costumer. To be original in his "get up" requires more time and thought than the average man possesses or thinks he possesses. But, after all is said and done, and we "get there," the real fun compensates for everything else. To dance with a lovely "queen" because you are a "king," hoping that it may be some lovely affinity, and then to discover that it is "your sister or your cousin or your aunt," who has found you out, is a part of the fascination of the game. But then, despairing swain, you know it might be your affinity. So, thank the Eschscholtzias who have given us the chance to forget our cares for one night and to see ourselves as others do not generally see us. Judging from the whisking out of sight of certain fantastic looking garments, when the unexpected guest arrives, there is going to be some tall guessing as to who is who.

* * * *

Quite the most recherche affair of the season was given last night by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Patterson at their beautiful Tulare street home. It was a genuinely jolly gathering of congenial friends, which is the first essential of a successful dinner. Then add to this a vivacious and gracious hostess, harmonious surroundings and a perfectly appointed dinner table and you have an ideal combination. The dinner table was a dream of loveliness in the Frenchiest effect of coloring. It was round in shape, and in the center, resting on an exquisite square of lace, was a crystal epergne whose branches were filled with clusters of bride-maids roses. In wreath-like effect about the centerpiece were arranged masses of beautiful deep hued violets, while at intervals were placed cut glass candlesticks containing candles shaded in palest green. The delicate rose tints with the ethereal green light from the candles and the contrasting purple of the violets were charmingly mingled. Places were designated by exquisitely designed cards having for decoration Oriental heads in rich coloring and showed an artist's brush. After dinner the merry company found its way to the billiard room, which had been converted into a music room large enough for dancing, and here with an orchestra there was dancing and merrymaking for several hours. A profusion of palms and greenery added to the charm of the improvised ballroom.

Enjoying the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Patterson were Mr. and Mrs. George C. Rueding, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Gray, Dan Brown, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Emory Donahue, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gray and Miss Elsie Smith.

* * * *

All society is interested in the approaching nuptials of Miss Mildred Rorick, whose marriage will take place on Wednesday evening in St. Paul's church. The past week the bride-to-be has been charmingly feted, and on Friday a number of her girl friends came in to see the beauties of the trousseau, which is elaborate and elegant enough to satisfy the most exacting bride. Everything that could be imagined in linen, dainty lingerie and beautiful gowns comprise the trousseau of this, luckiest of girls. And not a few wedding gifts have come in to be viewed by the friends of the bride.

The church and house decorations are to be in green and white and are to be quite elaborate. Miss Laurell Moody is to be maid of honor and the bridesmaids are Miss Eleanor Hodgkin, Miss Franke Craycroft, Miss Maud Muller and Miss Jennie Wishon. A reception will follow the church service at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hamilton Short, on Calaveras avenue. The ushers are W. G. Fitzmeir, Will Wharton, Dr. Tom Madden, and Barton Wheeler from San Francisco. Dr. Harry Craycroft will attend his brother as best man.

* * * *

Another interesting Wednesday wedding will be that of Miss Bernice Rowell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rowell, and Arthur Leonard Dahlgren, who will be married at a quiet home ceremony at the Rowell residence at 153 Effie street. As both the bride and groom were Stanford students, the wedding color is to be the Stanford cardinal, which promises to be a most effective color scheme. Dr. Thomas Boyd will officiate.

* * * *

A wonderful woman is Miss Marie Withrow, who spoke yesterday afternoon before the members of the Fresno Musical club. She delighted and charmed her audience, which was visibly swayed by the forceful personality of the speaker. Miss Withrow is famed as the teacher of Marie Tempest and Theresa del Riego. Her lecture was "Mind in Music." She has a most unique manner of teaching, which has brought her into world-renowned prominence, at least gained her enviable recognition in London and Paris, the two centers of the worlds' musical culture.

Her talk dealt chiefly with the work of the teacher, who must appeal to a pupil's mind in order to get at the real gift which lies deeper and is only developed through the use of the mind. She began by telling of how even a person with a feeble mind can have that mind developed or rather built up, cell by cell. The constant repeating of one thing finally forms the habit. Through all the various stages of development she traced the mechanism of the mind. "There are two masters which live in the body, the spiritual and intellectual. If you want to be anything in the world you can through your own efforts, but you must practice cell-building. Cell building by affirmation makes activity."

To illustrate her point, she told of a middle-aged woman who came to her studio and said she could sing. This looked doubtful, as the woman was not of a musical nature, but she sang and her voice had the freshness of youth. She had not changed physically, but was simply expecting the tone which she produced. It is a sort of mental science. What the brain does, the nerves will do, for they are of the same material and are affected much alike. A singer or pianist must use the listening power. These readways create habit. To be an artist, the muscle habit must be changed to nerve habit. She dwelt on suggestion of thought, emotional breathing, mental excitement and other forces which make an artist do great work.

There was the most intense interest manifest by the club members in what Miss Withrow said. She has all the attributes of an actress, beautiful speaking voice, poise, earnestness and a dozen other most fascinating qualities which give her an inimitable style of saying things in a marvelously convincing manner.

Last night she was the guest of honor at a little evening of music in which Mrs. Riggs invited the board of directors of the club. Mrs. Riggs was a pupil of Miss Withrow in San Francisco. The Bemberg number, "The Ballad of Despair," which Mrs. Riggs, Mrs. Ina Maynard Wilson, Miss Newman and Mr. Riggs gave at the last musical club meeting, was repeated for Miss Withrow. It was a pleasure to meet so cultured and interesting a woman. She is going to Paris in the spring to open a vocal studio for this particular kind of teaching in which she has excelled and won the approval of as great men as Emanuel Garcia of London, of whom Miss Withrow is a personal friend. The club was indeed favored to have heard her yesterday.

MacKenzie Gordon, the famous Scotch tenor, will be the next attraction for the club. He comes on December 10th.

* * * *

Miss Maud Muller entertained a party of girl friends yesterday afternoon at a handkerchief shower in honor of Miss Mildred Rorick. The guests first enjoyed a few jolly games of "500", after which the handkerchiefs were literally showered upon the bride's head as she pulled the strings attached to a large Japanese lantern which hung between the folding doors. Those who enjoyed this merry gathering with the bride were: Misses Ina Dickinson, Lillian Dunn, Annabel Cummings, Bessie Kennedy, Gene Miller, Elsa Einstein, Edna Cooper, Laurell Moody, Ethel Juarez, Franke Craycroft, Abby Woodward, Ann Meux, Alma Higgins, Aimee Newman, Guten Dozier of Oakland, Eleanor Hodgkin, Mrs. W. J. Cleary, Mrs. Creighton Hamilton.

* * * *

Mrs. J. D. Davidson will give a dinner on Tuesday evening for the members of the Rorick-Craycroft bridal party previous to the rehearsal at the church.

* * * *

Miss Esther Dahlgren is home from her studies at the Normal in San Jose on a visit to her parents at Easton, and to attend the wedding of her brother, Arthur Dahlgren, and Miss Bernice Rowell.

* * * *

The members of the Friday club enjoyed an especially interesting meeting on Friday last with Mrs. Gilmore at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Jack McClurg. The reading of the Merchant of Venice was concluded and papers read by the following: Mrs. Shultz, Miss Nannie Burns, Mrs. V. I. Willis, Mrs. McDaniels, Mrs. M. E. Newlin. The next meeting of the club will be on Monday, December 2nd, at the residence of Mrs. W. N. McDaniel, 835 Glenn avenue.

A group of the bridesmaids for the Rorick-Craycroft nuptials on Wednesday night

Miss Laurell Moody, Maid of Honor.

Miss Franke Craycroft.

Miss Eleanor Hodgkin. Miss Jennie Wishon and Miss Maud Muller.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Walter are expecting as their guests for a few days early this week, Mrs. T. J. Kirk and Miss Imogene Kirk of Sacramento, who are on their way to Southern California.

* * * *

The Catholic fair, which had a lively week during the past seven days, was a social and financial success and the sisters feel particularly grateful to all who so kindly assisted them. An especially interesting night was Thursday night, when the members of the mission booth entertained with a grand ball. Miss Katherine Balthis delighted her audience in her usual charming manner with a beautiful solo. It is always a treat to hear Miss Balthis sing, and on Thursday night she was in especially good voice and most gracious with her encores. Mr. Paul Saule was also a soloist of the evening, singing "The Holy City."

* * * *

Miss Reid of Madera is visiting Mrs. T. M. Hayden of this city. Miss Edith Hayden is home from Stanford for the Thanksgiving vacation.

* * * *

Last Thursday afternoon Miss Viola Pierce entertained at her home on White avenue in honor of her guest, Mrs. L. O. Robinson, of Selma. The afternoon was passed very pleasantly in social conversation, while a load of good things was provided to eat. Those present besides the guest of honor were: Mrs. Merriam, Mrs. Starratt, Mrs. Myers, Mrs. Francis Robb, Mrs. Baird, Mrs. Thomas Boyd, Mrs. F. K. Prescott, Mrs. Peabody, Mrs. J. D. Pierce, Mrs. C. S. Pierce, Mrs. J. C. Henderson, Mrs. Hume, Mrs. Hanson, Mrs. Dowda, Mrs. Van Valkenburg, Mrs. Vaughn, Mrs. McKay, Miss South and Miss Armstrong.

* * * *

Charles E. Walden and Miss Sadie Lakin, well known young people of Fowler, will be married on December 12th at the home of W. F. Chandler of Fowler. The young couple expect to take their wedding trip East, where they will visit their old home. They will return after a few weeks to make their home in Fowler. Mr. Walden is a member of a mercantile firm in that town.

PLANS ARE ACCEPTED

Almshouse Bids Called for January 8th.

Election to Be Held In Lower Kings River Reclamation District January 5th.

The plans submitted by E. Mathewson for the construction of the proposed almshouse were yesterday accepted by the Board of Supervisors, over those submitted by Swartz of this city and Starbuck of Oakland. The board furthermore directed the clerk to advertise for bids for the construction of the building, such bids to be opened at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of January 8th.

The Mathewson plans show a very attractive form of building, very similar in outline to that of the present county hospital, back of which it will be located. It is T-shaped, the top of the T forming the front of the building. The three wings are one-storied, while the central portion of the building is two-storied. Separate sitting and dining rooms are provided for the men and women inmates, and there are sleeping wards to accommodate 100. The front of the building has an arched porch.

The plans were accepted at the forenoon session of the board, Supervisors Johnson, Burleigh, Beall and Mitchell voting for them and Martin for those submitted by Architect Swartz. In the afternoon, a special meeting of the board was called to authorize the withdrawal of the plans for the purpose of preparing blueprints and details for the use of bidding contractors. Assistant District Attorney Kauke advised the board that complete details should be on hand before advertisement for bids is actually begun, which will be about December 8th. Contractors will be required to furnish bonds of $1000 with bids.

The supervisors ordered to the tax collector to make twenty-two corrections in the assessment roll, upon that number of petitions showing errors in assessments.

The roads and avenues in the Carmelita Irrigated Farms tract across the river from Sanger and in the Fifth supervisorial district, were accepted by the board.

Upon the final reading of a petition filed with the board some weeks ago, an election for trustees in the Lower Kings River Reclamation district was ordered. The election will take place on January 5th at the Lake schoolhouse in the lower river country, and the officers will be: C. A. Stephens, inspector; J. B. Hickey and Thomas Meefessell, judges. The hours will be 10 in the morning to 4 in the afternoon.

It is now six years since an election was held in this district, and last summer a number of the land owners in the district, dissatisfied with the course affairs were taking and the assessments that were being levied against them, began to talk of taking legal steps to dissolve the district. This was abandoned, however, and the holding of the proposed election will probably result in general satisfaction.

JOHN BARRETT DIES IN COUNTY JAIL

Man Arrested for Being Drunk Had Been Sent to County Hospital.

John Barrett, a laborer from Pine Ridge, who was arrested Friday night by Officer Russell for being drunk, died in the county jail at 10 o'clock yesterday morning from alcoholism. Jailer Vogelsang had summoned Dr. Long, but the fellow was beyond human aid when the physician arrived, and expired a few minutes later.

A letter was found in the coat of the dead man from T. E. Parker and John Ben Peck of Pine Ridge addressed to Dr. T. N. Sample, stating that the man was sick and recommending him to the care of the physician. The Pine Ridge men also telephoned to Dr. Sample and the county physician had a hack waiting at the Black Hawk stables for the man when the stage arrived, but the hack man failed to find the patient.

Barrett evidently could not resist the temptation to drink and proceeded to get drunk and he had a half empty flask of whisky on his person when he was arrested and was too drunk to give any intelligible answers to the officer who arrested him.

Some of the inmates of the jail informed Jailer Vogelsang yesterday morning that the man was sick and when the officer visited him he found that he was gasping. Dr. Long was summoned, but the man died within a few minutes after he arrived.

Barrett is known but slightly to Fresno people, although the letter to Dr. Sample stated that he had been a resident of this county for twenty-four years.

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Seat Sale Opens Monday.
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WATCH FOR THE BIG PARADE OF THE HAYSEED BAND.
Special Prices 10-25-50-75 Cents
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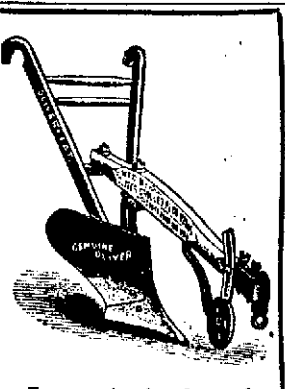

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Just as You Say
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They're great!
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Sunday Dinner, November 25th. $1.00, Including Wine.
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Mock Turtle Consomme
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Fish
Boiled Salmon Sauce Hollandaise Pommes Naturelle
Entrees
Tenderloin Steak a la Trianon
Fricandeau of Veal With Spinach
Raviolas With Cheese
Rice Cake Fruit Sauce
Roast
Young Stuffed Turkey Cranberry Sauce
Spring Lamb Mint Sauce
Vegetables
Fresh Stewed Tomatoes Spinach
Cauliflower En Cream
Browned Sweet Potatoes
Mashed Potatoes Boiled Potatoes
Dessert
Vanila Ice Cream
Apple Mince Pie
Nuts and Raisins
American Swiss
Camembert Cheese
Cafe Noir
Music

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One hundred and twenty unredeemed overcoats for sale for loan and interest, also 30 Winchester rifles at $2.50 each, four 12-foot show cases in good condition for sale at
UNCLE IKE'S LOAN OFFICE.
1820 Mariposa St. The only incorporated loan office in Fresno.

Armory Livery and Hack Stables
COBB BROS., Prop.
Swell turnouts of all kinds, fine rubber tire, three-seater, buggies, surreys and saddle horses always on hand; rubber tire hacks at all hours. Hack stand 'phone Main 3; stable, Main 133.

WHITTIER STATE SCHOOL, ITS WORK AND ITS NEEDS

AN INSTITUTION WHICH HAS DONE MUCH GOOD, BUT MIGHT HAVE DONE MUCH MORE—POLITICS HAVE BEEN ALLOWED TO ENTER INTO ITS MANAGEMENT—CONTINUITY OF SERVICE AN ESSENTIAL.

By Arthur J. Pillsbury.

Every boy that ever was was a problem to somebody. Some of these youthful problems have early proved too much for their mother's solution, some too much for their father's, some too much for the schools and reformatories, but society in the large finally comes up with the most perplexing of them, after enduring many things at their hands, and either bottles them up in prison or snuffs them out at the hands of the hangman. It was to lessen the number bottled up and snuffed out that California established Whittier State School.

The Investment.

The enterprise was started off with a donation of forty acres of land, but it was early determined, and rightly so, that forty acres was inadequate for the purpose and 120 acres more was purchased at a cost of $24,000.

For purposes of irrigation five inches of water was purchased in the East Whittier Land and Water Company at a cost of $4500 and pipes were laid for conveying it through the grounds at a cost of $4972. A cemented reservoir was build at a cost of $2000, but the water problem is by no means solved. Either additional water rights will have to be purchased or wells will have to be sunk and a new pumping plant installed. The school also has an interest in a Mutual Water Company which does very well for the lower part of the ranch, but I have no figures as to the cost of this water right. An expenditure of $4000 or $5000 additional should afford a sufficient water supply for domestic use and for irrigation.

The Land Is Good.

Southern California has given the commonwealth a squarer deal on lands sold to it than has been the custom in the central and northern part of the state. The soil at Whittier is adobe, to be sure, and has to be worked in the right way at the right time, but it produces well and, if the state cared to do so, it could sell its Whittier holdings, improved as they have been, for several times the original cost. A good deal of it would bring $500 an acre and some of it as much as $1000.

It may be remarked just here that the institution needs 40 acres of good alfalfa land. This is wanted for the dairy herd and the dairy herd is wanted as much for a dairy school as for a home supply of milk and butter.

The Buildings.

The buildings are sightly. What public buildings in California are not! The main building has five floors, including basement, and is adorned with one of those menacingly tall towers with water tank on the highest floor. This building, with power house and trades building cost $138,380. The refectory building cost $22,000; "B" cottage, for small boys, $5200; the blacksmith, carpenter and plumbing building, $2453.53; stables, etc., $3500; other small structures, $1000. Total for bodys' department, $172,336.53.

The cost of construction at the girls' department has been, for "A" cottage, $31,345; "B" cottage, $15,000; cold storage building, $800; other structures, $800. Total, $47,945.

In round numbers, including everything that has been purchased, the state has invested $272,000 in land and buildings and $74,500 more in equipment and furnishing, making the total direct investment $346,500, besides the original gift of land worth $8000 more.

Not the Whole Story.

The state has not only invested a lot of money in the plant itself, but it has invested and is investing a lot more money in people and things to keep the reformatory machinery running. During the fourteen years beginning with July 1, 1892, and ending June 30, 1906, the state has appropriated for the support of Whittier State School $1,400,958.26, or almost exactly $100,000 each year.

The average daily attendance, subject to considerable fluctuations, has been about 334. This has made the average per capita cost to the state about $300 per child per year, in addition to what is produced and consumed on the place. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, the per capita cost of maintaining pupils at Whittier was $311.79.

Has It Paid?

There has been a prevalent notion that California's reform schools have been only kindergartens for the penitentiaries. I found pleasure in exploding that idea a year and a half ago. I ascertained that only 5½ per cent of the boys who had gone out from Whittier since the school was established, no matter how they had gotten out, had brought up in San Quentin or Folsom, and only 6 per cent of those who had gone out from Preston school at Ione had so arrived.

Of course, we do not know how many of the Whittier lads have been called back from criminal careers by reason of their terms of service at this school. I am not disposed to give the school credit for "reforming" 94½ per cent of the human problems committed to its charge. The school has helped to "form" rather than to "reform" its charges. In most cases in this school, as in others of the kind, it has been the grip of the law on the shoulder of the boy that has brought him to his senses, and it is probable that a week at the school and a parole out of it into good private hands—just enough of a stay to let the boy know what it means to be there—would have accomplished every reformatory purpose that has been accomplished and have prevented a good deal of juvenile contamination.

I think that Whittier State School, if compared with conditions that would have existed had there been no such school at all, has paid, but I do think that a good parole and boarding-out system would have cost a good deal less and paid a great deal better.

Essentially a Local Institution.

Upon examining the statistical records I find that of the 308 children who have been in Whittier State School or out on parole during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, 329 came from the seven counties commonly held to constitute Southern California and 240 came from Los Angeles county alone. It looks as though Los Angeles county were making a state institution serve the purposes of local truancy schools. If there were enough truancy schools and attendance officers, such as Fresno maintains, there would be little use in California for two state reform schools and the one that was maintained would be much smaller than either of the state schools now is. Delinquency nearly always begins with truancy and the time to nip that bud is when it first bursts.

The Farm.

Superintendent J. P. Greeley has gotten the Whittier farm into better shape than I ever saw it in before. He has a native knack at fixings things up and, if he were in need of it, I should unhesitatingly commend him as a suitable person to take charge of a fine agricultural property with the view of keeping it in ship-shape. The dairy herd is being improved, the dairy barn has been transformed, a little creamery has been improvised, which will soon be transformed into a model of its kind, a silo with a capacity of 250 tons has been built and filled, and the orange, lemon and walnut crop this year sold for $1202.12. With a few more cows and forty acres of alfalfa the Whittier farm should supply the Whittier school with all the dairy products it wants, as it now does with all that it gets.

The Industries.

I can not better illustrate the industrial life of Whittier State School than by giving one days detail of the cadets. To the bakery 6, butcher 1, blacksmith 5, carpenter 13, dining room 34, engineer 8, farm 11, laundry 8, hospital 1, housekeeping 16, house pary 2, kitchen 11, laundry 8, office 2, painter 8, printer 11, shoemaker 7, tailor shop 15, special duty 3. Total, 232.

These lads work half of each day at these avocations and spend the other half day in school. If, once in a while, work is pressing in an industry the school work is set aside, much to the joy of the pupil who, as a rule, would rather pull weeds than study books.

The School.

The common school work done at Whittier is of good quality. The pupils are all backward and not a few take to book learning with an avidity only equalled by that of a chicken for a swimming hole. Still, the school is in good hands and a good deal of creditable work is accomplished, but with the belated or indolent mind education is like the lifting of a dead weight. The lifter may struggle and strain as she will, but she will get comparatively little help from the lifted, unless his intellectuality is reached simultaneously along other and parallel lines. And righ here, it seems to me is a fatal limitation at Whittier State School.

Educational Spirit Not All-Pervading.

The direction of least resistance in a reform school is to utilize the boys for the farm, the garden, the dairy and the shop rather than the farm, the garden, the dairy and the shop for the boy, and it is in the direction of the least resistance that the reform schools of California has mainly been working.

Here are a lot of belated, benumbed and often debauched intellects that have got to be aroused into activity and understanding in order to be saved to usefulness and be kept from criminality. As the mother arouses the dormant intellectual possibilities in her baby by incessantly appealing to it by word and gesture, so these buds of larger growth, but almost equally dormant, have got to be appealed to incessantly and from all points of the mental compass until there has been such an arousing of the intellectual fires as will bring into being that understanding which the wise men of old ranked above learning or riches or power. "What is it? What does it do? Where did it come from? Why?" These are the questions that should confront the reform school boy at every turn from his rising up in the morning until his lying down at night, and every officer and employe, from superintendent down to night-watchman should be, in spirit if not by profession, a teacher.

Everything Except the Indispensables.

The state has been generous with Whittier State School. It has given it everything except the few things that are indispensable to successful effort in reforming bad boys and girls. It stopped just short of that goal.

Manual training lies at the foundation of intellectual development, and Whittier State School has no manual training department. If it had not been dead to the educational spirit it would have had such a school a dozen years ago and would have made it the corner stone of the reformatory structure.

The industries at Whittier, if we except the printing department, are not in any true sense educative. They teach how but they do not teach why. Everything that the boy touches, indoors and out, should put him upon inquiry. "What is it? Where did it come from? How was it made?" These queries should fairly haunt the pupil, and a library should be at hand, and competent instructors, for answering these queries.

No Parole Officer.

Next to manual training I should rank the services of a conscientious parole officer who should get the boys out faster than the policemen and courts can get them into Whittier State School. I would rather the state had a good parole officer and a support fund and no state school at all than a state school with a half million invested but no parole officer. Better work can be done at less cost. Every boy in Whittier State School can be boarded out with good families that will be responsible for them for a less per capita cost than $311.79 per annum, and with better results than can be obtained in any congregate school. With a pay roll amounting to $4097.75 per month (against $2201.66 at Preston school), it is astonishing that provision has not been made for a capable parole officer.

Nothing Without Continuity of Management.

Whittier State School has been in operation fifteen years during which time it has had five superintendents and, in the girls' department, the thirteenth principal is now in office. Superintendent Nichecker has been in charge of the state school at Glen Mills, Pa., fifteen years; Franklin H. Briggs has been superintendent of Rochester school fifteen years; Mr. Chapin has been superintendent of the Lyman school not less than eighteen years. There is not a successful reform school in America that, after it has found the right person for the place, changes its superintendent until he dies or is worn out.

First, secure a superintendent who rises to the requirements of the service, and rises with enthusiasm; then give him full power to choose all his subordinates, and he will inevitable get a corps of assistants about him who will be loyal to himself and loyal to his policy. Without this no essentially reformatory work can be done. The institution becomes custodial in character and not very well worth while.

The blight of politics has been upon Whittier State School—state or local, in whole or in part, from the beginning until now, in the shadow if not in the sunlight. The school will never be what it should become—a real reformatory for delinquent children until that blight is taken off and until the educational spirit permeates the entire personnel. It needs the Spirit of God to breathe into it a living soul.

FACTS ABOUT NEW CONGRESS

Republican Majority as Shown By Late Returns.

Some of the Freak Results of the Election—Chairmanship Vacancies.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Congressional statisticians who have been here the past few days figuring on the status of the house of representatives in the Sixtieth congress, have reached the conclusion that the Republican house majority will be fifty-four. This is as near final as the estimate can be made until the clerk of the house has received certificates of election, and will stand as correct, probably, until all contested election cases have been finally decided.

This unofficial statement contains some very interesting facts about the new house. Of the members elected to the Sixtieth congress, 283 were reelected, making 101 new members, of whom sixty-one are Democrats and forty Republicans. Of the new members, sixteen have served in congresses prior to the Fifty-ninth, while eighty-five are entirely new to the congressional experiences.

Unofficial returns show that the Republicans have elected 219 and the Democrats 165, a Republican majority of fifty-two. There are two vacancies yet to be filled, one having been caused by the death of General Ketcham of New York and the other by the death of Rockwood Hoar of Massachusetts. It is expected both these districts will elect Republicans, giving the majority of fifty-four figured on.

The final figures give the political complexion of the next house, by states as follows:

	Dems.	Reps
Alabama	9	0
Arkansas	7	0
California	0	8
Colorado	0	3
Delaware	0	1
Florida	3	0
Georgia	11	0
Idaho	0	1
Illinois	6	19
Indiana	4	9
Iowa	1	10
Kansas	0	8
Kentucky	7	4
Louisiana	7	0
Maine	0	4
Maryland	3	3
Massachusetts	3	11
Minnesota	1	8
Mississippi	8	0
Missouri	12	4
Montana	0	1
Nebraska	1	5
Nevada	1	0
New Hampshire	0	2
New Jersey	4	8
New York	12	25
North Carolina	10	0
North Dakota	0	2
Ohio	3	16
Oregon	0	2
Pennsylvania	7	25
Rhode Island	1	1
South Carolina	7	0
South Dakota	0	2
Tennessee	8	2
Texas	16	0
Utah	0	1
Vermont	0	2
Virginia	9	1
Washington	0	3
West Virginia	0	5
Wisconsin	2	9
Wyoming	0	1
Total	165	221

The total of this tabulation admits that the Republicans will carry the normally Republican districts represented by the late members, Ketcham and Hoar.

Nine new members of the house will take their seats next month when the Fifty-ninth congress convenes for its final session, having been elected to fill vacancies caused by death. These vacancies were filled as follows:

California—First district, W. F. Englebright, Republican, elected in place of J. N. Gillett, Republican, elected governor of the state.

Georgia—First district, I. W. Overstreet, elected in place of Rufus E. Lester, deceased.

Illinois—Thirteenth district, Frank O. Lowden, elected in place of Robert R. Hitt, deceased.

Indiana—Twelfth district, C. C. Gilliams, elected in place of N. W. Gilbert, resigned.

Pennsylvania—Second district, John E. Reyburn, elected in place of Robert Adams, deceased; third district, J. Hampton Moore, elected in place of George A. Caster, deceased.

New York—Eighth district, Daniel J. Riordan, elected in place of Timothy D. Sullivan, resigned.

Virginia—Fifth district, E. M. Saunders, elected in place of Claude A. Swanson, resigned to take the office of governor of the state.

Wisconsin—J. M. Nelson in place of H. C. Adams, deceased.

The following men have been elected to the Sixtieth congress who are not members of the Fifty-ninth, but who have held seats in some former congress: B. F. Caldwell and M. R. Foster, Democrats, of Illinois; W. H. Jackson, Republican, of Maryland; C. W. Hamlin and Robert Lamar, Democrats, of Missouri; G. M. Hitchcock, Democrat, of Nebraska; William Hughes, Democrat, of New Jersey; Francis B. Harrison and Daniel J. Riordan, Democrat, of New York; W. P. Crawford, Democrat, of North Dakota; I. R. Sherwood, Democrat, of Ohio; W. R. Ellis, Republican, of Oregon; John E. Reyburn and C. N. Brumm, Republicans, of Pennsylvania; Sam R. Cooper, Democrat, of Texas; Frank H. Lassiter, Democrat, of Virginia.

Following is a complete list of chairmen of committees in the present house who were not elected to the Sixtieth congress: James W. Wadsworth, Agricultural; James H. Southard, Coinage, Weights and Measures; Joseph W. Babcock, District of Columbia; Frank C. Wachter, Enrolled Bills; Edward S. Minor, Expenditures in the Interior Department; James T. Cleary, Library; Joseph C. Sibley, Manufactures; Charles H. Grosvenor, Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Edward D. V. Morrell, Militia; Mines and Mining, Webster E. Brown; Public Lands, John F. Lacey; Ventilation and Acoustics, Boswell P. Bishop; War Claims, Thaddeus M. Mahon.

The contest for their chairmanships will begin as soon as congress convenes next month, although official announcements of appointments will not be made for a year. As some of them are very desirable places, the scramble promises to be a lively one.

MINE WATCHMAN WAS ASSASSINATED

Utah Company Sought to Eject Austrians and Crime Is Said to Be Result.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 24.—Tom White, a watchman, was assassinated today in the office of the Bingham Central mine in Bingham canyon. The company recently began proceedings to eject a number of Austrian families who were occupying cottages owned by the company. The Austrians resisted and threats were made against White and officers of the company.

President Tayler came to Salt Lake City this morning, leaving the watchman in charge of the office, and during his absence White was assassinated by some unknown person. White leaves a widow and two children. There is much excitement among the miners of Bingham and further trouble is threatened.

STOCKTON FACES A FUEL FAMINE

Oil and Coal Supplies Are Nearly Exhausted and None Can Be Got.

STOCKTON, Cal., Nov. 24. Stockton is confronted by a fuel famine. Not only is there a shortage of coal in this city, but there is a serious shortage of fuel oil. The state hospital, a heavy user of fuel oil, is out of it, and numerous manufacturing plants using oil for developing steam will have to close down shortly unless oil comes from some source not available at present. A shortage of cars is said to be responsible, and some firms have resorted to tank wagons to maintain their supply.

The coal supplies are also short and the price is advancing.

Bishop Seymour's Illness.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 24. There was a marked improvement in the condition of Bishop Seymour today. The attending physicians, however, have little hope of his recovery.

SCANDINAVIAN NOTES

The Danish-American press, in general, can not boast of its high standing. A large number of the leading Danish newspapers in the United States are published by a religious body, and their views are for this reason often one-sided. The non-religious papers and weeklies are not much better. With the exception of the "Nordlyset" in New York and the weeklies published by the Rasmussen syndicate, the vast mass of the writings in the other publications is beneath notice. The "Biew," "the only Dane-Norwegian paper on the Pacific Coast," as its official title states, is no exception to the general rule. A cheap dime novel of the regular "blood and thunder" type represents its high watermark. To the long and endless chain of these publications that unfortunately often are favored by a large number of subscribers, is now added another literary feature, boasting the sweeping name, "Den Mark-Amerikanske Odyssey" (The Danish-American Gazette).

The boldness of its editor in sending out this monthly, without doubt the poorest yet published in the Danish language, is certainly astonishing. The sole contents of the paper are reproductions of photographs of Danish-Americans. However, all the pictures are nearly of unknown persons, with names such at Peter Petersen, Jen Jensen, Thomas Thomsen, etc.

If the editor succeeds in getting sufficient subscribers to keep this publication going, it is certainly to be regarded as a unique accomplishment in modern journalism.

K. G. Lornzen, an undergraduate of the University of Wisconsin and at present a graduate student in the state University at Berkeley, in the department of education, is making a close study of the modern development of the Danish school system, and will lecture upon this subject for the body of the Associate Graduate Students, on Wednesday next.

Professor Alexis Lange, the dean of the college of letter and instruction in English at the University of California, made a close study of the Danish method of teaching during his visit to Europe four years ago. Professor Lange regards the preliminary schools in Denmark, and especially the so-called "Latin schools," as the standard of the world. "Nowhere else are pupils in possession of so thorough training and discipline as those graduating from the Danish higher schools of preliminary education," are the words of Mr. Lange.

The newly passed bill of education, which makes education compulsory for all Danish children up to the age of 16, not only furnishes a standard knowledge of the elements of mathematics and science, but also gives instruction in two languages, English and German, besides that of Danish. Thus every child in Denmark sixteen years from now, will have a reading knowledge of at least three languages, and according to Mr. Lornzen's views, the Danish school system at the present date leaves that of all other countries far behind.

In the future all graduates from the Danish gymnasium and Latin schools will be admitted to at least junior standing in the colleges of letters, arts and science, while the sophomore classes in the engineering colleges will be open to all Danes, holding in sixteen degree. It is to be hoped that a large number of Danish students will make use of this liberal offer. At present there are but two students of Danish nationality at the University of California.

Bjornstjerne Bjornson's new novel, "Mary," which was published by the Gyldendahl Publishing Company in Copenhagen about two months ago, and was shortly afterwards translated into sixteen different languages, an American edition appearing from Harper Brothers, has reached its fifth edition upon the Scandinavian market.

Although it is certain that "Mary" will be the most popular book of the famous Norwegian novelist and dramatist, the work is, seen from a critical point of view, far behind its predecessors.

Mary Krog is the child of a wealthy Norwegian-Dutch family. Her mother dies when she is still a small child and she is brought up by her aristocratic and highly educated father, Joakim Krog. The household travels every year in foreign countries, and remains often for a longer period in Paris. Mary's every wish is fulfilled.

In Paris Mary becomes acquainted with a young Norwegian civil engineer. In bringing the two young people together, Bjornson lets the hero stop a runaway, an old trick in cheap novels, which a standard writer like Bjornson ought to have avoided. The young Norwegian falls deeply in love with Mary, who, however, dislikes his boyish character and throws him aside.

Then the family returns to Norway, and here the old Krog receives the sad news that his entire fortune, invested in industrial enterprises in America, is lost. He is stricken with apoplexy and remains crippled for life.

Then a cousin of Mary, Jorgen Aalis, is introduced. He has for years loved his young lady cousin but never had courage to declare his feelings. Now he thinks an opportunity has come, and Mary promises to become his wife. However, their engagement is not for a brief period. Mary discovers Jorgen's selfish character and breaks with him. In her disappointment, she resolves to die. The young lady, however, does not follow the method of the common suicide to be. She will bring a deadly sickness upon herself by taking an ice cold bath.

In the same moment the young hero arrives, and everything ends in happiness.

Mary is the chief character in the novel. She is proud and self-willed, but has a heart like gold, and she remains devoted to her poor father. The description of the cosy life in the Norwegian estate and of the gay life in the large cities is masterly and furnish the strongest parts of the book.

Altogether, Bjornson's book is worth reading. Bjornson has never, like the late Henrik Ibsen, been a pessimist. His view of life has rather been optimistic, and he makes no exception to this rule in his last novel.

ARNE FISHER.

Fatal Collision of Street Cars.

DETROIT, Nov. 24.—Miss Harriet Harger of Pontiac was killed and sixteen other persons were injured early today when an electric car crashed into the rear end of a suburban electric car, near Birmingham. It is thought all the injured will recover.

Poisoned by Cream Puffs.

BUFFALO, Nov. 24.—Between 50 and 100 persons living in various sections of Buffalo were poisoned by eating cream puffs yesterday and today. According to reports this morning one will die, although a number are still very ill.

LOCAL MARKETS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Lemons—20c per dozen.
Grape Fruit—40c dozen.
Apples—3@5c lb.
Bananas—25@35c doz.
Potatoes—2@2½c.
Pineapples—40@60c.
String Beans—15c lb.
Green Peas—15c per lb.
Green Peppers—10c lb.
Tomatoes—3@5c per lb.
Radishes—2 bunches 5c.
Cabbage—2½c per lb.
Horseradish—25c per lb.
Onions—2½c per lb.
Turnips—2½c per bunch.
Parsnips—2½c per bunch.
Cauliflower—10@15c head.
Lettuce—3 for 10c.
Carrots—2½c per bunch.
Lima Beans—10c lb.
Cranberries—15c qt.
Sprouts—1lb., 10c.

Poultry.

Chickens—Broilers, dressed, 35@40c per lb.; alive, 30c per lb.
Chickens—Fryers, dressed, 40c per lb.; alive, 35c per lb.
Chickens—Dressed hen, 30c per lb.; alive hen, 20@25c per lb.
Turkeys—Dressed, 25c per lb.; alive, 23c per lb.

GRAIN.

Wheat—$1.25 and $1.65.
Barley—95c; $24 a ton.
Egyptian Corn—$1.35 per 100; ton, $25.00
Corn—$2.00.

MILLSTUFFS.

Fresno Flour—$1.30@$1.35.
Kaweah Flour—$1.35.
A. I. Flour—$1.45.
Crown Flour—$1.40.
Middlings—$1.45.
Bran—85c per sack; $25 per ton.
Wheat—$2.25 per sack; $27 and $28 per ton.
Corn Meal—35c per 10-lb. sack.
Graham Meal—35c per 10-lb. sack.
Whole Wheat Flour—35c per 10-lb. sack.
Cracked Wheat—35c per 10-lb. sack.
Oat Meal—40c per 10-lb. sack.
Rye Meal—35c per 10-lb. sack.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Creamery—75c per roll.
Dairy—55c per roll.
Eggs—40c per dozen.

FRESH MEATS.

Beef Steaks—10@18c; roast 10@15c.
Mutton—10@15c per lb.
Lamb—12½@20c per pound.
Pork—12 @20c.
Veal—10@20c.
Lard—15c per pound

DRESSED STOCK.

Steer—5½c.
Veal—7@8c per pound.
Mutton—8 to 9c.

FUEL.

Pine Blocks $8 load.
Oak Wood—$7.50 cord.
Coal—$14 ton.

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Gold filling, small size $1.00
Silver fillings 50c
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HALTING RELIEF AND ITS VICTIMS

Some Facts and Figures Which Throw Light Upon San Francisco Conditions

By Franklin Hichborn.

(Written for the Republican.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 22.—Winter is upon San Francisco, and although seven months have elapsed since the fire, 18,000 refugees continue under canvass, or in flimsy shacks provided by the relief corporation. In addition to these 18,000 fully 20,000 more are living in basements or outhouses, either in San Francisco or in neighboring towns, waiting opportunity to secure suitable quarters in this city. Thousands are without proper clothing for the winter; indeed, many children are kept out of school because of the lack of it. Only a small percentage of the 38,000 would be able to furnish a home if they could get it, for they have neither the furniture nor the money with which to buy.

Against this condition, two facts stand out prominently, namely: that at least $12,000,000 in money and supplies have been contributed for the relief of San Francisco; and secondly, that wages were never higher than now—certainly not since the days of the Argonauts—nor the demand for labor greater. For five months at least, labor has enjoyed all the advantages of a monopoly; the laborer has stated his price and got it. Unskilled laborers are receiving from $2.50 to $3.50 a day, carpenters from $5 to $8, and all other labor in proportion. And these well-paid wage-earners make up a considerable part of the refugees who continue living in tents and shacks; many without sufficient clothing, thousands without household goods to even moderately furnish a house.

Refugees Lost All.

Two reasons are given for their failure to recover from the calamity: The completeness of the disaster, and the extraordinary conditions that have prevailed in San Francisco since the fire. The fire swept clean. There are no cinders among the acres of ruins, for no cinders were left. The fire-driven victims escaped with what they had on their backs, and what their hands could hold. All the little capital of clothing and furniture that accumulates in the households of even the moderately rich—the coat that is passed from one child to another, the dress that is made over two or three times—all were lost. The same was true of their furniture. Before a family could re-establish itself, everything had to be replaced, from tin dipper to kitchen stove, from pillowcase to bedstead. The bread-winner, dumped with his wife, two or three or half a dozen or more children, into a tent in one of the city parks, would have had a huge contract on his hands to recover himself in one summer of extraordinary high wages even though conditions had been the best. But he has not found conditions the best.

Spending a summer in a tent in the mountains about Fresno, and spending a summer in a tent in a city square, with all the way from 800 to 5000 tent dwellers clustered about you, are two distinct propositions. Every refugee who could afford to do so, labored to better the conditions surrounding his family. He put, when he could, side on his tent, purchased lumber and erected a shack in which his wife could do her cooking, thus avoiding the dirt and dust of the camps. In a thousand places he found where money could be expended to lighten her burden, and as he earned money he so spent it.

There is one case where a carpenter in Marina Square, Brown by name, has spent $300 making his shack comfortable. This is an exceptional case, to be sure, but it indicates where much of the wages earned in San Francisco this summer have gone. Some who have not been living in the San Francisco refugee camps will no doubt consider men like Brown improvident. But his refugee neighbors do not think so.

Cost of Living High.

Then, too, the cost of living has been enormous. This has not been due alone to the fact that groceries have been high-priced, for the percentage of increase, when all is said and done, has taken comparatively little from the individual worker's wages. The increase in the cost of living has been due mainly to the tremendous waste of camp life. Cooped up in a tent with her family, cooking before her tent door, the housewife has been unable to conserve her supplies. The pot that in the household was carefully saved has gone into the garbage can because there has been no place to keep it. For the same reason there has been no saving of left over dishes. The clothing of the children has worn out twice as fast as when the mother was prepared to take the best care of it. And so the fine wages of the hands that are rebuilding San Francisco have drifted away, leaving the refugees little better off than when on April 21st, they gazed stupified upon the smoking horror of a fire-swept city.

Bountiful Relief Furnished.

But for the relief of these people—to rehabilitate them, to borrow an overworked phrase of the hour—I have said alone that $12,000,000 in money and supplies have been contributed. Before going further, I wish to emphasize what that $12,000,000 represents. It includes $8,996,527.37 contributed in various parts of the country and in one way and another placed to the credit of the so-called relief administration; it includes $2,500,000 appropriated by congress for the relief of the fire sufferers; it includes 1850 carloads of food, and 150 carloads of clothing that were rushed into the city during the latter days of April and the early weeks of may, which I have valued at a trifle over $500,000—no reliable information on the subject being obtainable—and which I am quite sure is too small a valuation by anywhere from $500,000 to $1,000,000. But the $12,000,000 does not include the millions of which no track was kept, that were poured into the city through fraternal and labor organizations and private concerns, and disbursed independent of the regular relief administration. The total of these contributions can never be known, but it must have been enormous. The labor unions alone are known to have distributed over $1,000,000 among their members; Rockefeller and the Standard Oil disbursed through its own agency $200,000 more. The Masons, the Odd Fellows, the Redmen, the Native Sons, all received more or less assistance through their lodges, the money being contributed by brethren throughout the world. The same is true of practically every other fraternal organization on the list. And in spite of this magnificent generosity, seven months after the fire, between 30,000 and 40,000 refugees are in one way and another sadly in need of help.

The assistance rendered by fraternal and similar organizations is of mere speculative interest, for it is a private matter, and so intricate that the data regarding it are practically unobtainable. But the $12,000,000 is more in the nature of a public fund. Its distribution is a matter of public interest.

Where the Money Went.

Of the $8,996,527.37 cash contributed, the local relief authorities have actually received $5,916,670.64. Of this they have disbursed approximately $4,200,000, leaving them about $1,700,000 unexpended. At Washington in the custody of the American National Red Cross, is held $1,873,356.02; at New York, $585,677.72; at Boston, $288,709.04; at Chicago, $152,828.18; at Los Angeles, $81,000; and the remainder in various parts of the world, in amounts ranging from $25,000, held in New Zealand, to $2000 held at Bakersfield, down to a few dollars in some of the smaller cities of the land. In all, considerably more than $4,000,000 remains unexpended. The rain-pelted refugees of the camps hold strongly to the notion that the equivalent of that $4,000,000 had better be in clothing on shivering backs or in household necessities than that the cash remain in bank seven months after the fire. That it has not been so distributed is of itself a long story of halting distribution for which the relief administration is held responsible.

But before anyone goes into hysterics of condemnation, it is just as well to consider the difficulties involved in giving away $12,000,000. Especially is this true in a community where everybody from the city government itself down to the meanest beggar looked upon the fund as given to the community, in the division of which everybody had a share who could get it. The scramble for shares has wiped out upwards of $8,000,000. It is interesting to note who the scramblers have been.

Of all the scramblers, the refugee of the tent has had the smallest chance. The really successful scramblers have been the city of San Francisco itself, those who have filed claims against the fund for goods confiscated during the fire, persons who have had well-paying jobs under the several administrations, and those who have had contracts to minister to the wants of the camp dwellers.

Confiscation Claims.

The largest amount paid out of the relief fund for any one purpose—$1,224,220.70, according to the latest figures obtainable—has been on account of confiscated goods. This confiscation was made under an order issued by Mayor Schmitz during the fire, authorizing all "in authority" to seize such supplies as in the opinion of the one "in authority" were necessary for the relief of the city. During the fire and the days immediately following, a tremendous number of persons were "in authority." Every soldier—drunk or sober—was "in authority," and had a bayonet to back it; every policeman was "in authority;" every cadet from the state university, every man who could get a Red Cross badge, every member of any of the self-styled and, in many instances, self-appointed citizens' patrols, all were "in authority." These started in to aid under the order of the mayor with such enthusiasm that the average citizen with anything worth having began to regard those "in authority" in the nature of a third calamity.

A lumber dealer was visited at his yards by a sergeant with a squad of soldiers. Not only was his entire stock loaded upon wagons, but his men at the point of the bayonet were forced to do the loading. Thousands of dollars' worth of lumber was taken from other yards in much the same way. A hair dresser who had saved his tools, opened a shop on Devisadero street soon after the fire. A man wearing a Red Cross badge appeared within an hour and demanded the tools. The barber refused to give them up. In a few moments the man with the badge returned with two soldiers. One soldier held a bayonet disagreeably close to the barber's stomach, the other pressed a bayonet at the barber's back. The Red Cross man took the tools. Such examples could be continued indefinitely.

Claims filed against the relief fund show that for the pressing needs of a burned-out people large stocks of costly perfumery were confiscated, silk pajamas, silk underwear, pigeons, oysters, terrapin, even edible birds' nests. In many instances, soldiers, policemen and other specially "authorized" ones gave receipts for the goods thus confiscated. In some instances the receipts pledged the city to compensate the owners. Some claims bore no better vouchers than the mayor's order.

In the ordinary run of affairs, the people whose goods were thus taken would have had recourse, if they had any ground for reimbursement at all against the city, or those who had participated in the confiscation. But, on the principle that anything that could be gotten out of the relief fund was money saved, a scheme was suggested and carried out to pay these claims out of the relief fund. Of 10,411 claims filed aggregating $2,642,358.08, 8527 had, up to October 1st, been allowed for $1,224,220.70; 495 aggregating $256,604.61 were rejected; 19 aggregating $11,514.45 were donated—that is the amounts involved were turned over to the relief fund; while 1370 aggregating $528,384.10 were at that date in suspense.

City Dodged Its Obligations.

For purposes of sanitation, $216,513.59, according to the latest figures obtainable, had been paid out of the fund. Of this large amount, $319.50 went to promote sanitation of the camps, the balance, $216,194.09 was used for the sanitation of the city. Of this last amount, $24,919.78 was used by the board of public works for emergency purposes, and $12,000 for sweeping the streets. The board of health expended $17,170.20 for emergency purposes, and was allowed in June, $26,000; in July, $27,914; in August, $26,629.64; in September, $18,910; in October, $10,345. It must not be thought that the custodians of the relief fund yielded to this hold-up willingly. They did not. But the municipality failed to appropriate the necessary funds to maintain the public health; the board of health held a threatened fly epidemic of typhoid at the heads of the directors of the relief fund, and the directors had to give up or suffer the ignominy of permitting an epidemic to sweep the city. To be sure, the real culprits were those in charge of the city government, but with the relief fund in sight, few thought of that. Along similar lines, $24,353.71 of the fund was used in reorganizing the city.

Private Soup Kitchens.

The soup kitchens, which were conducted during June, July, August, September and the first eight days of October, by private enterprise, although thousands of dollars worth of relief supplies remained undistributed, enabled many who were in no way regarded as refugees, to get their "share" of the fund. These kitchens cost the fund for the four months, not including the eight days of October, $201,493.48. The service was wretched, and the clear profit to the soup kitchen proprietors has been placed as high as 66 2-3 per cent of the gross receipts.

Large Salaries Paid.

Although the directors of the relief corporation, and the members of the executive committee serve without pay, several hundred persons have, in one way and another, been drawing salaries from the fund ever since it came into existence. Some of these salaries are large. The July budget which I have before me, shows that for that month, 4 persons were to receive $500 each for their service; 16, $200; 17, $150; 40, $100. The others were paid salaries running from $30 to $93 a month. Dr. Edward T. Devine and Colonel George Pippy refused to accept the salaries thus allowed, as did the relief workers above the grade of laborers in relief sections 4 and 7. But these are exceptional cases. So far as the writer knows, all the others have accepted their salaries as a matter of course, and found them good.

Expenditures for Relief.

This brings the expenditures down to the outlay for actual relief of suffering. Eliminating a large number of minor items, ranging from $108,253.12 paid for transportation, down to $4277 for preliminary relief, organization and administration, these expenditures fall under three heads: relief of the hungry, rehabilitation, and housing the homeless. Including the $201,493.48 paid soup kitchen proprietors, $996,754.78 has been expended in feeding the hungry. This includes everything, even the amounts allowed for all confiscated goods that could be classified as food.

Rehabilitation.

On account of rehabilitation, $1,023,163 has been expended. In the disbursement of this vast sum the greatest secrecy has been maintained. The rehabilitation committee holds executive sessions only; the cases that it passes upon are not made public; the sums allowed, so far as possible, are kept secret. But it is known that some individuals have been allowed as high as $500, that others have been given as little at $10. The committee hold that the publication of its proceedings would embarrass those who are assisted. This may be true, but there appears no good reason why a fire sufferer entitled to relief should feel embarrassed at such a time as this if the fact were published that the relief sent out here for him had reached its final destination. But it is easy to understand why an unworthy applicant should wish to keep the fact of his application secret from his neighbors.

Of the integrity of those who have had rehabilitation in hand there can be no question; they are all men and women above the faintest suspicion of graft or of self-seeking. But that they can be imposed upon is not impossible, and the secrecy of their work has denied them a safe guard which publicity would have given. The publication of of a list of their beneficiaries may one day make sensational reading.

Shacks Instead of Permanent Homes.

For housing the homeless, $862,847.01 has been expended. Instead of permanent houses as was originally planned, three and two-room shacks have been built in the parks to take the place of the tents this winter. In all cases, the shacks must be removed from the parks by the middle of August next. The park commissioners originally granted permission to build shacks in all parks occupied by refugees, but on petition of owners of property fronting the parks, this permission was withdrawn in the case of the parks north of Market street. This forced the relief corporation to change its building plans. It is accordingly erecting a large number of shacks on a strip of land owned by the city, which runs from Golden Gate park to the Presidio. This is fully four miles from the industrial center of the city, and to move the wage-earning refugees so far out will work great hardship.

The shacks are miserable flimsy affairs, built in the main of tongue and groove lumber standing on end. The larger size are 11x18 feet and contain three rooms each. They are being built at a cost of about $150 each, the smaller contain two rooms only and cost about $100. It is a question whether they will turn the winter rains. They are all without plumbing, none have chimneys, except such as the refugees themselves put on. Hundreds of refugees have bought corrugated iron chimneys at a cost of $5 each, and so can have a fire and keep warm.

The effect of life in a colony of from 1200 to 1500 of these shacks, parked so closely together that they almost touch, occupied by from 5000 to 6000 or more persons, promises to be bad from all points of view. Unsanitary conditions cannot but prevail, and many for this reason will endeavor to retain their tents all winter, rather than enter a shack colony. Then, too, danger from fire is serious. The flimsy buildings with their flimsy chimneys invite fire. Once started among them there would be no stopping it.

The Rent Problem.

The situation has been much complicated because of the efforts of the relief corporation to collect rent for the shacks. A charge of $4 for the two-room buildings and of $6 for the three-room has been made. The majority of the refugees would have paid without question, but a number of agitators have refused to pay on the ground that the buildings were erected with money sent here for their relief, that the shacks stand on public ground, and that the relief corporation, incorporated for charitable purposes, cannot collect rentals, even though such rentals be in the form of installments for the ultimate purpose of purchase. A number of refugees went further, and took forcible possession of shacks, which they continue to hold adversely to the corporation. Up to the present time the corporation has made no attempt at eviction, other than to drag a woman named Mary Kelley in the shack that she had seized, out to Ingleside, and there tear the shack down over her head. But this is an experiment not likely to be repeated.

Many refugees who at first paid their rents as a matter of course, are watching the non-paying. Unless rent be collected from all, the time is fast approaching when it will not be collected from any.

Congressional Appropriation.

The $2,500,000 appropriated by Congress was disbursed through the army. Although the army administration was generally satisfactory, some surprising purchases were made out of this fund, notably 50 barrels of whisky, of which 6 reached San Francisco empty, 6 have been used or disappeared, leaving 38 barrels for the relief corporation to dispose of as best it can. Another curious purchase was of 12 Cadillac automobiles, seven touneans at $1400 each and 5 runabouts at $950 a total cost of $14,550. These machines were sold at auction the other day for $4500. In addition to the Cadillacs, two Wintons were purchased out of contributed funds for $5500. The purchase of the Wintons, automobile hire and automobile service generally, cost the fund $61,675. Although everybody of any consequence at relief headquarters had an automobile at his beck, the probabilities are that cheaper transportation would have carried the relief just as far.

The disbursement of the congressional appropriation was a chapter in relief work of itself, the record of which is at Washington, and the details of which, with rare exceptions, are not obtainable on this coast.

Disposition of Supplies.

The distribution of supplies sent here for the fire sufferers fell far short of the expectations of those who sent the supplies and of those who thought that they were to get them. Supplies, on the ground that they were not needed, were sold to the amount of $225,849.31, and the returns placed to the credit of the fund. The distribution of raw rations was discouraged—although the refugees were clamoring for them—and soup kitchen meals substituted, when the relief warehouses were bursting with stores. The relief corporation still has on hand about $93,000 worth of groceries which it is advertising for sale.

Distribution of Clothing.

Although 150 carloads of clothing were sent here, the destitute of the camps found it extremely difficult to secure enough to keep them warm, while others were given the run of the warehouses to pick what they fancied. The writer visited Hamilton Square camp in the latter part of June. The agent in charge there admitted without hesitation that he allowed the employes, and those who assisted him in his work, to go into the storehouse and select without check or supervision, what clothing they wished, as part payment for their services. Policemen were given the same privilege. Although the agent was receiving $93 a month for his services, he admitted that the suit on his back had been taken from relief supplies, and that he had several others at home as good. At the same time, hundreds of refugees in the camp were demanding rags to keep them warm. The same general conditions prevailed throughout the city.

Little Progress Made.

So, in spite of all that has been attempted for them, thousands of refugees find themselves at the beginning of winter, without furniture, without sufficient clothing, without satisfactory shelter. Much blame is put upon the Relief Corporation, but the fact should not be lost sight of that the Relief Corporation did not take charge until about August 1st. It inherited all the mistakes made by previous administrations. Many of these mistakes it has corrected; the consequences of others it has been unable to avoid. On the other hand, it has at least brought order out of the chaos in which it found relief affairs. The graft of the soup kitchens has been done away with; expenses have been cut down; so far as has been found possible the work has been simplified. But however true this may be, however satisfying to the casual investigator, it hasn't brought rehabilitation to the refugee, or clothed him for the winter or housed him as he had been led to believe he would be housed. And these are, after all, the tests by which the refugee at least judges the work of the captains of relief.

SETTLEMENT WORK IN FRESNO

By Mrs. Minna E. Sherman.

Mrs. Minna E. Sherman.

The question is asked frequently, What is the Civic Committee of the Parlor Lecture Club Hoping to Do to Make Fresno Better? The committee has many plans. First of all, we are trying to live up to this pledge:

"Our aim is to encourage ideal citizenship in our husbands and sons; to protect our homes from evil influences; to beautify the city and surrounding country; to encourage the boys and girls in right doing; to lend our hands and hearts to help every movement toward making Fresno city and Fresno county more beautiful, more healthful, more moral, more intellectual, and more desirable as a place for a home."

The need of a better citizenship is shown in the lack of interest in the adverse circumstances under which many are forced to live. Improvement begins more readily with the little child than with the adult. A little child shall lead them. Better citizens are raised by making real in the minds of the children the privilege they enjoy of being born in the United States and by making these privileges available to every little child.

The tragedy of the wrecked lives of the Helm boys, that shocked the community, might have been prevented had there been influences thrown out to cultivate their higher qualities of brain and heart. When we would help others we must give the best in ourselves to the work; it must be more than money. That way of raising humanity, by patronage has been exploded; it merely makes a dependent class to fill public institutions. Today, to reach the downtrodden, to uplift them to independence, we go as friends, taking with us the sweetness of life, showing them the simple, sane pleasures that fill the days with joy. There is money enough to provide bread in nearly all the poorer homes, but there is no money to expend for uplifting influences, or desire for knowledge of a better way.

The woman that willingly toils for her children in the packing house carries a load of care when she goes in the morning and leaves the baby, or perhaps a couple of wee ones, in charge of a child of 8 or 10 years. A little lack of experience or thought on the part of the child-mother, and the baby adds another coffin to lengthen out that pitiful row in the grave yard.

A day nursery, where the babies are in charge of a capable woman, is the first need. While this will not be self-supporting it will not be free. A charge of 10 cents a day for each child will be made. This is the price charged by other day nurseries, and as the children are given a noon meal, it works no hardship on the parent, but conduces to self-respect. A day nursery will work for good in removing the children from the packing houses, where they are now often greatly in the way. It will also release some children from home duties so that they will have a chance to attend school.

A district nurse or visiting matron will make her home at the day nursery, one visits as a friend among the people, helping with the illness that are not severe enough to go to the hospitals. She shows the mothers the best way to care for the babies, how to prepare their food; also, the care of the body to keep it in a hygienic condition.

The building, necessary to house these two women, we hope to have large enough to make it a nucleus for settlement work, a place to gather in the older children; a place to entertain in the evening with music and in other simple ways. Perhaps later we will form classes in dressmaking and cooking, and a mother's club for the women where we can all meet over a social cup of tea.

The cost of this will be considerable but the cost of one trial like that of the Helm boys would run a larger institution for some years. The money we expect the people of Fresno will provide with their usual lavish generosity. We hope the money will come from as many sources as possible. This is a work that to which it is a privilege for all to contribute. The result will be a better Fresno; happier Fresno. In a few years the citizens will be better men and women and the town freer from vice.

Those that take up work of this kind come to have a broader vision of life. Women were accused recently in the public prints of being snobs by nature. There is no better way to feel the beat of the common heart of humanity than in reach out our hands in loving sympathy to the women whose lives have been less blessed with opportunities than our own. The county of Fresno cares for the bodily comfort of its indigents. The city of Fresno does not even recognize that there can be need of helping its citizens to better things, as it has not in the charter even a hint that it is possible to be poor in Fresno.

Will you not all help us? We will come for your dollars and dimes; you cannot contribute too much, for the need is great. All contributors will be made members of the association. At the first regular meeting an election will be held of officers and directors. Until then it has been deemed advisable to have the Civic Committee of the Parlor Lecture Club do the preliminary work. All money will be deposited in the bank. When sufficient members are enrolled, a meeting will be called, and the association will take up the work planned.

Lobster for Boulevardiers.

The head waiter of the Cafe de Paris is going over to spend a month in New York for the purpose of studying the method of preparing American dishes. He will make a special study of broiled lobster and cocktails. Henri, with his pink whiskers—one of the sights of Paris—is known to all wealthy Americans who visit Paris.—Paris dispatch to New York American.

NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

BE ATTRACTIVE

Pretty hair is a necessary aid to attractiveness, and every woman can have pretty hair if she will make an intelligent endeavor in that direction.

Neglect of the hair is the greatest enemy of hair beauty, and those who continue to practice neglect seldom fail to lose attractiveness.

Just as soon as the natural glossiness of the hair begins to fade it shows that there is trouble in the scalp and that dullness, brittleness and lusterlessness of the hair will come and be followed by dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair.

An invisible vegetable growth (the dandruff germ) in the scalp causes dandruff, and the disease is both contagious and progressive. It requires prompt and continued attention to overcome it and keep it out of the scalp. Newbro's Herpicide will accomplish all this when it is used intelligently. Herpicide will not perform miracles; it will not force you to abandon whatever unsanitary habits are responsible for your scalp trouble but by its effectiveness it will aid you to have the beautiful hair that Herpicide users are noted for. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

More men and women have gotten positive results from the use of Newbro's Herpicide than from all other hair remedies combined.

At Drug Stores—Send 10c in stamps to The Herpicide Company, Department L, Detroit, Mich., for a sample

See Window Display.

GEO. H. MONROE'S, Special Agent

We Make Candy

in Oakland but sell it all over the West. We use absolutely pure materials and flavor our candies with pure natural fruit juices. Every piece is fresh, delicious, delicately flavored, smooth and creamy. Consumers say—and we believe they know—that our candies are superior to all others. Mail us a P. O. or Express money order and we will do the rest.

One pound box 75c
Two pound box $1.35

Chocolates or French mixed put up in heat resisting-moisture proof packages.

Express or postage prepaid.

LEHNHARDT'S

1159 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

GREGORY & CO.,

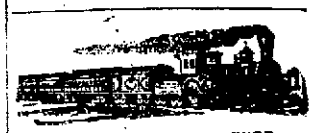
Fresno, Cal.,

DEAR SIR:—Last year, after my Thanksgiving dinner, I rode one of your Big Four wheels, belonging to a friend and experienced none of effects that follow such feasts. As I got four cents for my raisins this season I don't have to borrow a wheel and therefore enclose check for one of your Big Four. I don't care which. I heartily recommend bicycle riding for indigestion, rheumatism, paralysis, appendicites and boils.

Yours gratefully,

JOSHUA STUFFER,

Fresno Co., Cal.



ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE.

TRAINS LEAVE FOR POINTS NORTH AS FOLLOWS.

2:40 a. m.—The Owl for Tracy, San Francisco.

5:10 a. m.—Southern Pacific for Merced, Lathrop, Stockton, Sacramento.

9:40 a. m.—Southern Pacific for Mendota, San Francisco and way points; connects for San Jose, and coast points.

9:55 a. m.—Southern Pacific (mixed) via Merced and Lathrop, for San Francisco and way points.

11:15 a. m.—Southern Pacific for Stockton, San Francisco and way points; connects for San Jose and coast points.

11:50 a. m.—Santa Fe for Merced, Stockton and San Francisco.

11:50 a. m.—Southern Pacific Overland for Merced, San Francisco, Stockton, Sacramento; all points East and North.

11:20 p. m.—Santa Fe California Limited, Merced, Stockton and San Francisco.

TRAINS LEAVE FOR POINTS SOUTH AS FOLLOWS:

3:20 a. m.—Santa Fe for Visalia, Tulare, Bakersfield and East.

6:45 a. m.—Southern Pacific (mixed) except Sunday, for Sanger, Reedley, and Porterville.

7:00 a. m.—Santa Fe for Hanford, Corcoran, Visalia and Tulare.

8:30 a. m.—Santa Fe, Visalia local, arrives Reedley, 9:23 a. m., Visalia 9:50 a. m., Tulare, 1:20 p. m.

8:40 a. m.—Southern Pacific for Visalia, Hanford, Coalinga and Porterville.

9:35 a. m.—Southern Pacific (mixed) except, Sunday, for Clovis and Polliasky.

3:05 p. m.—Southern Pacific for Bakersfield.

3:10 p. m.—California Limited, Santa Fe, Bakersfield and East.

3:20 p. m.—Santa Fe for Visalia, Tulare and Bakersfield.

3:45 p. m.—Santa Fe for Hanford and Bakersfield.

6:20 p. m.—Southern Pacific for Visalia, Sanger, Reedley and Dinuba.

6:20 p. m.—Southern Pacific for Los Angeles and all points East.

11:09 p. m.—The Owl for Bakersfield and Los Angeles and all points East.

TRAINS ARRIVE FROM POINTS NORTH AS FOLLOWS:

3:15 a. m.—Santa Fe Overland from San Francisco, Stockton and way stations. Fresno sleeper set out.

3:10 p. m.—From Mendota and way points.

2:40 p. m.—Santa Fe from San Francisco, Stockton and way points.

3:00 p. m.—Southern Pacific from San Francisco, Sacramento and coast points.

3:00 p. m.—Santa Fe Limited from San Francisco and Stockton.

6:10 p. m.—Southern Pacific from San Francisco, Sacramento and coast.

10:30 p. m.—Southern Pacific train No. 50 from San Francisco and way stations.

11:05 p. m.—The Owl from San Francisco and way points.

TRAINS ARRIVE FROM POINTS SOUTH AS FOLLOWS:

10:50 a. m.—The Santa Fe from Bakersfield, etc.

2:33 a. m.—The Owl from Los Angeles and Bakersfield.

8:30 a. m.—Southern Pacific from Visalia, Sanger, Reedley and Dinuba.

10:30 a. m.—Southern Pacific from Bakersfield, Hanford Visalia.

11:40 a. m.—Santa Fe from Bakersfield, East.

11:35 a. m.—Overland from Los Angeles, Bakersfield, Tulare and way points.

11:10 a. m.—Santa Fe California Limited, daily, Chicago, Los Angeles and the East.

7:12 p. m.—Southern Pacific from Hanford, Visalia, Goshen and way points.

4:30 p. m.—Santa Fe from Visalia, Reedley and way points.

HARRIMAN RAILROAD INTERESTS

It seems to be generally assumed that the result of today's meeting of the directors of the Illinois Central Railroad company will be the displacement of Mr. Stuyvesant Fish as its president and the control of the "Harriman interests" over the system which connects the lakes with the gulf by its main line from Chicago to New Orleans and its feeders and connections. In the October number of "Moody's Magazine there is a significant article by Mr. John Moody on "The Growth of the Harriman Lines." When the Union Pacific system changed hands in 1898 for $53,208,865.49 in cash, which went to pay off the government lien on account of subsidy bonds of $40,253,605.49, leaving only $13,645,000 for all other claims on the property, and $27,637,455 in new bonds to take up those of the old first mortgage bondbuilders, it was reorganized with a prospective capitalization of $231,000,000, consisting of $95,000,000 four per cent bonds, $75,000,000 four per cent preferred stock and $61,000,000 common stock. It consisted then of 1849 miles of railroad, extending from Omaha and Kansas City on the east to Ogden, Utah.

An immediate extension was made to a Pacific outlet by acquiring the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon Railroad & Navigation company, adding 2080 miles to the system, and additional feeders were established which made the total mileage 5400 in 1900. The next year control was acquired of the whole Southern Pacific system by stock purchase, which included the line from New Orleans to San Francisco, the old Central Pacific from Ogden to Sacramento and the Southern Pacific's extension from San Francisco north through Sacramento to Portland, Oregon, giving the combined system about 15,000 miles of railway, extending from Omaha, Kansas City and New Orleans to the chief Pacific ports south of the state of Washington. The par capitalization is now over $1,000,000,000. It was in 1901 also that it reached out for control of the Northern lines to the Puget Sound ports, and the defeat of that effort is well remembered. Since then the ambition of the Harriman interests appears to have been directed to Eastern connections across the continent.

In speaking of "prospective expansion," Mr. Moody says: "If current reports are finally verified, the system of railroads under Harriman control or domination will shortly extend in two great lines from the Atlantic to the Pacific; they will connect New York and San Francisco by way or both Chicago and St. Louis; they will extend on the southeast from Baltimore and Washington to Seattle and Portland; they will connect Chicago and New Orleans as directly as they today connect Portland and Los Angeles." This is predicted on the fact that the Union Pacific now owns over $10,000,000 preferred stock of the Chicago and Alton and the assumption that the "Harriman interests also possess further stock holdings in the same railroad" and on the "report that the control of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad system will shortly pass to the Union Pacific." This latter, it is said, will involve "the practical domination of the Reading system by the Harriman interests, including the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company and the New Jersey railway lines and anthracite coal properties." The assumption is also clear in this article that the "Harriman control or domination" is to take in the Illinois Central. Besides all this it is stated that "Mr. Harriman is a director of and his influence is felt in the Delaware and Hudson system, the Erie and other roads, and his voice is effective in the Atchison, St. Paul and even the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania systems."

Here are intimations of a gigantic "community of interest" in control of transcontinental transportation with one dominating figure at its head, suggestive of one huge monopoly. It would need only a somewhat closer combination of Eastern lines, the annexation of the Southern railway system and an alliance with the Northern lines from the lakes west, now dominated by J. J. Hill, to be quite symmetrical, if not complete. There is an intimation from the adherents of Mr. Fish that part of the purpose in getting control of the Illinois Central, which seems now to be impending, is to interpose beforehand an obstacle to traffic in making its way from the interior to the Pacific side of the continent by way of the Panama canal and to hold it to the land lines. This must give our government special interest in the great scheme of consolidation under the "Harriman interests" apart from the formidable power which that presents in the business of "common carrying" and the regulation of commerce among the several states and with foreign nations.—Journal of Commerce.

REAL TRILBY IS A NEW YORK FAD

She Hypnotizes Herself and Under the Spell Produces Amazing Melody.

New York.—Many prominent persons interested in psychical research, including Mrs. Henry Siegel, made up part of the audience gathered in the Bowery Mission recently and heard Miss Edna Murray, a young protege of Mrs. Siegel, make her first appearance here in a remarkable series of songs under the influence of hypnotic suggestion.

The performance was more notable for the fact that Miss Murray accompanied herself on the piano and her body was not in the best condition to put the full strength into her singing. It was almost impossible to believe that it was the young woman at the piano who was singing, but Miss Murray, at her mother's suggestion, turned her face to the audience while singing, and the rich, rolling tones came from her throat as easily as if she were humming to herself some simple air.

Dr. Gustav A. Gayer, "criminologist and suggestionist," whose hypnotic demonstrations have been attended by Mrs. Siegel and other prominent society women and those interested in psychical research, was in charge of the concert, but made no suggestions of hypnotic pauses, as he explained that Miss Murphy has reached that point near excellence, where such aid is unnecessary. She hypnotizes herself by auto-suggestion and sings while under the influence.

Miss Murray intends to go to Europe to complete her musical education. She says she has no intention of going on the stage, but probably will appear often at society concerts on her return.

EATIN' FER PREMIUMS.

(C. W. R. in New York Times.)

I.

There's lots more cookin' at our house than what there used to be,
'Cause now we know 'bout premiums, an' airn 'em, don't you see?
There ain't no meat an' taters on' there ain't no beans an' peas,
Fer mother says that premiums don't ever come with these.
She bakes great lots uv biscuits out uv "Patent Feather-Light,"
An' we eat all kinds uv cereyals from mornin' until night.
Why, we almost died from eatin' fer some silver napkin rings,
'Cause we knowed wuz our duty fer to help to get the things.

II.

'Twas only jest this mornin' that I heard my father say,
"I wonder wot in thunder we air eatin' fer today."
An' it kind o' riled my mother an' she answered sharp and quick,
"You air eatin' now, Josiar, fer a silver candlestick."
Sez he, "I want some bacon with a streak us lean an' fat."
"But," sez she, "you foolish critter, premiums never come with that;
You jest wait an' see your table, 'twill be furnished like a king's,
Ef you eat all you air able fer to help to get the things."

III.

Now father sets at table with a frown upon his face,
An' glares at mother savage while she's a-suyin' grace.
And' when we got to laughin' an' did it right out loud,
Because she said the premium list when all our heads were bowed,
Father he never smiled at all, but with a awful frown
He said that he was eatin' for a golden harp an' crown,
'Cause he lowed we'd soon be angles with Patent Feather Wings,
Havin' died from overeatin' for them pesky silver things.

ROMANCE OF AN AUSTRIAN PRINCE

Prince Joseph Windisch-Graetz's sudden death at Vienna serves to recall the romance of his marriage. The princess was the famous ballerina and premiere danseuse, Marie Taglioni, who, after declining an offer of morganatic marriage on the part of Duke Frederick of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, became the honored wife of Prince Joseph Windisch-Graetz. Under ordinary circumstances, a girl of bourgeois rank marrying into such a family as that of the Windisch-Graetz, who constitute one of the mediatized or formerly sovereign houses of Central Europe, would not have been permitted to share her husband's honors and rank. But so exceptional was the position which this most famous danseuse of her day enjoyed that Prince Joseph was not considered as having rendered himself guilty of mesalliance, and while she did not go to court, her salon became one of the most popular in the Austrian capital. Indeed, it was there that Prince Kraft Hohenlohe, the military attache of the Prussian legation, at Vienna, was, according to the admissions contained in his autobiography, enabled to pick up all those pieces of information concerning the ministerial, military, and political moves in Austria which proved so invaluable to the authorities at Berlin, especially in the war between Austria and Prussia in 1866. The princess died some fourteen years ago, universally regretted and deeply mourned by her husband, who was one of the principal dignitaries of the imperial court and of the army, commanding, among other corps, the famous and historic Archer Guard.

The house of Windisch-Graetz is one of the most ancient and illustrious of Europe, having been established in Styria since the thirteenth century. Its chief is Prince Alfred, who for a number of years was prime minister of Austria, and who is now president of the Austrian house of lords. One of its members, namely, Prince Otto, is married to Archduchess Elizabeth, grandchild of the emperor and the only daughter of the late Crown Prince Rudolph. Prince Hugo Windisch-Graetz married the late Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and there have been many other matrimonial alliances of the Windisch-Graetzes with the now reigning dynasties of Europe.

In Vienna, however, the name of this family is not beloved, for the people of that gay capital can never forget that it was Field Marshal Prince Alfred Windisch-Graetz who subjected the inhabitants to all the horrors of siege, bombardment and martial law in 1848 when they had revolted against the crown and government, massacred several of the ministers, including the unfortunate Count Latour, and had driven the imperial family from the metropolis, to seek refuge in the stronghold of Olmutz.

TEACHER PENSIONED BY ARGENTINA

Twenty Years' Service as Head of Rosari Normal School Is Rewarded.

After having been for twenty years the principal of the Normal school in Rosari, province of Santa Fe, Argentine republic, Mrs. George I. Bischoff returned to America recently, says the New York Herald, with a pension from the Argentine government for the long services she has rendered.

Mrs. Bischoff is visiting her sister in Brooklyn and will remain there until she decides where she will make her future home. She will not go back to Argentina. The Normal school at Rosario is one of the most important educational institutions in South America. It was started about five years before Mrs. Bischoff took hold of it, and she remained as its principal ever since.

In the twenty years that the American woman was in South America she has been the means of sending many ambitious Argentinians to the United States to study.

"I left Argentina in April," said Mrs. Bischoff, "and spent the time since then in traveling in Europe. I may travel a little through America yet before settling down as I expect to do with my pension from the Argentine republic for the rest of my days. In the twenty years that I spent in Argentine I have seen many so-called 'revolutions,' but they all of them never took the form of anything worse than political riots. The whole trouble is that a handful of political reformers or political enthusiasts are called an army in the United States. The South Americans, while effervescent, are the best hearted people on earth, and also the most hospitable. I have never met a more courteous people in all my life than the Argentinians.

JUNTAS AGAINST NEIGHBORING GOVERNMENTS

Isn't it about time to take a good, long look at these juntas which are operating on our soil to the injury and distres of governments and peoples we pretend to regard with affectionate concern? We are anxious to make friends of the Spanish-American republics in the western hemisphere—of course, with the laudable and frugal idea of eventually capturing their trade—and it does not seem to us a very important detail of this propaganda to avoid the appearance of meddling in their political affairs.

To go further, we have for some months past given asylum to at least two juntas, which we should, on the contrary, have been only too anxious to suppress. Revolution against the Mexican government has been openly exploited in St. Louis and at various points on our side of the frontier. Revolution against the de facto government of Cuba has been openly—and successfully—exploited in New York. There has been no secret about these mischievous and hostile avencies. Their activities have been open and above board. We have housed and encouraged them without the smallest pretense of concealment. It is a singularly astounding fact, indeed, that while Secretary Root was in South America promoting with brilliant tact and persuasive force the achievement of a closer friendship with the Latin-American republics of the western world we have been nursing here at home the ferment of turmoil and disaster for at least two of them. Of course, in no instance has it been as flagrant and as indefensible as in the case of Venezuela some years ago, but it has been bad enough, and it calls for very serious consideration.

How can we expect to win the favor and good will of our neighbors to the south, and how can we persuade them of our friendship and our helpfulness, so long as they see us sheltering, protecting, even aiding outright, the notorious agents of conspiracy against the honor and welfare of the Mexican, Nicaraguan and Cuban government? These people are not fools, to be deluded by a few ornate protestations or lulled into a stupor of credulity by occasional demonstrations of pageantry and wassail. They are far shrewder than it pleases our Anglo-Saxon superiority to suppose, and they are animated by a sense of dignity and self-respect which it will pay us to realize. The Spanish-American is the soul of cordial hospitality. He welcomes accredited visitors with a grace and tasteful opulence which many of us might imitate with profit. But when the festivities cease and daylight breaks in upon the banquet hall, the South American knows to a fraction what the whole hullabaloo amounts to, and he pays the bill with imperturbable but perfectly intelligent politeness. He understands much more clearly than we think he does.

Meanwhile, these various juntas are doing us much harm, in South American opinion, than a hundred junkets can undo. The government will be wise to think of this.—Washington Post.

THE MARLBORO DIVORCE.

The Duchess May Come to America to Undo the Matrimonial Knot.

The possibility of conducting divorce proceedings in secret in the courts of New York may take the Marlborough divorce case to the former home of the duchess, who was Consuelo Vanderbilt. The World is informed that this means of escaping the publicity which is attending Anna Gould's efforts to rid herself of her titled husband in France has been considered seriously by the duchess.

The duke is prepared to drive a hard bargain in a bill of separation. He is holding out against the duchess' demand for the custody of the children, conditions which, if accepted, would be equivalent to admission on the part of the duchess that she was in the wrong. Confronted by these terms the Duchess of Marlborough has taken no legal steps to regain the possession of her children. Her inactivity in this direction has afforded excuse for much gossip and justification by the duke's friends of his lofty attitude of injured innocence.

The duke is letting it be known that he is exhausting every means at his command to obtain an absolute divorce to vindicate himself, but under the English law he can obtain no relief, though he prove his case, if his wife can establish faults on his part.

The duke is grievously cut by the sympathy extended to his wife. He feels, according to his friends, that he is the one injured and the just object of public sympathy. He is said to appreciate greatly the impartial position taken by his father-in-law, W. K. Vanderbilt. He considers the attitude of the duchess' rather singularly just, if not generous.

But by no means should it be said that the duchess has given up hope of gaining the custody of the children. They are still at Blenheim, but the castle is being dismantled and they are to go next week to stay with the duke's sister, Lady Gresley, at her home in Derbyshire. There has been a wholesale dismissal of servants at Blenheim, and only caretakers are retained.

A "for rent" sign—not literally—is hung out on Blenheim Palace, and the duke would be pleased to find some millionaire willing to undertake such a colossal lease. If he can rent the magnificent estate, which is within easy distance of London, he will have a nice sum to piece out his reduced income.

Sunderland House, where the duchess is now staying, is also to be put on the market. The duchess will have no further use for the mansion, as she intends to spend most of her time abroad.

Through these troublous times the duke is attending the sittings of the House of Lords regularly. All this week he has been assisting the bishops in securing religious teaching in the schools. His seat is in the front row of the opposition benches.—New York World.

"Bobs" a Beau Brummel.

"The greatest Indian fighter in American history has arrived in London," observes M. A. P. "The gallant general is the 'Bobs' (the Briton's pet name for General Roberts) of America. Yet, despite his valorous record and his sixty-seven years, he is a perfect Beau Brummell. With his perfectly-fitting frock coat, gray tie, gray suede gloves, tan spats, tan waistcoat, and gleaming patent leathers, this grizzled campaigner could give points to any Burlington Bertie."

Spelling Reform.

We were getting on well in our small island dwelling
With good old ideas of what's right and what ain't
With regard to our morals, our language, our spelling.
(Tho the last might provoke evil thoughts in a saint):
But President T. Roosevelt, he
Says our spelling's immoral; and so, too, must we.

It's dreadful to think we have always preferred
The spelling our misguided ancestors used,
And adhered to those modes of expressing a word
Which illiterate persons too often confused;
But President T. Roosevelt, he
Says that this kind of thing's an exploded idee.

My! Ain't it terrible! What shall we do?
We cannot go on as we are; that's plain;
We shall have to spell "through" with a t, h, r, u,
And learn all the words of our language again;
But President T. Roosevelt, he
Says that learning's what's wanted for folks such as we.

Yet, pity the golfer who misses a shot!
How can he recover his temper again,
When that word of relief for his feelings is not
Allowed to be spelt with the usual N?
But President T. Roosevelt, he
Says he don't care a (straw) for the biggest D.

We would order our language by strokes of the pen,
This marvelous type of the man in a hurry;
He has got the support of two eminent men—
The great Mr. Bradley, the great Dr. Murray;
But President T. Roosevelt, he
Says, "Why not re-edit this dictionaree?

In that great land of freedom, where language is free.
No fads should impede its expression, I guess.
Shall we too conform, in the hope we may be
Allowed to spell "Ass" with an A double S?
And President T. Roosevelt, he
Says that that is his view of the thing to a T.

COST OF ALLOONING.

I have often been asked how ballooning compared with other sports, both in cost and in enjoyment. The first cost to those who wish to soar above the clouds is smaller than in automobiling, but each ascension costs some $300. A flight may last less than an hour, or it may continue the better part of a day. The tendency is toward flights of longer duration, as invention helps the aeronaut; and with the multiplication of its devotees, particularly among the amateurs, the records will become longer, both in hours and miles.

The delights of the sport are such that they are hard to describe to one who has never experienced them. They are so intense that in the reaction after they are over, the earth seems tame and not worth while. One has almost to become acclimated on descending from the high altitudes; for a week after an ascension I have no appetite and am depressed. Incidentally, I should not recommend ballooning to a person of weak heart or nerves.

To start an ascension one must already be an enthusiast; one must make one's will, and say good bye to one's friends—and withstand the suggestion of ninety-nine out of a hundred of them that he will never come back alive. Inauspicious beginning to the most exhilarating and fascinating of sports.

When one leaves the earth the impressions come so fast that one can hardly differentiate them. They produce a kaleidoscopic effect. A man must stop and concentrate his mind on certain special sensations, or else on returning to earth he will find that he has no sensation in particular to tell about. There is the impression of the crowd of people shouting and waving their hands. Before you realize it they have vanished, as individuals. The earth sinks from you; the houses become tiny boxes, the street lines and large rivers appear brooks that you could easily jump across. The lakes are pools, and marsh land seems solid. (This latter was the cause of my friend Nocquet's landing where he did, and sacrificing his life.) Railroad trains are like crawling worms, and all the earth sounds eventually cease. At 1,000 or 2,000 feet you pass the dust line, which is as clearly marked as the line between water and air. As high as 2,600 feet there are still frequently seen butterflies, mosquitoes and other insects. Remarkably beautiful effects of clouds are seen from the balloon, especially when the sun shines on them. They often seem like snow banks and their edges are always bluish, like water, and ever give the aeronaut the sensation of approaching the ocean.

When in the clouds, you can see only the basket and its occupants; and you may suddenly drive out of them to find that you are driving straight into a mountain peak, as we did once. If you stay in the fog there is nothing to warn you of such a danger except the roaring of the wind in the tree tops, and a quick casting out of ballast may be necessary to save you from balloon wreck on the crags.—Dr. Julian P. Thomas in Appleton's.

Vassar Blonds, Blacks and Reds.

Finding this part of the school year rather lacking in sensations, twenty young women students in Vassar have organized a hockey tournament in which the competing teams shall be distinguished by the color of their hair. In a match which took place on the college campus recently the members of one team was brunettes, while their opponents were selected from among the undergraduates having red hair. After an exciting and hard-fought contest the latter won.

During the game the grounds were crowded with the friends and supporters of the contestants, who cheered vociferously for their favorites. The "blacks" made the first goal on a clever play by Miss Polly Gardiner, but following this Miss Ann Cook, of the "reds," became the star of the day by making two goals in rapid succession.

It is expected that another contest will take place in a few days. The team of blonds has challenged the victorious "reds" and is confident of winning. Many boxes of fudge have already been wagered on the result.—New York Herald.

ESKIMOS FEAST GHOSTS OF DEAD

The Eskimos of St. Michael and the lower Yukon river hold a festival of the dead every year at the end of November or the beginning of December, as well as a greater festival at intervals of several years. At these seasons food, drink and clothes are provided for the returning ghosts in the kasshim, or club house of the village, which is illuminated with oil lamps.

Every man or woman who wishes to honor a dead friend sets up a lamp on a stand in front of the place which the deceased used to occupy in the club house. These lamps, filled with seal oil, are kept burning day and night till the festival is over. They are believed to light the shades on their return to their old home and back again to the land of the dead. If anyone fails to put up a lamp in the club house and to keep it burning the shade whom he or she desires to honor could not find its way to the place, and so would miss the feast.

When a person has been much disliked his ghost is sometimes purposely ignored, and that is deemed the severest punishment that could be inflicted upon him. After the songs of invitation to the dead have been sung the givers of the feast take a small portion of food from every dish and cast it down as an offering to the shades; then each pours a little water on the floor so that it runs through the cracks. In this way they believe that the spiritual essence of all the food and water is conveyed to the souls.

The remainder of the food is afterward distributed among the people present, who eat of it heartily. Then with songs and dances the feast comes to an end and the ghosts are dismissed to their own place. Dances form a conspicuous feature of the great festival of the dead, which is held every few years. The dancers dance not only in the club house, but also at the graves and on the ice if the deceased met their death by drowning.

On the eve of the festival the nearest male relative goes to the grave and summons the ghost by planting there a small model of a seal spear or of a wooden dish, according as the dead was a man or a woman. The totems of the dead are marked on these implements.

When all is ready the ghosts gather in the firepit under the club house and, ascending through the floor at the proper moment, take possession of the bodies of their namesakes to whom the offerings of food, drink and clothing are made for the benefit of the dead. Thus each shade obtains the supplies he needs in the other world.

The dead, who have none to make offerings to them, are believed to suffer great destitution. Hence the Eskimos fear to die without leaving behind them some one who will sacrifice to their spirit and childless people generally adopt children lest their shades be forgotten at the festivals.—Forthnightly Review.

FALL OF FRANKFURTER.

French Scientists Discover that German Meat Is Tainted.

Before rejoicing over a neighbor's shortcomings, it is well to examine one's own skeleton closet for peepholes. Smug reprobation of American meat and all other cis-Atlantic products and methods was the attitude of Germany after the exposure of the Chicago evils, now corrected. But the Teutonic complacency was shortlived. France has its muckrakers, and the "revanche" arrives at last.

German canned goods partly supplanted the American manufactures in Parisian favor. But these have been examined at the municipal laboratory in Paris, and in every instance a notable proportion of harmful preservatives was found.

Germany must look at home hereafter before maligning the American hog. The frankfurter no longer can stand in conscious rectitude. Its ruddiness is known now to be the blush of guilt.

The American packer was never a monopolist in sin. The housecleaning that has been accomplished in this country is needed elsewhere. English investigators have exposed the London butchers. South Europe's olive oil comes from our cotton fields. French wines are mostly frauds. And now we know the worst of the worst.—New York Evening Mail.

Good and Bad Luck Omens.

To sneeze on Friday presages misfortune.

To see a shooting star means all sorts of good luck.

To pick up an opal argues the acceptance of some one's evil fortune.

Finding a piece of jewelry portends the bestowal of wealth.

To put on a stocking wrong side out, and the left shoe first, are both lucky.

Finding an unopened letter means the reception of good news.

To dream of a funeral is an excellent omen.

To chase away a black cat means the throwing away of good luck.

Bad luck will pursue you if you carry the handle of your umbrella down.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Danderine

GREW THIS HAIR

And we can PROVE IT

Testimonial No. 136.

MISS SELMA HABBEL, 2728 N. 42d Court, Chicago.

Danderine produces and maintains for the scalp a state of health and activity far above the normal. Its applications are healing, cooling, and very invigorating to both the hair and scalp. It shows results from the very first application. It is so efficacious that a sample bottle will, in many cases, be sufficient to prove its rare specific virtues. NOW at all druggists, three sizes. 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

ENOWLTON DANDERINE CO., Chicago.

Where the Undertaker Lost.

At an undertakers' banquet a man in black told a strange experience.

"This experience," he said, "happened to me in '84. It is a thing that I hope won't happen to none of you; for, gents, it cost me dear.

"I was hired to bury an epileptic of 56 years. He had been rich, and the ceremony was a costly one, running well up into the hundreds. Well, gents, in the middle of the ceremony we heard inside the gold-mounted coffin a ripping sound. Scared, we opened the coffin, and there was the man, alive, tearing the white satin upholstery in despair and fear.

"He had been in a fit. He hadn't been dead after all. And, if you'll believe me, he refused to pay my funeral bill—said he hadn't ordered no funeral, and he wouldn't pay for none.

"I went to the heirs. They, in their disappointment, were sore and churlish. They were poor, they said, and their uncle was rich. It wasn't for them to pay.

"In fact, though I sued the man who had come back to life, I lost my money. The judge said it wasn't his funeral, and he needn't pay for it. There was no use suing the doctor, for him and me threw a good deal of trade in one another's way professionally, and I refrained."

Always Was Sick.

When a man says he always was sick—troubled with a cough that lasted all winter—what would you think if he should say—he never was sick since using Ballards' Horehound Syrup. Such a man exists. Mr. J. C. Clark, Denver, Colorado, writes: "For years I was trouble with a severe cough that would last all winter. This cough left me in a miserable condition. I tried Ballard's Horehound Syrup and have not had a sick day since. That's what it did for me." Sold by Geo. H. Monroe.

Notice of Sale of Real Property Under Foreclosure.

SHERIFF'S SALE NO. 11031.

Grace M. Chittenden, a minor, by F. M. Chittenden, guardian, plaintiff, vs. Blanche Knowles, defendant.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California, on the 19th day of November, A. D., 1906, in the above entitled action, wherein Grace M. Chittenden, a minor, by F. M. Chittenden, guardian, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Blanche Knowles, defendant, on the 19th day of November, A. D., 1906, for the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-two and 25-100 Dollars, in lawful money of the United States, besides interest, costs and counsel fees, which said decree was on the 20th day of November, A. D., 1906, recorded in judgment book 19 of said Court, at page 322, I am commanded to sell those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the County of Fresno, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered 19, 20, 21 and 22 in Block numbered 21 of Grand Avenue Park as marked and designated upon the official map or plat of said Grand Avenue Park now on file and of record in the office of the County Recorder of said County of Fresno.

Public notice is hereby given that, on Wednesday, the 12th day of December, A. D., 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, in front of the County Court House of said Fresno County, at the southwesterly entrance thereto, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described real property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for lawful money of the United States.

Dated November 22, 1906.

J. D. COLLINS, Sheriff.
By G. P. Cummings, Under Sheriff.
Attorney for Plaintiff, E. W. Risley.

Notice for Publication.

(Isolated Tract.)

PUBLIC LAND SALE.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority vested in him by Sec. 2455, U. S. Revised Statutes, as amended by the Act of Congress approved February 26, 1895, we will proceed to offer at public sale on the 3rd day of December next at 10 o'clock a. m. at this office, the following tract of land, to-wit:

W. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 27, Tp. 11 S., R. 22 E., M. D. M.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are advised to file their claims in this office on or before the day above designated for the commencement of said sale, otherwise their rights will be forfeited.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.
WILL A. NEWCUM, Receiver.

Dated, U. S. L. O., Sacramento, Cal., October 22, 1906.

This Paper For Sale At The Following Places:

San Francisco
Ferry Building.

In Pasadena Cal.
A. F. Hornung.

In Oakland, Cal.
Noah Wheatley News Wagon.

In Bakersfield, Cal.
Bakersfield News Co.

In Tulare, Cal.
Rosenthal News Agency

In Visalia, Cal.
W. J. Bell, Stationer.

In Porterville, Cal.
J. H. James News Ag't.

Lindsay, Tulare Co., Cal.
M. W. Grace.

In Exeter, Tulare Co., Cal.
F. W. Mixter.

In Lemoore, Kings Co.
Frank Bullard.

In Hanford, Cal.
N. Weisbaum.

In Coalinga, Cal.
G. M. Hughes.

In Laton, Cal.
T. G. Spike.

In Kingsburg, Cal.
E. M. Kimberlin.

In Los Banos
J. E. Place

In Madera, Cal.
C. F. Preciado & Co.

In Merced
Ordway & Son.

In Modesto
Carpenter & De LaMater.

In Selma
C. F. Unger

Notice of Time Appointed for Proving Will, Etc.

In the Superior Court of the county of Fresno, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Edward Stack, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Monday, the 26th day of November, 1906, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the court room of said court, Department No. 1, at the courthouse, in the city of Fresno, in said county of Fresno, has been appointed by the clerk of said court as the time and place for proving the will of said Edward Stack, deceased, and for hearing the application of S. F. Hobbler for the issuance to him of letters testamentary, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated November 9, 1906.

W. O. MILES, Clerk.
By D. M. Barnwell, Deputy Clerk.
E. D. EDWARDS,
Attorney for Petitioner.

Alias Summons.

No. 11,515.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

Department No. One. Samuel Rosenheim, Attorney for Plaintiff.

W. H. Kent, plaintiff, vs. Colbert Coldwell, G. L. Butler, George D. Easton and Hattie G. Easton, individually, and as executor and executrix respectively of the last will and testament of George Easton, deceased; Wendell Easton, John Doe, Richard Roe, Mary Doe, Lucy Roe, First Doe, Second Doe, Third Doe, Fourth Doe and Fifth Doe, defendants.

The people of the State of California send greeting to Colbert Coldwell, G. L. Butler, George D. Easton and Hattie G. Easton, individually, and as executor and executrix, respectively, of the last will and testatment of George Easton, deceased; Wendell Easton, John Doe, Richard Roe, Mary Doe, Lucy Doe, First Doe, Second Doe, Third Doe, Fourth Doe and Fifth Doe, defendants.

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court of the said County of Fresno, State of California, within ten days after the service on you of this Summons—if served within this County; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer as above required the said Plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint, as arising upon contract, or he will apply to the Court for any other relief demanded in the Complaint.

Given under my hand and seal of the Superior Court of the said County of Fresno, State of California, this 22nd day of October, A. D. 1906.

(Seal) W. O. MILES, Clerk.
By D. M. Barnwell, Deputy Clerk.

Assessment Notice—T. C. Oil Company

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors held on the 5th day of November, 1906, an assessment (No. 2) of five cents per share was levied upon the issued capital stock of the corporation payable immediately to the secretary, J. W. Crowley, at his office in Visalia, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on December 5th, 1906, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 2d day of January, 1907, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. W. CROWLEY, Secretary.
Office in County Assessor's office, Visalia, California.

Notice of Assessment.

American Colony Canal and Irrigation company. Place of business, American Colony, Fresno county, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the American Colony Canal and Irrigation company held on the 10th day of November, 1906, an assessment of five ($5.00) dollars per share was levied on the subscribed capital stock of the corporation payable immediately to the secretary, R. K. Smith, at his residence, American Colony, Fresno county, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 20th day of December, 1906, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 20th day of January, 1907, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the board of directors.

R. K. SMITH,
Secretary American Colony Canal and Irrigation company.

Order to Show Cause.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mason Hirsh, Deceased.

Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be made and ordering publication.

Henry A. Jacobs, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Mason Hirsh, deceased, having filed his petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

It is therefore ordered by the said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Superior Court on Monday, the 10th day of December, 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Superior Court, at Department No. 2 thereof, in the Court House, County of Fresno, State of California, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administrator with the Will annexed, to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks in The Fresno Morning Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said Fresno County.

Dated November 9, A. D. 1906.

GEO. E. CHURCH,
Judge of the Superior Court.

Henry G. W. Dinkelspiel, Attorney for Administrator, San Francisco, Cal.

Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Philip Hedges, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned executor of the last will and testament of Henry Philip Hedges, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to said executor at the law office of M. F. McCormick, rooms 1 and 2, Fresno National Bank building, Fresno, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the county of Fresno, California.

WM. SHAW, Executor.
M. F. McCORMICK, Attorney.

Date of first publication, November 17, 1906.

BUSINESS CARDS.

BON BONNIERE Candy Factory, hot drinks and tamales; wholesale and retail. 1022 I St. Phone Main 1132.

FRESNO MILLINERY, opposite Hughes entrance. Genuine bargain sale in swell trimmed hats, coque feathers, plumes, shapes, roses and all supplies.

HENRY VIEZ, FINE TAILORING for gentlemen and ladies garments. Formerly with Redfern, Paris. Over Dorsey-Robinson.

FONG KEE—First-class restaurant at Mendota. Will serve all kinds of meals 25 cents up. Best attention to all boarders. Successor to Hop Lee. Will be glad to receive Hop Lee's old patrons and will guarantee them the same attention.

MAKING FACES and developing for amateurs. That's about all we know. Royal Photo Studio, Kern and M Sts.

W. D. BARNES has all kinds of lumber for sale at his mill on Pine Ridge. Postoffice Auberry.

MRS. ROBB, Fresno's famous medium, is here. 1913 Tulare St., room 10.

JUSEPI ASORIZZI AND BRO., practical gardener and florist, taking care residence yards a specialty; prices reasonable and work guaranteed. Phone Main 558.

STAR RESTAURANT—The best 15c meal in town. 852 I St.

AUCTION Price Furniture Co.—Bargains on all kinds of furniture and household goods; top price for second-hand furniture. 1125 K St., Main 2517.

DOW and MARTIN, real estate, 1139 I St., Fresno. Phone Main 591.

CITY FURNITURE CO.—New and second-hand furniture, stoves, hardware, etc., bought, sold and exchanged. Goods repaired, packed and shipped. 1143 K street. Phone Main 1877.

MONO FEED AND LIVERY STABLES—First-class livery rigs at reasonable rates. Main 975. O. E. White.

SAMPLE BROS.—Feed and livery stable, 1820 Merced St., between H and I. Phone Main 484.

FUJI PHOTO STUDIO—Y. Sei proprietor. 935 F St. Phone China 633.

MISS SEIBERT—Flowers and Art Goods. 1150 I St. Phone Main 2975.

MRS. L. B. GALLOWAY, Shampooing, hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage, scalp treatment and chiropody. Phone Main 1198. Commercial Hotel. Work done at your home.

HELLO, Main 471. Is this French Dye Works? Like you to clean our clothes.

FRESNO TENT, AWNING and Carpet Cleaning Co., 1824 Fresno. Phone Main 663.

ROYAL CAFE—1836 Mariposa street. Excellent 20c meals. Phone Main 540.

FRESNO UPHOLSTERING CO., Phone Main 2844; 1221 I street.

CARPETS—Fresno Steam Carpet Cleaning and renovating Works takes up, cleans and relays carpets. Phone Main 285. Wm. M. Story.

T. E. HUFF—Feed and livery stables, cor. Fresno and H. Main 639.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS.

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC—1104 O St. Instructions on piano and theory. Winter term begins Monday, Nov. 26th.

PIANO tuning. F. H. Chamberlain, 840 L, phone Main 617. ... work guaranteed.

MISS KNOWLES—Piano, organ and voice instruction. Studio, room 3, over P. O. Phone Main 720. Residence 472.

MISS GRACE CRAWFORD—teacher of piano; lessons 50c. 709 N St.

THE WANRELL VOCAL STUDIO. The correction of faulty tone production. 1539 M.

S. SAMELSON, 140 Wagner avenue, teacher of violin. Tel. Main 737. Terms moderate.

BELL T. RITCHIE—Instruction in vocal culture, 1527 M St. Phone State 2276.

MRS. L. MANSFIELD JENKINS, instructor mandolin, guitar and banjo. 430 J street. Main 1962.

DON PARDEE RIGGS, teacher of violin and voice.

MRS. DON PARDEE RIGGS, teacher of voice. Studios 1444 L St.

FOR SALE—STOCK.

FOR SALE—Span of horses, harness and buggy for sale cheap; one first-class surrey, good as new. 1152 J St. I. S. Knight.

FOR SALE—One driving horse, harness and rubber-tired surrey as good as new. N. Goth, 1117 P St.

GOOD RIGS and good horses at the Crescent Stables. Try us. Phone Main 492.

FOR SALE—A cow and horse or will trade horse for a cow. Call (not on Sunday) 921 Calisch St.

FOR SALE CHEAP—2 No. 1 fresh Jersey cows. 135 Poplar avenue.

FOR SALE—3 fresh cows, including one nice Jersey. 303 Abbey St.

FOR SALE—Delivery horse cheap. Benham Ice Cream Co., 1309 J St.

GOOD RACE HORSE for sale. A good Jersey milk cow. Rare chance. For particulars see John Peters, 2323 Fresno St.

FOR SALE—Good, sound, gentle, driving horse, weight about 1000; perfectly sound. Call at Hulm Ave., near Blackstone, or address W. S., P. O. Box 1065.

FOR SALE — Thoroughbred Poland China boar. Eisen vineyard.

FOR SALE—Draft horses, five mules, a few mares at Empire Stables. D. J. Canty.

FOR SALE—Two work horses. Apply 644 K St.

FOR SALE—A horse, about 1000 lbs.; quiet, for lady or children, to ride or drive. Also a good young cow. Address P. O. Box 706, or telephone State 2132.

FOR SALE—Span good mules; weight about 1100 lbs. Call Anderson Bros., 1¼ miles south Fresno Winery.

WANTED—To contract the sale of calves for six months from 25 choice cows. P. C. Campbell. P. O. Box 1023 Fresno.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. G. W. Dowda, 1455 I St.

WANTED—To lend $4000 on real estate security. Call on or address Miles Wallace, Fiske Bldg., Fresno.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate. Address P. O. box 1333, Fresno.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

A GENERAL TAILOR wanted. S. Koplan, 1028 I.

STRONG young men, for firemen and brakemen on California and other railroads. Experience unnecessary. Firemen, $100 monthly, become engineers and earn $200. Brakemen $75, become conductors and earn $150. Name position preferred. State age, height, weight (important). Railway Association, care Fresno Republican.

WANTED—Bright young man for general office work; must understand shorthand and typewriting; opportunity for advancement. Apply S., box 6, Republican.

WANTED—A youth to learn the optical business. Dr. F. M. Kearns, 2036 Mariposa St.

PEOPLE'S EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Reliable help furnished. 1307 I St., phone Main 2650.

WANTED—Reliable and trustworthy agents in every city and community to sell teas, coffees and specialties. Reply with references. F. W. Sparr, 114 Market St., Los Angeles.

RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Help wanted and supplied. 1217 K St. Main 2562.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds good boys. 913 China alley. China 291.

AGUIRRE'S RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT office. Furniture, stock, implements, etc., bought and sold on commission. 935 J St., Fresno, Cal. Phone Main 2893.

JAPANESE HELP—K. Tomita, general labor contractor. Room 22, Fiske Building. Phone Main 675.

JAPANESE HELP—Labor contracting. Kamikawa Bros., G and Kern streets. Tel. Main 88.

WANTED— Miscellaneous.

WANTED—2 sunny furnished rooms centrally located for man and wife, with board and bath. Address M. Box.

WANTED—To rent dairy ranch with 30 or more cattle; can give good reference. Apply Mistress A. J. Smith, Bridge, Cal.

WANTED—A pair of buckskin horses from 850 to 1000 lbs. each. Must ride and drive well. State age and price. P. O. Box 808, Fresno, Cal.

WANTED—One good milk cow, Jersey preferred. Call or address J. Nelson, 425 San Pablo St.

WANTED—To rent for cash, small improved place near town. Address Cash, 1839 Tulare street.

WANTED—Unfurnished house, 25 rooms or more, or furnished house, cheap for cash. Mrs. M., Box 668, Fresno P. O.

WANTED—To rent a furnished house of about 8 rooms for the winter. George C. Roeding, 1225 J St., or Main 90.

WANTED—Young Jersey bull. Address J. L. Rutherford, R. R. No. 6.

WANTED—From $200 to $2,000,000 to invest in Berkeley real estate; no investment so safe; no speculation so sure; no better time to buy than now. Write for information to H. A. Johnson Crane Co., 2139 Center St., Berkeley.

SECOND-HAND BICYCLES and parts. Dishman's cyclery, 1929 Fresno St. Main 668.

WANTED—To lease vineyard. Sun Hong On Co., 955 G. China 181.

WANTED—To rent by December 1st, furnished or unfurnished cottage. Address E. E. Welborn, P. O. Box 64.

WANTED—Bids for the construction of ditches near Reedley, Cal. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of L. L. Cory, Fresno, and at the office of Lyon Land Co., Reedley. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. S. F. Earl, 810 Eddy St., San Francisco.

WANTED—Second-hand furniture and stoves at City Furniture Co. 1143 K St. Phone Main 1877.

WANTED—Single and family washing and ironing. Work guaranteed. Phone Main 1386.

WANTED—Buff Plymouth Rock hens. Call 1134 P St., Fresno.

LOST.

LOST—At Barton Friday evening, gents' stick pin, set with small pearl. Finder Phone Main 1155. Reward.

LOST—Nanny goat, all white, 1 horn shorter than other; also whiskers gone. Finder return to 1220 K, receive reward.

LOST—Gold nugget, as stickpin. Finder ring Main 2220. Reward.

LOST—Black pocketbook containing money, papers and Music Club membership ticket. Leave at Republican office or call up Red 954.

LOST—Lady's gold watch. Finder leave at Republican office and receive reward.

LOST—12 or 15 bars of iron, between Fresno and Clovis. Finder please notify Wellbourn Bros., Clovis.

LOST—Small yellow purse. Finder return to Grand Central hotel and receive reward.

LOST—All faith in cheap plumbers. Foin Bros., corner J and Merced Sts. Will do my plumbing in the future. Mrs. Hygienic.

LOST—About three weeks ago, between Bonner's Packing House and A. P. Darling's, a white Spitz dog about five months old. Reward for return to 1842 Mariposa St., or notify Box 1238, Fresno.

LOST—Diamond ring, S. F. yards, Tulare St. Return to L. E. Blakesley, Novelty theater, and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—Gent's wheel. Inquire 734 C St., prove property and pay for ad.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

GEORGE A. CUSTER CIRCLE, No. 18, Ladies of the G. A. R., meets first and third Saturday afternoons of each month at 1:30 o'clock, Risley hall on Fresno street.
MARY SWEET, Pres.
ALZOA BOMGARDNER, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.
CENTRAL CALIFORNIA LODGE NO. 43—Meets Thursday, 8 p. m., I. O. O. F. hall.

I. O. O. F.
FRESNO LODGE, No. 186—Meets Monday, 8 p. m., I. O. O. F. hall.

ATLANTA POST, G. A. R., meets the first and third Saturdays at 2 p. m. of each month at Risley hall, Fresno street. All members in good standing invited.
H. D. GROSS, Com.
H. V. PARKER, Adjt.

FRESNO AERIE—Meets every Monday, 8 p. m., K. P. hall.
H. M. DENNISON, Secretary.

CHILDREN'S Home Society of California. Mrs. Annie M. Wilcox, district superintendent. 122 Angus street.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Girl for housework and cooking; small family; good wages. 2229 Stanislaus St.

WANTED—A girl to work in a tailor shop. S. Koplan, 1028 I St.

WANTED—A good cook. 948 K St.

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for cooking and general housework on vineyard; 3 in family; wages $25. B., Box 7, Republican.

WANTED—A good competent girl for general housework. Apply mornings at 1015 N St., Mrs. George H. Monroe.

WANTED—Jacket hands for suit and cloak department. Apply at Gottschalk's.

WANTED—Experienced wrappers for wrapping department. Good wages paid. Apply at Gottschalk's.

LADY office assistant with some knowledge of stenography and good at figures; wages to start $30. Address H., box 11, this office.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Mrs. C. T. Cearley, 1450 L street.

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework; good wages. Call 1749 L St.

WANTED—Girl to do cooking and housework. Scandinavian preferred. 1007 R Street.

HATS MADE and trimmed, your material used. Miss Glenn, residence 1730 J St. Phone Main 1303.

WANTED—Woman to do cooking and general housework; good wages. Inquire at office of George C. Roeding, 1225 J St.

WANTED—A good cook and housekeeper at Mrs. C. Shannon's, Tulare; Cal., R. R. No. 1; wages $25.

FOR SALE— Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—A modern cottage. See owner, 424 L St.

FOR SALE—Alfalfa hay in stack or delivered. J. Turnbull. Tel. State 2453. Scales on ranch.

FOR SALE—A one-story building 45 by 50. Must be moved at once. Call at Valley Livery Stable, cor. G and Mono.

FOR SALE—For cash, upright Chickering piano almost new, $350. Address P., Box 10, Fresno Republican.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A new and elegantly furnished lodging house centrally located, 43 rooms. Call upon A. D. Smith, Forsyth Building, office of DeWitt H. Gray & Co., between 10 and 12 a. m., Monday.

FOR SALE—Wood $3 per cord at Auberry Valley by G. M. Bonnell.

FOR SALE—Turkeys 22 cents per lb. delivered. Phone Main 2270.

FOR SALE—600 posts, also first-class single driving team, buggy and harness, cheap. Call Main 1988.

FOR SALE—Fine pigskin English saddle. Inquire 1128 J street.

FOR SALE—A baby jumper, nearly new; folding bed and cradle with mattress. Inquire 1244 L.

FOR SALE—One stack A1 second crop alfalfa hay. Main 1127.

FOR SALE CHEAP Share in Fresno Rochdale Co. Address I. V. Chapman, Fowler.

FOR RENT—9-room house with part of furniture for sale. 1405 L.

FOR SALE—One-story frame building to be moved off the ground known as the Page school house, corner of Jensen and Cedar avenues. The Board of Trustees will receive sealed bids and sell to the highest bidder. The bids will be opened at 4.30 o'clock December 12, 1906. Address all bids to John Finity, clerk. Mark bids on school house.
JOHN FINITY
M. KAVANAGH,
A. T. YERGIN,
Trustees of Page School Dist.

FOR SALE—First-class grain hay, baled. Inquire A. U. Warnekros, State 2173.

FOR SALE—Good 2-chair barbershop. Call or address 1828 Stanislaus St., Fresno.

FOR SALE—The Iowa House furniture, complete; will take some stock in exchange. House full of roomers and boarders. 945 N.

FOR SALE—One Indian motor cycle, model 1906, 2¼ horse power; good as new. Apply Republican office.

IF YOU WANT APRICOT shells, call up Main 115. $4.25 per ton.

FOR SALE—Oakland lodging house, centrally located, 20 rooms nicely furnished. 2031 Mariposa street.

FOR SALE—100 tons of baled wheat hay: not damaged; $9.50 per ton, at Qualls ranch, 2 miles north of Sanger.

FOR SALE—1 open rubber tire buggy, nearly new, $75, and single harness, $15. Fashion Stable, 1134 H St.

FOR SALE—Good buggy and harness. 2319 Thomas Ave.

FOR SALE—Or will trade for land, one automobile in first-class condition. Address Auto, Box 19, Republican.

HOTEL FOR SALE—26 rooms completely furnished; long lease on building; cheap rent. This is a snap. Address E. M. Dineen, Clovis, Cal.

PUMPKINS FOR SALE cheap. Apply Fancher Creek Nursery, 1225 J. Tel. Main 90.

FOR SALE—300 tons best baled wheat hay; never wet; near Sanger. Kamikawa Bros. Main 88.

FOR SALE—26 boxes of tomatoes and 200 pounds of fine comb honey, at the Huff stable, corner of Fresno and H Sts. Telephone 639 Main.

FOR SALE—Grain hay in stacks; 1 mile north of city limits. Address 731 Fresno, or Phone S. 785. Scales on ranch.

FOR SALE—Second-hand bicycles, from $5 up, at the Fresno Cyclery, 1215 K.

CHOICE ALFALFA HAY for sale, in field or delivered. Call Main 1222.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGENTS—Canvassers, mixers, peddlers, solicitors, mail order people, etc., should buy Kramer's Book of Trade Secrets. Regular price $5, but bal of last edition for $1.25 as long as they last. Guaranteed. Order quick. Sioux Pub. Co., Sutherland, Iowa.

MISS HARVEY'S KINDERGARTEN—Afternoons, Kohler Hall, Merced near K. Phone Red 1625.

H. L. CHAMBERLAIN has opened an exclusive carriage trimming shop at 855 J street.

AUTO AND BUGGY TOPS a specialty; cushions, fringes and enameled cloth. Old tops recovered. H. L. Chamberlain, 855 J street.

WANTED—Chickens and calves. Ventura Market, 812 J St. Main 662.

ESTRAYED.

ESTRAYED From Helm ranch, one brown horse mule 12 years old, weighs about 1050. Branded 22 on left hip. Finder please notify Helm Co.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—20 acres.
9 acres Muscats and Thompson Seedless.
8 acres peaches; balance in alfalfa; good buildings; water right: $3150; only $1500 cash, balance 1-2-3-4 years.
40 acres, $3250.
15 acres Muscats, Sultanas, apricots and peaches; balance unimproved; water right; no buildings. This place is paying $1000 per year. Terms, $1250 cash, balance at $500 per year.
20 acres unimproved.
12 acres leveled; soil good; fine location; no water right; $50 per acre.
G. J. Nees, with
KNIGHT & EWING CO., 1118 J St.

FOR SALE—
20 acres Muscats in full bearing; soil heavy red loam; border of fig trees. Trays and boxes; no building. This place is a fine investment. It has paid $1200 net per year to owner for several years. Price, $6000; 1-3 cash, balance on reasonable terms.
Unimproved land.
We have some good 20s and 40s five miles from Fresno at $40 per acre. ¼ cash, balance 1-2-3 years; no water right. G. J. Nees, with
KNIGHT & EWING CO., 1118 J St.

ORANGE LANDS PAY LARGEST returns. Secure a lot in Valencia Colony now. Prices are sure to advance rapidly in this famous orange district. We will give a building lot in Granada absolutely free, for a short time, to anyone who will build a residence at once.
Attend the Porterville Citrus Fair, Dec. 4th to 8th. Excursion to Granada on Fresno Day, Dec. 7th. Illustrated circular free. Write us.
HABER BROS. & CO., 1140 J St.

FOR SALE—40 acres ten miles east. Kutner Colony, subirrigated; 30 in 4-year old Muscats and Emperors; 10 raw; $7000; good terms. This is a fine property. S. F., Box 11, Republican.

FOR SALE—40 acres in Temperance Colony, well improved. Phone State 2124.

FOR SALE, any price, almost given away—4-room house new, ¼ acre improved; flowers, fruit and shade trees, force pump, chicken house, fine fence. Leaving Nov. 25th. Florence Addition. Address B. S., Box 19, Republican office.

FOR SALE—4-room house, almost new to be removed immediately. Big bargain. F. G., Box 16, Republican office.

FOR SALE—Three choice lots, corner Van Ness and Voorman aves., looking down head of K St. Elegant building location. Right price. P.O. Box 1052.

FOR SALE—Eighty acres all in full-bearing Muscats; good soil; near Fresno; will sell 40. Price $250 per acre.
Forty acres close in, all in 4-year-old Muscats and peaches; good house, barn and outbuildings. This is a snap. Price $11,500.
160 acres all in alfalfa, all fenced and cross-fenced; large house, barn and sheds. Only $75 per acre.
Twenty acres near Clovis, all in Faherzago and Zinfandel vines. 4 years old. A bargain at $5,500.
Five-acre tracts at $375. $100 cash, balance in 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years at 5 per cent interest. Build a small house of your own and stop paying rent.
One-acre lots adjoining the city at any old terms.
Lots and houses for sale in all parts of the city.
Crutcher & Hansen,
1605 J St.

FOR SALE—One of the best 40-acre places in the country, for $7,500. 45 acres 3 miles east of Fresno on car line, all in good vineyard, price $12,500. 40 acres 4½ miles from Fresno in vineyard, orchard and alfalfa, good 6-room house, barn, trays, boxes, 4 cows and hay, all for $3,500. This is a snap. Two lots on Van Ness Ave., $350; two lots on Calaveras Ave., $600, and other great bargains in properties. C. Erickson, 1140 J St.

($18,000) sixty-acre vineyard for sale, all in grapes, Malagas, Zinfandels and raisin grapes; six miles from Fresno, the W. N. Snow place; house, seven rooms, barns, sheds, boxes, trays, wagons, horses—everything goes with the place. Address E. A. Roach, Box 86, R. R. No. 8, or Mrs. W. N. Snow, 941 West 23rd St., Los Angeles, Cal.

FOR SALE—New 5-room cottage in good location, to be built at once. Will change plans to suit purchaser. Easy terms. Haber Bros. Co.

FOR SALE—Near modern cottage at 1320 P St. Two lots well improved. Household furniture included. Must be sold. Party leaving town. Call 3 to 4 p. m.

$8500—100 ACRES ALFALFA, Peaches and vines; buildings, water, no alkali or hardpan. Easy terms. Good property and a fine investment.
$12,500—45 acres 4 miles east: full bearing Malagas and Muscats: trays, boxes, Fancher Creek soil; $5500 cash, balance easy terms.
$12,000 40 acres near Barton vineyard; full bearing Muscats and Malagas; fine property; close in; buildings, trays, boxes, 2-3 cash. We recommend this as an A1 place.
$10,000—80 acres peaches, Malaga vines and alfalfa; near Fowler. Fine buildings; $3500 worth of personal property, horses, cows, hogs, chickens; all tools, creamery outfit, separator, furniture, etc. All ready for business; fine home with good income; half cash.
$5000—20 acres Malagas on White Bridge road, 5 miles out; full bearing; no buildings; good property; well located; terms.
$2500—40 acres of fine alfalfa land now being checked up, fenced and cross fenced; house, barn, pumping plant; 8 miles just north of Kearney's. Half cash, balance easy terms.
$4000—80 acres orange land adjoining Centerville groves. Half cash.
$80 per acre—240 acres land east of Clovis; will subdivide; ¼ down, 6 years' time on balance; fine land.
$4000—20-acre stock and fruit ranch; 10 acres alfalfa; balance trees and vines; cows, hogs, hay, farming tools, buildings; half cash.
$3000—20 acres vines and trees 1 to 4 years old; fine soil, good location north of Scandinavian winery. A good buy and cheap.
$2100—Fine modern 6-room house on T St.; shade, flowers, lawn, stable; $500 down; snap.
LINDSAY ORANGE LANDS $80 and $90; 6 years' time. The best in the district.
We have been authorized to offer for sale the well-known Wickersham place on the Centerville road, north of Sanger, consisting of about 185 acres of fine vineyard (Muscats and Malagas) and 115 acres of alfalfa and pasture; this valuable property produced over 37 per cent on the price asked this year and we can recommend it as a fine investment. Full particulars on application.
H. H. ALEXANDER & CO.
1050 J Street.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TRADE BY OWNER—3 lots, 2 five-room cottages, 13-room rooming house and grocery store combined. Will sell in whole or in part. Call or address E. A. Smith, 2546 Ventura. Telephone Main 1895.

FOR SALE—Modern 4-room cottage, 2 lots fenced. Apply 1244 Q St.

DeWITT H. GRAY & CO.

We have 100 acres just south of Minnewawa vineyard. Will sell in 40-acre tracts; 4-year time payments. Red-sandy loam, level, sub-irrigated. Price very attractive.

20 and 40-acre vineyards on which our contracts and present prices only hold until first of the year. Call now, the price will jump when we relist.

We have clients who will pay good cash rent for vineyards and orchards, season 1907.

City residence at snap price. J. Hixson home, corner Sacramento and "I" streets.

DeWITT H. GRAY & CO.,
Forsyth Building.

FOR SALE—A nice 8-acre home on the car line east of town.
40 acres 4 miles out of town, nice house and barn, about one half in vines and alfalfa; $5500; easy terms.
40 acres 3½ miles out, all in vines, trees and alfalfa, some buildings; $7500.
We have a few sections of land in the Caruthers country for $10 per acre. This land will double in value in a short time.
J. H. RAFFERTY, 1945 Tulare St.

SACRIFICED.
$200—Will buy that splendid corner at 403 O St. Improvements consisting of a 5-room dwelling, fruit trees, cement sidewalks and other convenience. Balance of $800 can be paid in monthly installments of $15.
$100 cash down will give you possession of a neat 5-room plastered cottage, nearly new, situated on Nevada Ave. Lots neatly fenced. Balance of $800 at $15 per month.
$15 per month with small cash payment takes two fine lots and residence of 5 rooms on Thesta street.
$500 and $35 per month will purchase a new 9-room modern residence on O St., near car line. Excellent location.
$300 cash and $20 monthly for a beautiful home of 7 rooms near S. P. roundhouse. Two lots nicely fenced, cement sidewalk, good shade.
These properties with several others now in our possession must be closed out at once. Buy now. For bargains—
PEARSON'S EXCHANGE,
Next to P. O.

TH. AARESTRUP.
1930 Tulare St.
160 acres adjoining Tipton. Fine level land; no hardpan or alkali. $17 per acre, easy terms.
320 acres adjoining Pixley, in lots to suit, $17.50 per acre, ¼ cash; good grape land.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME LOTS
On Blackstone Ave., north of Belmont Ave.
Lots $110 and up—$10 down, $1 a week. No interest, no taxes.

Buy now before the demand enhances values.

L. W. KLEIN & CO.
Fiske Block. Room 17.

FOR SALE—20 acres, 10 in Muscats, $2500; also 5-room house, barn, 3 lots, $1200. See owner, 3015 Ventura avenue.

FOR SALE—Four half acre lots on Iowa St. at $275 each. "Owner," Box 11, Republican.

FOR SALE—Two houses and lots, 50 x 150, corner Q and Merced streets. Inquire City Bakery, Geo. M. Kohler.

FOR SALE CHEAP—On easy terms, lots 85 and 86, Fresno Colony. 2½ miles from city; on canal. All fenced and summer fallowed. L. S. Weymouth. Phone State 2356.

BARGAINS.
3068 acres, Kern county, 1 1-2 miles east of S. P. R. R., $8 per acre.
3500 acres same location, $10 per acre.
$5250—20 acres all Zinfandel vines 3 to 7 years old. 3 miles N. E. of Fresno. Terms. (No. 450.)
$3200—20 acres solid Muscats, east of town; $1200 cash, bal. 3 years. (No. 561.)
$4000—20 acres solid Muscats; east of town; brings over 1 ton to the acre. (No. 549.)
$8000—40 acres improved near Kingsburg. (No. 563.)
$11,000—40 acres highly improved place near Dinuba. (No. 567.)
$9000—40 acres improved near Oleander. (No. 575.)
$16,000—80 acres improved near Fowler. $3000 worth of personal property included. (No. 584.)
$1500—10 acres 3 miles from Fresno; 7 1-2 acres peaches, bal. unimproved. (No. 585.)
Catalogues on application.
SUNSET REALTY COMPANY.
Main 531. 1928 Mariposa St.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Building 40x45, suitable for store or storeroom. Inquire Geo. M. Koehler, City Bakery.

FOR SALE—2½ acres improved land with house and barn, near town; barn will store 40 tons hay, windmill and tank house; also family orchard; $2250. ½ cash, or will trade for Fresno city inside property, improved. Inquire 1257 P St.

FOR SALE—A nine room, thoroughly modern house, two blocks north of courthouse; also five room cottage on Abby street. Inquire 1316 L street.

FOR SALE—640 acres nice and level, no alkali, no hardpan; water only 24 feet; good watermelon land; only $7 per acre. P. O. Box 21, Fresno.

FOR SALE—40 acres near Fresno; 20 in raisin grapes; fine bearing condition; balance excellent land all leveled and fenced. Bearing figs around the 40. Plenty of water. Price $6000. Address for terms, P. O. Box 808, Fresno.

FOR SALE—120 acres on Main avenue, 1¼ miles from Reedley. New house, new barn, windmill, fences, etc.; 60 acres planted in choice peach trees. A snap. Address Jesse Jansen and F. M. Blanchard, Grand Central Hotel, Fresno.

FOR SALE—5-room cottage in 1700 block on I street. Inquire 1317 J.

BUTTER PARK.
VILLA LOTS. VILLA LOTS.
5, 10, 20 and 40 acre plots. Full bearing vineyards which will pay for themselves with crop.
Electric cars from the center of the city to the property every few minutes.
Terms, one-fourth cash, balance at 6 per cent per annum, three annual payments.
For map, diagram and full details apply
Shepherd, Teague Co.

FOR SALE—Real Estate (Con.)

FIVE ACRES land east of S. P. R. road; faces on Belmont avenue, $1400. F. M. Chittenden, 1152 I St.

FOR SALE—The finest improved and paying 40 acres in Fresno county, close to town, nice neighborhood; 17 acres 9 years old, muscats; 4 acres 3 years old, muscats; 12 acres 4 years old, peach trees, very fine; 5 acres 3 years old, seedless sultanas; 1½ acres, alfalfa. Windmill and tank, water piped all through the house and into the barnyard. Price $12,000, terms. A. S. Blair & Co., 1040 I St., upstairs.

FOR SALE—20 acres improved, five acres Muirs, 5 acres Alberta peaches, 1 acre apricots, 1 of mixed fruits, 5 acres Emperor grapes 1 year old, 2 acres Thompson's seedless, house, barn and outbuildings, 2 horses, 2 cows, chickens, implements, 2 wagons, buggy. Apply J. W. Sims, owner, 1 mile south of Roeding schoolhouse, Clinton and Chittenden aves.

W. H. SMITH & CO.
Real Estate.
Vineyard and alfalfa land a specialty.
1142 I St., Tel. Main 193.
20 acres in Lone Star, 12 acres in Muscats, 5 acres in Sultanas, balance unimproved. This land is first-class in every respect, free from alkali or hardpan. It is one of the best locations in the country and a splendid producer. Price $4000, one-half cash, balance easy terms.
20 acres in Lone Star, 10 acres in in 3-year-old Muscats, balance unimproved, free from alkali or hardpan, fine building location. The vineyard itself is worth the money. Price $2500, half cash, balance long time.

IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS INcome property, buy this one: 20 acres full bearing Muscats, fig trees on both sides: dryer, shed, well, trays, boxes and all implements. About 2½ miles from Fresno; strictly first-class soil, one of the best producing vineyards of Fresno. Don't fail to see this before you buy. Price $5800. A. G. Seklemian, Room 14, 1033 J St. Phone Main 873.

J. M. COLLIER CO.
1945 Tulare St.
20 acres in Lone Star. Full bearing vines, fine soil, nicely located, good income property. A snap at $4300; terms.
40 acres 3 miles from city, all improved. Small house and barn, good soil; a bargain at $7500; $2000 cash, balance long time.

BUY A HOME ON THE Turlock Irrigation district. We grow peaches, apricots, grapes, sweet potatoes, alfalfa, melons, figs and oranges. Your choice of 2000 acres in subdivisions to suit. Price $50 to $75 per acre, on easy terms. For particulars write to C. N. Whitmore Co., Turlock, Cal.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two 5-room houses in good repair. Main 1988.

FOR SALE—Or trade, for country property, 4-room hard finished house on Nielsen avenue, bath and buildings. Apply 170 Nielsen avenue.

FOR SALE—One of the most beautiful modern residences on Forthcamp for $2450 on any terms if taken by November 21st. San Joaquin Investment Co., 1154 I. Main 290.

FOR INVESTMENT—

"Lindsay Acres."
(Orange Lands.)

For Sale by the
PERALTA INVESTMENT CO.
1036 J Street.

FOR SALE.
160 acres west of city; 130 acres in alfalfa; all under good system of irrigation, ditched and checked. All fenced and cross fenced; 24-horse-power plant. Price $75 per acre; half cash, balance on good terms.
40 acres—8 acres Muir peaches, 6 Sultanas, 2 in alfalfa, 14 in Muscat, 10 in grain land. Good water right, 4-room house, good barn; 25 tons of grain hay, 100 picking boxes, 25 sweat boxes, one cow and all farming implements. Price $7500, $5000 cash.

HERE IS A SNAP for a quick buyer—Good 43-room lodging house centrally located; all new furniture, carpets, bedding; everything in tip-top shape. Owner wishes to sell on account of ill health. A bargain for someone. Three years' lease.
HAMBLETON & HAMBLETON,
2036 Mariposa St.

A BARGAIN—20 acres fine land 1 1-4 miles from Selma on county road and electric power line; 8 acres Muirs and Suskahans, 4 acres Muskats, bal. alfalfa and pasture; only $2750; good terms. Address Box 1694, Selma.

We own and offer for sale the best 5 acre tracts near Fresno, first class soil with water right and will sell on easy payments.
We also have some fine bargains in vineyards and alfalfa lands.
WOY & MADSEN,
1138 J street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WISHES to do housework by day. Mary Ranband, 284 Mariposa Ave.

A MAN WITH FAMILY wishes position on fruit ranch. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address L. Davis, 1540 H St., Fresno.

A STEADY, RELIABLE MARRIED man wants position in Fresno, clerking preferred. Address C. A. Woods, Dinuba, Cal.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper would like position. Reference. Address Bookkeeper, 1314 I street.

WANTED—Position by elderly man; can milk, take care of poultry and bees, do chores or drive carriage. Address J. C. Whittle, general delivery, Fresno.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN, Universal all-round experience, fine musician and typewriter, wants occupation. Capable of taking charge. Address Box A-35, Republican.

WANTED—Position by experienced male stenographer and typewriter. Address F. C., Box 29, Republican.

WANTED—Place for young man to work mornings, evenings and Saturdays. Address Fresno Business College.

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING—Mrs. Kate Skinner, Rooms 12, 13 and 14, Garibaldi Bldg.

PLAIN SEWING—At 115 Howard St.

MISSES EDISON—Modiste and Ladies' tailoring. 1430 O. Main 2050.

DRESSMAKING at "The Wallace," 1248 J St.

MRS. BAUCOM—Dressmaking. 1047 Q St. Phone Main 2950.

DENTISTS

DR. PRATHER, DENTIST—Office over postoffice. Phone Main 955.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SEE THIS ONE—Furnished front room for rent. Modern, bath, electric lights, gas heater. Two blocks from court house. 2415 Merced St.

FOR RENT—One single room for lady or gentleman. 1430 I St.

FURNISHED ROOMS, private family, $7 and $8 per month. Centrally located. 1252 J St.

FOR RENT—7-room furnished house on North K street. Chas. Erickson, 1140 J St.

FOR RENT—Front suite of housekeeping rooms; transient rooms. San Jose hotel, corner J and Merced.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for gentleman; bath; cheap. Address 455 L street.

FOR RENT—Suite of light housekeeping rooms. Apply 819 N street.

FOR RENT—Front room with or without board. Apply 754 L, Main 2336.

HOTEL PORTLAND—Opposite Novelty theater. Furnished rooms. Transients solicited. Phone Main 500.

SUNNY front rooms for housekeeping, $17.50 per month. 2627 Fresno St.

THE ABBOTSFORD—Nicely furnished rooms at reasonable rates. 2022 Tuolumne St.

WARM housekeeping rooms, furnished with gas and wood stoves, $6.00 month. 625 K.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 444 J. Main 1161.

BEDROOM FOR RENT—For a lady. 1327 St.

FOR RENT—Two nice airy rooms, near in and corner of car line. Rent reasonable; 700 N St.

FOR RENT—Two furnished housekeeping rooms, 732 J street, near P. O.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—Two-story house, 2226 San Joaquin St., between L and M.

FOR RENT—Six-room brick cottage, large yard, furnished or unfurnished. 3220 Tulare St. F. M. Chittenden, 1152 J.

FOR RENT—House including water. Apply 1309 Angus. Black 1040.

FOR RENT—Cottage, 2019 Belmont avenue. Apply 244 Effie street.

FOR RENT—9-room house with part of furniture for sale. 1405 L.

—FINE LARGE—
Upper floor over 1031 J St.
for rent cheap.
Good—office—room.
Will remodel to suit tenant.
Inquire Within.

FOR RENT—Furnished house of five rooms, stable and poultry house, cheap to right party. Call 2950 Nevada Avenue.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Well-equipped suburban residence 3 miles out on Kearney road. Garden, well, barn, corral, etc. $8.50 per month. Apply James Giant, P. O. Box 999.

FOR LEASE—Furnished hotel of thirty rooms. Apply at premises, "Fresno House," M and Tulare St.

FOR RENT—Good barn cheap, in town. Main 1625.

FOR RENT—Store, situate 1923-1925 Tulare street. Apply to W. T. Mattingly, 1009 I street.

FOR RENT—500 acres grain land close to Fresno. Building on land. Apply office Fancher Creek Nursery, 1225 J street.

FOR RENT—A large room over Cosmopolitan restaurant, Mariposa street, suitable for social hall or tailoring room, centrally located. Apply in Cosmopolitan restaurant.

FOR RENT—Store in the Republican Building, suitable for real estate, insurance or other office business. Apply Republican business office.

FOR RENT—3000 acres improved grain land. Address J. W. Hogan, Reedley, Cal.

FOR RENT—Cool rooms with board; private family; 824 M street.

FOR RENT—Knights of Pythias hall, Friday and Saturday nights. Apply Donahoo, Emmons & Co.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

FOR RENT—2 newly furnished front rooms with board; private family. 2225 Inyo.

ROOM and board at 819 N street.

BOARD and room for two gentlemen or man and wife. 1445 K.

SUNNY FRONT ROOM WITH RUNning water, for couple. 1452 K.

FOR RENT—Rooms connected with bath, with or without board, for two young ladies or gentlemen. 419 Glenn Avenue.

BOARD with or without room. 941 O St., telephone Main 2074.

ROOM AND BOARD may be had at the Hotel Palms at reasonable prices.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board; choice location. 1457 J.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board. Apply 1435 K st.

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS.

DR. SARAH PUGH—Lady's specialist. 151 Forsyth Bldg. Phone Main 488. Residence Main 1167.

DR. HUGH M. FRAIZER, graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Office 209 Forsyth Building.

DR. MINERVA KEY CHAPPELL, diseases of women and children. Office 147 Forsythe Bldg. Phone M. 1240; Res. 157 Abby St. Phone Main 729.

FARMERS' NATIONAL BANK OF FRESNO.

U. S. Depositary.
Paid up Capital $150,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits.. 170,000

Alfred Kutner ....President
E. E. Manheim....Vice. Pres. and Mgr.
Walter Shoemaker ....Cashier
G. A. Middleton......Assistant Cashier

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

FRESNO NATIONAL BANK.

(Opposite the Postoffice.)
Paid up capital...............$200,000
Surplus and undivided profits.. 90,000

Thomas W. Patterson, president; W. F. McVey, vice president; Dan Brown, Jr., cashier; Am. S. Hayes, assistant cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF FRESNO,
Fresno, California.

Capital Paid Up $100,000.00
Surplus and Profits 380,000.00

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.
United States Depositary.

NORTHWEST SHEEP TRIAL

To travel one thousand miles on foot with 30,000 sheep is a stupendous undertaking, yet this feat was accomplished recently by seventeen herders, headed by R. H. Daly, a live stock dealer and ranchman of Omaha and Stevenson, Neb.

Mr. Daly passed through New York the other day on his way to the Canadian Northwest on a business trip, and at the Astor House gave a vivid description of how the sheep were herded. The journey was from Santa Fe, in New Mexico, to Stevenson, in Central Nebraska, and it was undertaken primarily to defeat the railroad company.

"I have for over twenty-four years been engaged in the handling of sheep, being what is called a 'sheep feeder,' he said. "A 'sheep feeder' is a man who receives the animals from the ranges into the feed lots, where they are fattened for market; and he is distinguished from a 'breeder,' who grows his sheep on the range. Last March I contracted with a Mexican living in Santa Fe to buy 30,000 sheep.

"Owing to a difficulty with the railway company in the matter of freight rates, I determined to have the sheep 'trailed through' to Nebraska, which, in Western parlance, means driving them overland. I selected my men at the same time I contracted for the sheep. I also procured two of the heaviest 'grub' wagons I had on my ranch, four strong mules and two good saddle horses, together with all camp utensils and other necessaries for the trip. The wagons, mules, etc., I sent down to Santa Fe by freight. Altogether there were seventeen men in my employ detailed to bring the sheep through.

"Arriving at Santa Fe, we at once set about getting the sheep ready for the long drive. The Mexican with whom I had contracted for the 30,000 sheep had, in turn, sub-contracted with numerous small Mexican ranchmen for the required number. His agreement was to deliver at Santa Fe the specified number and quality of animals. There were several reasons for buying in this way. For example, the Mexicans in the outlying districts know nothing of money drafts and checks, and gold would have to accompany every purchase. And to traverse the wild hills and canyons of Mexico with money in one's possession would be positive madness, unless, of course, one had a well-armed company as a bodyguard.

Small Bands Brought In.

"Well, the small bands of sheep were speedily brought in and they grazed around the town until my Mexican friend told me through his interpreter that he was ready to hand over the lot. These grandees, by the way, usually profess not to speak English.

"I had bought 18,00 lambs and 12,000 two and three-year old wethers. The flock, or band, as it is termed there, was 'rounded up' and got ready to run through the flimsy corrals, two of were constructed side by side, with only a division fence between them. From the first corral a V-chute with a narrow gate at the end led into the second. The sheep were driven into the first pen until it was filled, and then were counted through the chute into the second. One thing which added to the difficulty of counting was the fact that the corral was not large enough to hold the whole number at once. I had to count part of them first and then turn and hold them together while I counted the rest.

"It turned out later that this gave us all plenty to do, and besides furnished abundant chances for fraud. The corral was filled with sheep, and I took my station at the chute to count as they streamed through. Now, it is mighty dizzy work to count sheep. I could count up to about 500, and then I would become so dizzy watching the swiftly moving stream of animals that I would have to shut the gate. This done, I would jot down the number in my note book and then let my foreman John Martin, take my place as long as he could stand it. We were getting along nicely and had counted 6000 when Martin made a discovery. The gate which was the entrance to the first corral was next to the partition fence, and the 'greaser' who was tending the gate was forcing sheep through the loose fence back into the first corral, so that they would be counted the second time.

Detecting a Trick.

"Martin at once informed me of the fraud, and I stopped the count and hailed our Mexican friend. To our accusations he replied with a dignified 'No sabe.' Martin then hustled up the the swarthy interpreter and we gave them some talk that would look bad in print, but it left the senor quite undisturbed. His interpreter finally told us the greaser 'wouldn't do it again,' but that did not settle for what had been recounted. There was nothing to do but to begin all over again. The delay was annoying, and it took us the whole of that day to count the wethers and get them out so we could hold them safely that night.

"Next morning the wethers were started on their 1000-mile trip to Nebraska, divided into five bands, each in charge of a herder on foot. One extra man went along to act as night watcher. The cook traveled in the wagon and the foreman of the gang rode on horseback.

"On the following day Martin and I undertook to count the 18,000 lambs. As on the first day, we were well under way when we discovered another fraud. One of my men detected a 'greaser' in the act of driving a small band which had been counted and turned out, around through a ravine and back toward the hosts of sheep waiting to enter the first corral. We stopped the swindler in time, however. I then scattered my men out at all points where fraud might be attempted and then proceeded with the count. A peculiarity of these Mexican gentlemen is that they do not seem at all embarrassed when detected in dishonest tricks. A failure or two never deters them from trying it again at the first opportunity.

"Our 18,000 lambs were run in six bands with a herder in charge of each. We left Santa Fe on the first day of May and the weather was hotter than blazes. On the second day, we discovered that the wethers ahead of us were getting the best of the feed and not leaving enough tender stuff. So we made a circuit around their camp and the next morning the lambs were leading the way.

Water Was Lacking.

"New Mexico is always a dry region, and the spring had been unusually dry, so that the grass was not very good and the dust was dreadful. Dust, by the way, is always the worst feature of the trail. The cloud that hangs over the flock looks from a distance like the smoke from a prairie fire. Our faces were black most of the time, but we all wore shields of tinted isinglass to protect our eyes, otherwise some of us might have gone blind. The soil of the region, I should explain, contains alkali, which makes it doubly irritating. The waters also are tinged with alkali, and this hurts the lips and throat.

"From Las Vegas on into Colorado the grass was burned brown with the drought, and water was scarce. Of course, we had to depend on ponds or streams for our water supply. Some of it was pretty thick—'thick enough,' as one of the boys said, 'to carry on a gunny stick.' But a man is not at all particular when he is 'on the trail.' Sheep are not great drinkers, and can do without water if there are heavy dews on the grass. But on this occasion the air was so dry that dews were very light, and much of the time there were none at all. Finally, we were without water altogether, and for five days the sheep had not a drop of water.

"We hoarded the little we had, but at length it was all gone. For two whole days, in intense July heat, we hadn't a drop for ourselves. We chewed our dry bread and salt bacon and thought how good a cold drink would taste. On the evening of the second day the cook took a mule and rode over to a little town eleven miles away to get water. He hung a jug over one side of the mule, and then, just to make it balance properly, hung a small demijohn on the other. Every man had a roaring headache the next day.

Stampede to Water.

"The sheep had been five days without water when we approached a river. We were fully a mile from the bank when the poor animals scented the water and stampeded. In one mad, whirling rush, gathering speed as they went, the bands crowded together and reached the river in a dense, struggling mass. They plunged in, climbing over each other, and piling up until it looked as if we might lose them all. We, of course, plunged after them, towing, dragging and throwing the sheep out of the river until every man was exhausted. When we got the flock out of the tangle we found that at least 800 lambs had been drowned. I sent my foreman to warn the other outfits to hold their flocks at a safe distance from the river and bring on one band at a time.

"Of course, we had to replenish our stores occasionally, and our cook would go across country to some town near us when he needed something. Our principal fare was bread, bacon and gravy. Bread was baked every day in the camp kettle, and I can assure you it takes a considerable quantity to feed nine hungry men. It might be supposed that we had mutton for dinner sometimes, but we did not, though we had 30,000 sheep in front of us. Very few sheep men will eat mutton. I, myself, would have to be very hungry indeed to eat it.

"We followed no roads, but struck out across open country wherever forage was good. At night, we always tried to find a hillside for a camp. Sheep have a great many peculiar notions, and will only lie down quietly on a hillside. We made only about eight miles a day, as we gave the sheep plenty of time to graze, but we were always tired enough to crawl into our tarpaulins at dark and lost no time in going to sleep. While the rest of us slept, the night watch went his rounds, moving about the edge of the camp and keeping a sharp lookout for wolves.

Sheep Not Harmed.

"It was early in summer when we started, and we kept on through midsummer in the dry heat and alkali dust till the grass was browned by frost. Across Nebraska we took the straightest line for the Platte river, which we reached, opposite North Platte, the very first town I had seen in a journey of 900 miles. For the rest of our trip—something over a hundred miles—we zigzagged back and forth across the river, avoiding the towns and hunting for forage. On one occasion we approached a large cornfield, and I found that we could save three miles by going through it, instead of round. I said: 'Take 'em through,' and we did. On the further side stood a man with a shotgun waiting for us.

"'What's the damage?' I said.

"'Twenty dollars, and not a cent less,' answered the farmer. I paid, and on we went.

"When we reached the little town of Stevenson, on the 24th of September—just about five months from the day we started. The second band had overtaken us, and we went through the town to my ranch in the outskirts with the 20,000 odd sheep. The fog of dust we raised nearly smothered the place.

"The sheep came through the entire drive in good condition—much better than if they had been shipped in."—New York Post.

THE RECKONING.

I gather up my faded hopes—
Poor shriveled flowers—one by one.
And count the things that I have lost
Against the things that I have won.

And here was life: a brimming bowl
Of magic wine, to drink or spill;
I sipped the bubbles and the bloom
Was lost before I felt it thrill.

And here was honor tried and true,
If I but kept the upward way;
I dared to shirk the sacred trust
And lost what I must rue for aye.

Love came at last! I gladly turned
To welcome her, fond lover-wise;
With yearning heart and outstretched arms,
And lo! she passed with downcast eyes.

I gather up my faded hopes—
Poor shriveled flowers—one by one.
And count the things that I have lost
Against the things that I have won.

—Pacific Monthly.

The Story of a Woman's Martyrdom.

"Mary Dyer: a Quaker fanatic, twice banished from the Massachusetts colony on pain of death, and as she persisted in returning, hanged on Boston Common."—this is the laconic statement of the case to be found in most encyclopedias. The inner story of the martyrdom of this extraordinary woman—"woman-warrior, woman-mystic, woman-saint,"—as told by Basil King, in the November McClure's, ranks as one of the most touching and heroic of our national legends. As the reflection of "perhaps the most important single incident in the fight for religious freedom in America," and as a dramatic narrative of great power, the story stands unique among the fiction of the year.

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—Red calf with white head. E. Sorenn, West Park.

PASTURAGE.

PASTURAGE—First-class alfalfa pasture on White's Bridge road, 7 miles west, corner Grant. S. S. Barclay.

A NO. 1 ALFALFA PASTURE for horses 1 mile north city limits. Tel. State 785. Address Box 731.

FEED YARD.

J. KLEMM, F and Inyo. Phone Main 1715. Single rigs $1.50 day.

THE PULPIT IN POLITICS

So long as politics does not invade or attempt to invade the domain of the pulpit, The Post has always held that clergymen, including priests, bishops, and cardinals, as well as Protestant ministers of all grades, would do better service in the cause of religion by keeping politics out of the pulpit than by preaching political sermons. There ought to be one place and one day kept sacred to the object for which the churches are supposed to exist, one place where, on one day of the week, the souls of men wearied with business cares and political contentions could find rest. But when politicians, boldly defying morality and, in contempt of both moral and statutory laws, attempt and often actually practice corruption of the electorate, the pulpit is clearly within its rights and obedient to the dictates of duty in rebuking that sin and those who are guilty of it. In a sermon delivered in Baltimore last Sunday Cardinal Gibbons performed that duty faithfully when he said: "No man can be a good Christian who sets at defiance the laws of the commonwealth. The man who breaks the laws of the state is violating at the same time some commandment of the decalogue. The citizen who buys or sells votes, who creeps into political power by intrigue and bribery, is a thief and is transgressing the commandment which says 'Thou shalt not steal.'"—Washington Post.

WHY JACK WARDMAN REQUESTED A FRIEND TO HORSEWHIP HIM

"Jack Wardman, who lost his life in the big Oklahoma flood a few weeks ago, was a man of almost unexampled fairness," said an inspector of Indian agencies. "He was a horse trader, and his home was at Ponca City. In Ponca City, eleven years ago, Wardman figured in an affair that proved how perfectly square a man he was.

"Wardman's wife was a half-Mexican woman, whom he had married in Texas. She was a handsome, dark, woman; devoted to Jack, and a good housewife. But her temper was very violent.

Jack's great friend and chum in Ponca was Ned Frailey, a contractor for Indian supplies. The two men had punched cattle alongside of each other on the Texas ranges, and were sworn comrades and pals long before either of them had thought of marrying. Jack married his half-Mexican girl first, and then Ned slipped up to Wichita and married a girl he had got his eye on some years before. She was teaching school when Ned got her, and she was a fine, nice-looking woman, with a very sweet and amiable disposition.

"Jack and Ned set up housekeeping in Ponca with their wives, and for a time things went on swimmingly in so far as the relationship of the two couples was concerned. Then the two women fell out. Frailey's wife, it was understood, had let some harmless little remark slip that Jack's wife construed into an insult. Wardman's half-Mexican wife worked herself into a rage over the remark and overwhelmed Frailey's wife with a storm of virtuperation.

"That stoped the pleasant intimacy betwen the two families. Jack and Ned went on as usual, never referring to the business between their wives. Then one day, quite a while after the falling out between the two women, Frailey remarked to Wardman that he deemed it a pity that their wives could not get along pleasantly. It was a raw subject with Wardman, who knew that his wife was to blame, and in his rawness he made some kind of a snappy reply. Then he and his old time pal had a short growl, and they went their two ways, and they didn't speak to each other after that.

Valentine Angered Wife.

"On St. Valentine's Day, eleven years ago, the violent temper of Mrs. Wardman received a comic valentine in an envelope that had the St. Louis postmark on it. The address was typewritten. The comic valentine pictured a black negress in a tantrum. Being a half-Mexican, Mrs. Wardman's skin was very dark. Therefore, the comic valentine was like a knife stab to her.

"She knew that Ned Frailey was in St. Louis on business. She instantly jumped to the conclusion that Ned Frailey had sent her the insulting valentine.

"She did not show the valentine to her husband, nor did she say a word about the affair to him. Two afternoons later Ned Frailey was walking down the main street of Ponca on his way from the station to his home. He was carrying a bag.

"At an intersection of streets Mrs. Wardman suddenly turned a corner and stood in front of him not four feet away.

"'You will send me a foul valentine, will you?' cried Mrs. Wardman, and she drew a thick rawhide whip from beneath her cloak.

"Frailey was too much stunned to say one word. Mrs. Wardman laid the whip across his right cheek with all of her power. Frailey never winced nor moved. After the first cut he allowed the bag to drop from his hand, and then he folded his arms. Mrs. Wardman, in a state of ungovernable rage, cut his across the left cheek.

"She might just as well have been cutting at the face of a manikin. Frailey just stood and looked at the woman. She slashed him cruelly across the face, right an left, about eight more times, every blow raising a horrible welt and drawing blood, but Frailey never moved until she had gone a hundred feet down the street. Then he pulled out his bandana, wiped away the blood, and walked to his home, where his wife was waiting for him.

"An account of the affair was printed in all the papers throughout the two territories on the following day, and the St. Louis papers published stories about it.

"Two days after the occurrence Jack Wardman received a note from St. Louis. The note was from a young woman who had been employed as clerk and cashier in a general store in Ponca until a few months before. This young woman and Wardman's wife had had a falling out before the girl left Ponca for St. Louis.

"'I have read in the St. Louis papers the story of how your wife cut Ned Frailey up with a whip,' the young woman's note ran. 'Ned Frailey did not send her that valentine. It was just a piece of callishness, and I am the cat. I sent the valentine to your wife myself. I'm not a bit sorry I sent it, either, although I am mighty sorry that poor Ned Frailey had to stand for such a cowardly beating through my act.'

Girl Confesses Offense.

"In the same mail Ned Frailey also received a letter from the girl, in which she confessed having sent the valentine to Mrs. Wardman.

"It was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon when Jack Wardman got his note at the postoffice from the girl in St. Louis. He walked right up to Ned Frailey's house. Ned and his pleasant wife were sitting in the dining room talking things over—Ned with his swollen face in bandages.

"'Well, Jack, it has been some time since you dropped in on us,' said Frailey pleasantly to his old-time pal, and he rose and held out his hand.

"'Not yet, Ned,' said Wardman, motioning Frailey's hand away. 'I'll not shake with you yet. You've got it on me too bad for that. We've got to even things up before we ever pump paws again.'

"'What do you mean by evening things up?' inquired Frailey, surprised.

"'I mean this,' said Wardman, 'I mean that the score between you and me, pard, is way acts me. You've got the big balance on your side.'

"'Forget it, Jack,' put in Frailey, generously. 'I ain't holding no malice. You know that. Quit bothering about it. Nothing ought to break us two up—nothing can. We've been bunkies too long for anything like that.'

"'That's all right, pard,' said Wardman, 'but I just naturally can't go through life with the balance all over yonder on your side. I want your wife to cut me up the same way my wife cut you up. I've got nothing to say about what I think of the way my wife did you. I don't talk about women. But this thing has got to be squared up. Your wife has got to cut me up to square it, Ned.'

"'No, I guess not!' exclaimed Frailey, rising from his seat. 'Never! Not on your life, Jack! Never that!'

"'But, by hell, yes!' said Wardman, and in a twinkling both Frailey and his wife were under Jack's right hand gun. He had pulled the gun like a flash. 'I want you to put yourself in my place, chum.' Wardman went on quietly keeping his gun on Frailey and his wife. 'You could never stand my having it on you the way you've got it on me. It wouldn't let you sleep at night. It doesn't let me sleep. Your wife has got to cut me up to square this thing, or by blazes! I'm going to do a job of four-handed killing and I'll be one of the four!'

"With his left hand Wardman drew a rawhide from his left trousers leg at the belt, and tossed it on the table.

"'Annie,' he said to Mrs. Frailey, 'I hate to put you to this. But it's right. Quita cut Ned up when there was no call for it. There is call for your cutting me up to make the thing hunk. It's got to be thataway.'

"Mrs. Frailey was sobbing in her handkerchief, and Frailey looked sore. But Wardman's suggestion gave him a chance and he could see that his old pal was in a desperate frame of mind.

"'I can't do it, Jack,' sobbed Mrs. Frailey.

"'I'm sorry for you, Annie, but it's got to be done just the same,' replied Wardman. 'Ned sees that I'm right. He'd demand the same thing if he was in my place.'

"'I won't let her do it,' said Frailey, jumping to his feet. 'I don't stand for my girl doing anything like that. It would shame her for the rest of her life, no matter if she did it under the gun. I don't stand for my girl being shamed. You go ahead and shoot!'

Whipped at His Own Request.

"Frailey told me just the other day that he really expected that Jack would kill both him and his wife. But Wardman gave himself a shake and pulled himself together.

"'All right, mate,' he said, 'I'll give in a bit, but I'm a-telling you that it's the last I'm going to give in, and it's your last chance. You take the whip and cut me up yourself.'

"Frailey was convinced that his old friend had brooded so much over the thing that he had become deranged, and Wardman's suggestion gave him a chance to save his wife's life as well as his own.

"'Has the thing got to be done, Jack?' Frailey asked Wardman. 'Will it make you feel right? Is it the only thing that'll make you forget it and feel right?'

"'The only thing,' replied Wardman, hoarsely. 'Pick up that whip and cut me up.'

"Frailey took up the whip. His eyes were filled with tears when he told me about it last month after Jack had been drowned.

"'I gave him two cuts, one left and one right, across the face with the whip, and then I laid it down,' he told me. He never moved and he had the gun on me all the time. The blows could never have hurt Jack like they hurt me in giving them to him. I had to do it for the poor old locodoubrey was worked up to the snapping point, and he'd have killed us both if I hadn't done it. When I laid the whip down on the table after those two cuts I thought he'd let me off.

"'Again,' he said, though. 'Pick it up and cut me again.'

"'I gave him two more cuts, and then I tossed the whip into the fireplace. I couldn't have hit him again if my life and my wife's life did depend upon it.'

"'It's all right, bunkie,' said Jack then, and he stuffed his gun back into his belt and held out his hand. We shook hands, and then he shook hands with my wife, who was still crying. Then he walked out and went home. The people who met him on the street and saw the bleeding welts on his face figured that his wife had cut him, and they were very sore to think that she'd do two horsewhipping jobs in two days, one of them on her own man. But Jack never let on to anybody how he had got the welts. A few months later Jack's wife tried to kill him with a dirk in a fit of rage, and he had to send her back to her people in Texas. Then he came to live with us, and he was the closest and best friend my wife and I had until the day of his death.'"

HE SAVED MONEY

Until a few short years ago,
No bank account I carried;
But just about that time you know,
I thought of getting married.

To marry would be very rash—
No fellow in his senses
Would do it without ready cash
Laid by to pay expenses.

My salary was small and sly,
And so it's not surprising
That to put up some money I
Began economizing.

So I shut off on dainty whets
For appetites was chary
Of flowers and candied violets,
Both quite unnecessary.

Our weekly tickets to the play
I thought no more of buying,
But tucked my little wad away,
Bare wants alone supplying.

My hoard it grew and grew and grew,
Some time, indeed, it took me,
I got enough to wed, it's true,
But then—the lady shook me.

ISOLATION OF GERMANY

Some years ago England was laboring under what was called "a splendid isolation." She had not one friend in all Europe and the United States had not then unlearned the art of twisting the lion's tail. But England was equal to the occasion and she assembled the fleets of a dozen stations in the channels, and Europe well knows what that means. The storm went by, but the Boer war came and the pluck of John Bull was put to the test. It was the pluck of Cressy, of Agincourt, of Flodden Field and, of later times, Blenheim and Quatrabras; of Blake's and of Nelson's navies, of Wellington in Spain and of Wellington in Belgium, of the Light Brigade at Balaklava, of the rescue of Lucknow, of "Hobs" in the East, and all that. We may not love her, but there liberty is regulated by law; there conservatism exercises a controlling influence.

This new king England has is the most consummate diplomat in Europe. He is no Disraeli, no Bismarck; but he knows how to do things. More than half German in blood, he is altogether English in sentiment. No Plantagenet ever thought so much of his native land. He has found friends for England.

On the other hand, Germany is isolated—not so splendid as was England's, but perhaps more complete. What will Germany do with it? France, England and Italy are in virtual alliance, Japan and England are in actual alliance. Could Germany destroy the army of France before reinforcements could be rushed from the East? Possibly. But where would the German naval and merchant marine be by that time? Very likely they would eat supper at Davy Jones' locker.

Meanwhile Germany is talking about a commercial war with the United States. She is at even greater disadvantage there.—Washington Post.

HOW BISMARCK BROUGHT ON WAR

Remarkable Facts Exposed By the Now Famous Hohenlohe Diaries.

One of the most remarkable features about the Hohenlohe diaries is the revelations which they contain of Bismarck's practice of pursuing, even during the reign of old Emperor William, a foreign policy altogether contrary to that of his sovereign. The result was that when the German ambassadors were received by the emperor on the occasion of their visits to Berlin, they were directed by him to pursue aims which were in flagrant opposition to those of the chancellor of the empire. This was especially the case in connection with the attitude of Germany toward France during the first twenty years that followed the war of 1870. Bismarck impressed upon Prince Hohenlohe, who was then German ambassador at Paris, the necessity of promoting by every means possible trouble in France, both as regards the latter's domestic affairs and her foreign relations, taking the ground that internal disturbances rendered necessary a weak foreign policy, and that the spectacle of a strong republic would be injurious to the monarchial system in Europe.

After having received these most explicit instructions from Bismarck, Prince Hohenlohe went to take farewell of the old emperor, who, without being aware of Bismarck's comments, but having some inkling of his views, impressed upon Prince Hohenlohe the necessity of abstaining from any course of action calculated to embarrass France, stating: "It is neither advisable nor yet fitting for us that we should labor to weaken France and to sow disturbance within her borders."

The present emperor has taken a much more active part in the direction of the foreign affairs of the empire, which are more or less vested in his hands by the terms of the German constitution, and he naturally declined to permit Bismarck to continue to treat him as he had done his grandfather, and to ignore his wishes in the matter of international relations. That is indeed the origin of the quarrel which led to their separation.

William II could not forget that the war of 1870, on which Bismarck's heart had been set as necessary to his scheme for the consolidation of the German empire, was brought about, according to the chancellor's own admission, by his having with his own hand transformed from a courteous into insulting language the phraseology of a couple of dispatches which passed between William I and Napoleon III. Had these dispatches not been doctored as Bismarck, the war would never have taken place, since both Napoleon and William, and especially the latter, were opposed thereto.

Dr. Busch, the secretary and Boswell of Bismarck, in his reminiscences of the chancellor, revised by the latter, and authorized by the Bismarck family, relates how on one occasion he asked the prince what he would have done if William had refused to go to war with France, whereupon Bismarck replied:

"If the king had resisted, if he had not consented to my aim, that is to say, the union of Germany under Prussia, and to my methods of attaining this object, the war with France I would not have hesitated an instant rather Germany than the Hohenzollerns. I would have created a republic, and a united Germany by means of the republic."—Washington Post.

USED MME. FALLIERE'S NAME AND WAS TOLD TO SKIDOO

PARIS—M. Saint Aubin, the director of criminal affairs at the ministry of justice, has been relieved of his duties. Saint Aubin made use of Mme. Fallieres' name in seeking to obtain the signature of the minister of justice to the pardon of a man guilty of fraud. The minister of justice, having learned that Mme. Fallieres did not know the man nor had recommended a pardon for him, dismissed the official with a letter of censure.

LINGERING COLD

Withstood Other Treatment But Quickly Cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"Last winter I caught a very severe cold which lingered for weeks," says J. Urquhart of Zephyr, Ontario. "My cough was very dry and harsh. The local dealer recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and guaranteed it, so I gave it a trial. One small bottle of it cured me. I believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best I have ever used." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

Does Not Color Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor, as now made from our now improved formula, does not stain or color the hair even to the slightest degree. Gray hair, white hair, blonde hair is not made a shade darker. But it certainly does stop falling hair. No question about that. This is an entirely new preparation, just placed on the market. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Do You Want To Make Money?

KEEP YOUR EYE ON NEW ELECTRIC LINE. THE SUBWAY UNDER THE S. P. R. R. RESERVATION ON FRESNO STREET IS NOW BEING BUILT.

Do you want to make money and at the same time improve and make you a suburban home near the city. Now is your opportunity to purchase 5 or 10 acres in the Weille Home tract. No better land in county. This land is bound to double in value soon. Fresno is bound to be a big city. The Subway, when completed means money for everybody. So KEEP YOUR EYE ON THE NEW EXTENSION. WOY & MADSEN NEW ACRE TRACT is now surveyed and platted, streets and alleys will be graded soon. Remember this tract contains 20 1-acre lots and adjoins the city limits, and facing on Tehama, El Dorado, Shasta and White Bridge avenues. Don't miss this opportunity, a chance to make money and own your own home. Don't delay a day, but let us show you this property. Lands right, location right, terms right, price right, 1-4 cash, balance in 1, 2, 3 and 4 years.

Woy & Madsen 1138 J Street. WE SELL THE EARTH.

Something Cheap This Week in the Whiskey Line

"Year 1898" Old Crow ..... $4.00 per gal.
"Year 1898" Hermitage ..... $3.00 per gal.
"Union Label Rye Whiskey" ..... $3.00 per gal.

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The Wine and Liquor Merchant
Free Delivery Within the City Limits.
1117-19 I Street. Telephone Main 536.

Vermorel "Torpille" Sulphuring Machine

The only machine where sulphur can be directed at will. Inside the vine, underneath the leaves, from below, upwards. Send for circular.

Saves sulphur, time and labor.

Protect your vineyard against mildew (oidium.)

Having to import these machines from France, in order to secure one it will be necessary to place your order at once.

Price $15.00

The H. C. Shaw Company
Stockton, Cal. Agents for U. S. A.

Four Days More

And the Turkeys doom is sealed.

WE HAVE NO TURKEYS TO SELL, but are showing some of the finest weaves for the winter season. They include all the season's swellest shades and patterns. Suits to order, $15.00 and up. Pants to order, $5 and up. Suit cleaned and pressed, $1.00.

DAMER BROS.

2042-2044 Fresno Street. Phone Main 646

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We also have a large and varied stock of paper to choose from.

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YALE BEAT HARVARD AND ARE SEASON'S CHAMPIONS

By a Score of 6 to 0, Banners of the Blue Marched to Victory

HARVARD WENT DOWN TO DEFEAT IN A DESPERATE BATTLE WHICH HAS HAD FEW EQUALS IN THE MANY CONTESTS BETWEEN THE TWO UNIVERSITIES—CHICAGO DEFEATED NEBRASKA.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 24.—Yale's bright blue banners wave triumphantly over the city tonight, the signal of another victory over Harvard, the final score being 6 to 0. The crimson went down to defeat in a desperate battle, which in football strategy and spectacular plays has had few equals since the two universities have met. To Yale passed the almost undisputed title of the college championship of the country, clouded only by the drawn, no score, contest with Princeton a week ago.

A victory for the crimson would have meant first honors beyond question, for she had beaten the Carlisle Indians, who last week won from Minnesota and who also had defeated the University of Pennsylvania, the conquerors of the University of Michigan. For this reason, if for no other, the game on Yale field was of unprecedented importance, and to Yale once more has come a victory which will live forever in her athletic history. It was a victory won through football knowledge, superior play, almost unerring accuracy in developing the possibilities of the new rules, and the magnificent work of her players. The score of a single touchdown and goal repeats that of last year on Soldiers' field, and it adds to Yale's string of victories, only twice broken since 1897.

Harvard proved a worthy foeman. Her men repeatedly shone conspicuously and the flashes of brilliancy in over-plays as time and again her backs broke through the line, and her stalwart guard, Burr, sent the ball twisting through the air on long punts, seemed to be entitled to a reward. Harvard was a trifle slow in executing her plays, which, as last year, seemed to hinge on her greatest strength on defense. Yale's success lay in playing offensively at the opening, driving her plays hard and taking advantage of every opening when her opponents had the ball.

Interference, forward passes and inside kicks were well developed. Not once did a Yale man have to run down the field without assistance. As the game was nearing the close, Yale played faster and rolled the crimson line into a heap time and time again. It was only Harvard's stubborn contest of every inch that kept the score at the single figures.

The touchdown followed a sensational play. Yale had the ball on Harvard's 25-yard line. Jones called for a kicking formation. Veeder dropped back with his hands outspread. A perfect pass from Hockenburger sent the ball into his hands and Veeder like a flash started at right angles and hurled the ball over the heads of the Harvard men for a 30-yard pass to where several Yale men, as though drawn by a magnet, had jumped into one little knot. Up from their midst leaped F. M. Reis, who caught the ball and in an instant placed it down the 4-yard line. Up came the Yale hosts with cries for a touchdown, while the crimson side was hushed. Roome, who had replaced Knox, was sent to smash the crimson line. His first try gave two yards and the next time he was shot over with the whole team dragging and pushing him. That four yards showed what Yale could do when she was hungry for the score, which was so close at hand. The kicking of a goal was an easy thing for Veeder.

There were several anxious moments for the Yale men. While Harvard never had possession of the ball inside of the 25-yard line, twice Yale was lined up with the ball in the shadow of her goal posts and in each case Veeder dropped behind the goal line to punt. In both instances Harvard by means of the on-side kick sent the ball to Yale at the 20-yard line. For the first time Yale penalized for holding and it was her ball on the 3-yard line. A few minutes later another penalty gave her the ball on her 4-yard line.

In the early part of the game, Newhall tried a drop kick, it was blocked and Forbes got the ball. Early in the game, also, Yale lost an opportunity to score a field goal when Veeder tried for one on Harvard's 45-yard line. It went wide by a few feet. Right after this, Yale had another opportunity for a try at goal, but lost it out of anxiety to make a touchdown. Burr had punted to Knox at the crimson's 45-yard line and the latter, behind a screen of interference, ran the breadth of the field for a gain of twenty yards. Three line plays, which followed resulted in the necessary first down and a touchdown seemed imminent. On the next play, Jones took the ball, made a forward pass to Alcott, who fumbled it on the 3-yard line. McDonald dropped on it and Burr punted out of danger.

With the score 6 to 0, Harvard was compelled to change her style of attack and Burr was called upon to pull the ball out of danger with his toe. The first half of the second half resolved itself into a punting duel between Burr and Veeder. From then on the outcome seemed certain. Yale with new players, put fresh life into their team and in the last five minutes of the half there was a march down the field. Yale was moving like a battering ram and another touchdown was prevented by the referee's whistle ending the game.

The gridiron was filled with a mass of humanity in which three sides were blue and the other crimson. The cheering and singing, while good, fell far short of previous years, explainable only by the fact that the spectators did not have much time to pay attention to the cheer leaders. Not a seat was vacant and at the gate a few stray tickets brought phenomenal prices. The game opened under gray skies, but was concluded in radiant sunshine and under a canopy of blue. The Harvard stands at the opening cheered Yale and Captain Morse, and the opposite side returned this compliment. At the close of the game, the jubilant Yale host, standing bareheaded for fifteen minutes in front of the Harvard stand, cheered and sang to the crimson, the latter responding. Yale has always cheered Harvard, but never before has she turned it into an ovation.

The line-up:

Yale.	Position.	Harvard.
Forbes	Left end	McDonald
Page	Left tackle	Osborne
Bridges	Left guard	Burr
Hockenberger	Center	Parker-Fraser
Erwin	Right guard	Kersburg
Bigelow	Right tackle	Pierce
W. H. Jones	Right end	Starr
Alcott	"	Orr
Morse	"	
T. Jones	Quarter back	Newhall
Dines	"	
Knox	Left half back	Foster
Roome	"	
Bomar	"	
Linn	"	
Veeder	Right half back	Lincoln
Mease-Woinicken	Full back	Wendell

Score: Yale 6, Harvard 0.

Touchdown, Roome, Goal from touchdown, Veeder. Referee, W. J. Hackett, West Point. Umpires, K. oll, Dartmouth; W. H. Edwards, Princeton. Time of halves, 30 minutes.

The Game in Detail.

Captain Morse won the toss and chose the north goal giving him a slight advantage of the breeze. The teams took the field.

Burr kicked to Veeder at Yale's 7-yard line. It was carried back to the 28-yard line, where the first attempt at the line was stopped. McDonald got the ball on Yale's 45-yard line. On a fake pass through the line, Starr got the ball on a forward pass and made twenty yards around Forbes' end. A play through right tackle, Lincoln carrying it, gave five yards. Then Wendell made three more, the ball being nearly in front of the goal posts. Newhall dropped back for a try at the goal, but was blocked, the ball bounding along the ground to Yale's 45-yard line, Forbes being down on it at the point. Yale tried the crimson line but failed to gain, the ball went back to Jones for an end run, but he was nailed for a loss.

Yale lost fifteen yards for offside play. Veeder punted to Harvard's 48-yard line, but Newhall made no gain on the run back. On a triple pass Lincoln put the ball on his own 30-yard line. Four yards more came by playing through right tackle, but Yale smothered the next play. Lincoln was off side and five yards penalty was given to Harvard. Lincoln made four yards inside of left end.

Burr punted to Yale's 35-yard line and the Harvard end was under it and got the ball because of a fumble, but the referee called the teams back and inflicted fifteen yards on Harvard for holding. Burr on his own 20-yard line punted to Yale's 45-yard line but T. A. Jones, in spite of throwing off of a dozen men, could not make more than two yards.

Knox twice was called upon to carry the ball, but the Harvard men nailed him with only one yard each time. Veeder from his own 45 yard line punted to behind Harvard's goal line. Burr brought the ball into the 20-yard line.

Howard retired and Alcott took his place.

Burr kicked into Yale's 45-yard line, where Knox made a spectacular run to Harvard's 20-yard line. Yale then drove the ball plumb through Harvard's right guard for four yards and then two more, getting the ball almost in front of the goal post on the 11-yard line. One yard was necessary and Yale made it for first down. Second down gave them one yard, but Harvard smothered the next line play.

The ball was given a forward pass to Alcott, who was on Harvard's 4-yard line. He fumbled and McDonald got it. Burr punted to his own 30-yard line, where Knox fumbled. Then a Harvard man missed. Knox recovered it. Veeder dropped back for a kick but instead ran with it and passed it over the end to Harvard's 10-yard line. Wendell got it in the general mix-up. Wendell was shot through the line on the next play and carried several men on his back to his own 35-yard line. Foster went through for five more. Then Wendell went through for four more. Newhall's on-side kick gave Yale the ball on her own 40-yard line. Veeder got five yards, outside of left tackle.

A double pass gave Knox a chance for a on-side kick and the ball went to Harvard's 20-yard line and in a general mix-up Yale got the ball.

T. A. Jones made a sensational run the breadth of the field, dodging in and out among the Harvard men in grand style, but it did not gain much ground.

Harvard penalized for Lincoln's holding, but Yale retained the ball instead of Harvard losing distance. Then Yale lost five yards for holding.

Jones attempted an end run but Parker got through and downed Bill for a loss of five yards. Veeder attempted a drop kick from the 40-yard line, but the ball went wide by a full yard. Burr pointed to Bigelow on his own 50-yard line and the team made five yards on a line play, Morse carrying the ball after Bigelow had run it back for seven yards on the catch. Knox made an on-side kick to Harvard's 20-yard line where Forbes got it. Roome replaced Knox and on his first play made no gain. Harvard was given five yards because of Yale's holding.

Veeder, on a fake kick, threw the ball to Forbes at Harvard's 4-yard line. One yard was gained on mass play. On the next play, Roome was shot over the line for the first touchdown.

Wild enthusiasm on the Yale side.

Veeder kicked goal.

Burr kicked off over Yale's goal line and the ball was brought in for a free punt from the 25-yard line.

Burr got the ball on his own 50-yard line and carried it sixteen yards. Newhall, on a quarter back kick, sent the ball back to Yale's 20-yard line. On a fake kick, Yale gained three yards. Then Jones went in for a 20-yard run.

A fumble behind Yale's line was turned into a double pass, but there was no gain, and the whistle blew for the end of the first half with the ball on Yale's 35-yard line. Score, end first half: Yale 0, Harvard 0.

The teams took the field at 3 o'clock for the second half. Yale kicked to McDonald at the 20-yard line and the carried it twelve yards. Burr kicked to Yale's 20-yard line, where Veeder brought it back almost to midfield. Veeder made five yards on an end run and then kicked to Burr at Harvard's 30-yard line. Burr kicked to Yale's 30-yard line, but Harvard's end went down under the ball and Roome did not gain a yard.

Jones made a 20-yard run around McDonald's end, but the ball went back five yards, because it had gone out of bounds. The crimson line was a stone wall when Roome bucked it.

Veeder kicked to Newhall on his own 35-yard line and Yale ends downed him in his tracks. Foster was called upon to hit the line, but did not get through and in the mix-up lost the ball and Veeder got it. Roome shot through for four yards and the Yale team pushed him through for three more. It looked like a first down and a measure was necessary. Frazer took Parker's place. Yale had failed to take her first down and it was Harvard's ball on her own 25-yard line. Burr punted to Morse at his own 50-yard line, but he fumbled and Wendell got it. An on-side kick gave Yale the ball on her 20-yard line. T. A. Jones tried an end run for no gain. Jones got four yards because of off-side play.

Burr punted from his own 15-yard line to the Yale 45-yard line.

Starr made a forward pass which was a miserable one, and it went to Yale on her own 40-yard line. Yale gained ten yards on an end run and carried the ball over midfield line by some fierce plunging.

T. A. Jones made eight yards on an end run. Yale bored through left tackle for five more and on the play Roome was carried back by Harvard after he had gained five more by line plunging. Yale lost fifteen yards for off-side play.

Veeder lost two in trying the lines. Veeder was compelled to drop back to kick, which he did to Harvard's 25-yard line out of bounds.

The ball was brought in.

Orr went in for Starr.

Burr kicked to Yale's 45-yard line, where Roome twisted through for five yards.

An on-side kick gave Harvard the ball on her 45-yard line. Newhall kicked to Yale's 30-yard line where a gain of four yards was followed by a fumble, in which, however, Yale did not lose the ball.

Veeder punted out of bounds at Harvard's 50-yard line. Burr punted out of bounds at Yale's 15-yard line. Harvard crushed Jones' attempt at an end run without a foot of ground being gained.

Roome was replaced by Bomar. Bomar lost five yards in attempting an end run, and Yale was penalized ten yards for holding, and the ball was Yale's on her own 3-yard line. Yale drove through the crimson line for five yards, and Veeder dropped behind his goal line and punted to Newhall on the 45-yard line. Burr punted to Yale's 15-yard line, but the ball was run back to his own 45-yard line. Burr punted to Yale's 18-yard line. Bomar and Jones both tried to get around McDonald's end but could not do so. Yale was penalized fifteen yards and it was her ball on her own 4-yard line. Kennard replaced McDonald for Harvard.

Yale piled up the crimson line and got a yard. Veeder, from behind his goal line, punted to his 38-yard line and Newhall ran outside at the 33-yard line.

A forward pass, Newhall to Orr, gave Harvard ten yards. Yale broke through the line the next time and nailed Newhall for a loss. They got this back for a first down on the next play. On a double pass, Forbes got the ball on his own 25-yard line. Dines took Jones' place.

Veeder punted to Newhall at the crimson's 45-yard line. Newhall fumbled and Forbes got the ball.

Lynn took Bomar's place.

Yale tore up the crimson in two plays for a total of ten yards. Wernecken took Morse's place and Morse took Alcott's place.

Yale simply tore up the crimson line in terrific fashion and the ball was quickly on Harvard's 20-yard line. They smashed through for five yards more. The game ended with the ball on Harvard's 14-yard line.

Final score: Yale 6, Harvard 0.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Walter Eckersall, quarterback and captain of the University of Chicago football eleven, closed his collegiate football career today by making five field goals for his team against the University of Nebraska in the final game of the season. Nine times during the two halves Eckersall booted the ball in an attempted drop kick over the Nebraska goal. Three of these he missed, one was blocked, but the others, some at rather difficult angles, sailed through.

Three of the goals were made in the first half from the 25, 27 and 20 yard lines. The two in the second half, made within a few minutes of each other, were kicked from the 35 and 19 yard lines.

When the game was over the thousands of madly cheering Chicago students swarmed on the gridiron and, borne on the shoulders of two big athletes, Eckersall led a triumphial procession to the gymnasium. The final score of the game was: Chicago, 38; Nebraska, 5.

Steffen and Iddings made touchdowns for Chicago in the first half and Steffen made the third touchdown in the second half after a run of 70 yards. Nebraska's one touchdown came as the result of a long forward pass by Eckersall, which the Chicago backs failed to get, one of the Nebraska backs falling on the ball on Chicago's 16-yard line.

In three plays, in one of which Lithe plunged through Chicago's left tackle for 11 yards, the ball went over the goal line. Several times during the game Nebraska had the ball in Chicago territory, but the Mrroons' defense proved invulnerable.

STOCKTON, Nov. 24.—Stockton and Berkeley High school elevens played the best game of football ever witnessed in this city and many experts say few games have ever been seen outside of the university contests better than the one today. Nither side could score, but the locals claim that they made a drop kick from the field. The referee decided that the ball sailed outside of the goal post. Twice Stockton was within the 3-yard line, but the whistle kept the boys from scoring.

At Minneapolis—Minnesota, 8; Indiana, 0.

At Lafayette, Ind.—Syracuse, 4; West Point, 0.

At Swarthmore, Pa.—Swarthmore, 21; Amherst, 0.

At Easton, Pa.—Lafayette, 33; Lehigh, 0.

At Pittsburg—Western University of Pennsylvania, 24; Grove City, 0.

At Annapolis—St. John's college, 2; John Hopkins university, 0.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 0; Carlisle Indians, 18.

At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 22; Villaneva, 12.

At Springfield, Mass.—Brown, 23; Dartmouth, 0.

At Cedar Rapids—Coe, 28; Cornell, 0.

GOMPERS IS CHIEF AGAIN

American Federation of Labor Elected Officers.

Declaration of Principles Is a Document of Labor Democracy.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 24.—Samuel Gompers was today re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor for the twenty-fifth time in the twenty-six years the federation has been in existence. There was no opposing candidate. The entire executive and administrative staff was re-elected by acclamation.

Second in importance only to the election was the action taken on the proposed declaration of principles drawn up for the federation by the resolutions committee. These were indorsed after two resolutions in regard to the involuntary servitude and the initiative and referendum had been incorporated. The declaration:

In furtherance of our claim, namely, that our principles comprise the fullest and highest type of human activity and from time to time will be enhanced and advanced in accordance with the demands to satisfy human needs and demands, we recommend therefore, as a partial statement at this time, of the economic demands of the Federation of labor.

Free schools, free text books and compulsory education.

Abolition of all forms of involuntary servitude, except for punishment of crime.

Unrelenting protest against the issuance and abuse of the injunction in labor disputes.

A workday of not more than eight hours in the twenty-four hours in a day. A strict recognition of not over eight hours per day on all federal, state or municipal work and at not less than the prevailing per diem wage rate of the class of employment in the vicinity where the work is performed.

Release from employment one day in seven.

The abolition of the contract system on public work.

The municipal ownership of public utilities.

The abolition of the sweat shop system.

Sanitary inspection of factories, workshops and home.

Liability of employers for injury to body or loss of life.

The nationalization of telegraph and telephone.

The passage of anti-child labor laws where they do not exist and rigid enforcement of them where they have been enacted into law.

Woman suffrage.

Initiative, referendum, imperative mandate and right of recall.

Suitable and identical playgrounds for children in all cities.

Continued agitation for the public bath system in all cities.

Qualifications in permits to build of all cities and towns that there shall be bathroom and bathroom attachments in all houses or compartments used for habitation.

We favor a system of finance whereby money shall be issued exclusively by the government with such regulations and restrictions that will protect it from manipulation by the banking interests for their own private gain.

EMERYVILLE RACES

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—By the narrowest of margins, Logistilla, the favorite, lost the Artful handicap today at Emeryville. Runns got away favorably and soon secured the lead, winning by a head. Princess Titania made a game struggle in the sixth and beat out Ruby, well played at 3 to 2.

Results:

First race, six furlongs—Fred Bent, 105, (McIntyre) 7-1, won; Silver Sue, 105, (Graham) 5-1, second; Tavora, 107 (Williams) 13-5, third. Time 1:14 1-5. I'm Joe, Chief Wittman, Governor Davis, Prince Nap, Lord Nelson, Cock Sure also ran.

Second race, five furlongs—Ocean Shore, 111, (Earnshaw) 9-10, won; Al Liedley, 110, (Alarie 9-1, second; Fred Mulholland, 111, (Williams) 9-5, third. Time 1:01 3-5. Posadella, Clamor, Salpearl, Pescadera, Calmor also ran.

Third race, one and an eighth miles—Waterente, 101, (W. Smith) 4-1, won; Jack Little, 107, (Leeds), 6-1, second; W. B. Gates, 101, (Brussel 15-1, third. Time 1:56. Benolic, Iras, Bombardier, Sir Carter, also ran.

Fourth race, one mile and one hundred yards—Ramus, 100, (Brussel) 8-1, won; Logistilla, 102, (Knapp) 7-10, second; Doliinda, 102, (Hunter) 9-1, third. Time 1:45 1-5. Supreme Court, Ialdin, Tom Roberts also ran.

Fifth race, one mile—Dewey, 107, (Russ) 10-5, won; Military Man, 109, (Knapp) 13-10, second; Rolla, 99, (Hunter) 9-2, third. Time 1:41 3-5. Little Joker, Harbor, Jackfull also ran.

Sixth race, six furlongs—Princess Titania, 105, (Graham) 6-1, won; Ruby 107, (Williams) 11-10, second; Van Ness, 106, (Knapp) 18-5, third. Time 1:13 2-5. Romaine, Royal Rogue, Celere, Platoon also ran.

DESCENDANT OF NAPOLEON'S MARSHAL A FISH MERCHANT

ODESSA. From a marshalship of the Napoleonic empire to a Russian fish merchant is surely a remarkably long fall, even in the third generation. Prince Louis Napoleon Murat, a direct descendant of Napoleon's marshal, who is married to a Mingrelian princess and has long owned a magnificent chateau and estate near Sugdidi, on the Circassian coast of the Caucasus, is now devoting his newly developed commercial energy to the importation of Scotch herring. The Wilson liner Electro, from Hull, has just landed here a consignment of 450 tons of the commodity in question, and is endeavoring to arrage for a monthly delivery here of 4000 barrels. The prince is assured, he says, of a constant market in this country for Scotch herring. The shipment in question is in the nature of an experiment. Its purpose is to test whether Scoth herring will prove an acceptable article of diet to the Caucasian peasants.

People of Rome Are Nervous.

ROME, Nov. 24.—An explosion of a firecracker today near the church at St. Andreas del La Valle, which was made famous by Sardou in "La Tosca," caused some excitement and the spread of all kinds of exaggerated reports.

KING GEORGE'S VISIT TO KING EMMANUEL

Two Sovereigns Visited Royal Hunting Preserves and Had Good Bear Hunt.

ROME, Nov. 24.—King George of Greece and King Victor Emmanuel, accompanied by their suites, were driven in automobiles today to Castle Perziano, the royal preserves situated in the beautiful pine woods near Oslia, which extend to the Mediterranean. Their majesties visited the spot where, according to classical legend, Aeneas, the Trojan prince, founded the city of Lavinum. After taking part in a successful wild boar hunt the two kings lunched at the royal hunting lodge and then returned to Rome.

Much comment was caused by the fact that Queen Helena, who is the daughter of the reigning prince of Montenegro, drove to Castle Perziano, accompanied by the Princesses Helena of Servia and Vera of Montenegro, and had luncheon with the king, the presence of the Princess Helena contrasting with the hostile attitude of the diplomatic representatives of the Balkan states toward King George's visit. The explanation given was that the Servian princess was the guest of Queen Helena and therefore could not absent herself.

BAD MAN KELLY COMMITTED SUICIDE

Identity of Colorado Bandid Disclosed By His Self-Murder In Jail.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Nov. 24.—The identity of Mike Kelly, who committed suicide in the county jail yesterday, has been discovered and the theory that he was one of the three Divide bandits is established.

Kelly was known for many years at Colorado City and in the Ute pass region as "Kelly the Robber." He is a bad man and is known to have been working in the vicinity of Divide for the past few weeks. Kelly evidently knew that a posse was out after him and the fear of capture, combined with the hardship of his night and day of wandering in the snowbound mountains between here and Divide, doubtless affected his mind and caused him to become insane.

He was found wandering in this city Wednesday night raving about a "Hundred men chasing him."

SENATOR TILLMAN AND NEGRO CRITICS

They Can No More Stop Him from Talking Than Stop President Roosevelt.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina passed through Chicago today on his way to South Haven, Mich. When informed that the negroes of Chicago had protested against the delivery of a lecture by him he said:

"I am surprised that there should be any talk in this city of a negro uprising to prevent a lecture which is for the benefit of a hospital which has never yet closed its doors to one of the colored race. It is absurd for the colored people to say that they can prevent a senator of the United States from talking. They might as well try to stop President Roosevelt. I shall not change my lecture in the slightest degree."

NEED LABOR'S ASSISTANCE IN NEW FRENCH MINISTRY

PARIS.—Rene Viviani, the first minister of labor, has been giving his views on the new department created by Clemenceau. The new ministry, he says, should be called the "House of Labor." The rights and interests of the workers have made this new ministry possible, he adds, and they should be considered in the same way as the rights and interests of other classes are considered. Up till now these interests have been dealt with by the ministry of the interior and the ministry of commerce. But in Viviani's opinion, the time has now arrived when they should be placed in the hand of one minister. This, he thinks, will avert complications and give more coherence to labor legislation. The new minister will first of all apply himself to the task of promoting workmen's pensions. He believes that this problem will soon be solved. The first condition necessary to the smooth working of the ministry of labor is to have confidence in the working classes. Viviani claims to have been a Socialist all his life, and to have defended the working classes. Clemenceau, in defining his duties, lays it down that he shall regulate the hours of labor, the weekly rest, sanitation, and measures of security to life and limb. He will also be expected to control the relations between employers and employed, the condition of labor, inquire into accidents, deal with strikes, and interest himself in savings banks and thrift institutions.

GERMAN JACK-THE-RIPPER SLAUGHTERS TWO WOMEN

BERLIN.—Two terribel crimes have been committed by the same person near Sebandau, a little village on the Elbe. A quarryman's wife was carrying her husband's dinner when she was waylaid by a man who demanded her purse. When the woman hesitated the ruffian knocked her down, stabbed her several times in the breast, and then proceeded to mutilate her body in an unspeakable fashion. The horrible butchery was witnessed by two Saxon custom officials on the opposite bank of the river. They were, however, powerless to go to the unfortunate woman's help. The same evening, and not far from the same spot, a little girl, 12 years of age, was attacked by the miscreant, who felled her to the ground and cut her throat.

CRICTIC CHAMPIONS ACTORS; MANAGER THROWS HIM OUT

BUDAPEST.—A lively scene occurred at the National theater at Klausenburg. Recently the manager had developed spite against a critic because he took the part of his artists, who asked for an advance of salary. In the course of a performance the public espoused the cause of the critic and gave him an ovation, while they hissed the manager. The manager became furious and wished to expel the critic. Then began a serious riot, in the course of which the spectators broke all the windows in the theater. A score of gendarmes had to be called in to clear the theater. They used their sabers, wounding several spectators.

Hungary Opposes Emigration.

BUDA PEST, Nov. 24.—Minister of the Interior Count Andressy declared today in the diet that he had resolved to close all the Cunard steamship agencies in Hungary, because they were encouraging emigration.

PRICES CURRENT

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The wheat market today opened a trifle easier on liberal profit taking by local longs and the liquidation of the week's trading in the wheat pit continued today in a lesser degree. There was also some changing from December to the May delivery by elevator interests. Cables were steady and reports from the Southwest were that winter wheat had been damaged by excessive rains. Trading in general was quiet. The market closed easy. December opened unchanged at 73⅛, sold up to 73¼@¾ and then declined to 72⅞, closing a shade off at 73@⅛.

Trading in corn was about as dull as it possibly could be and the tone of the market was steady, the fluctuations in prices being within a range of less than 3-8. The close was steady, December closed ⅛ up at 42¼.

Oats were quiet and easy. December closed a shade lower at 33¼@⅜.

LIVERPOOL: Close—Wheat, December 6s 3⅞d; March 6s 5⅞d; May, 6s 5 3-8d.

SAN FRANCISCO: Wheat, quiet; December, $1.25¾; May, $1.31⅛; cash, $1.30.

Barley, quiet; December, $1.10½; May, $1.15; cash, $1.13⅞.

Corn, quiet; large yellow, $1.35@$1.40.

NEW YORK.—The market for evaporated apples continues firm on both spot and futures. High choice are quoted at 8½c, choice 7½@8, prime in cases 7¼.

Prunes are reported in good demand with coast advices indicating firmness in primary markets. California grades range from 3 to 9c.

Apricots are unchanged, with choice quoted at 19, extra choice 17@18, fancy 18@20.

Peaches are scarce and firm with new crop choice quoted at 12, extra choice 12½, fancy 13.

Raisins are in light supply on spot and offerings from the coast are not heavy. Loose muscatels are quoted at 7¼@8½, seeded raisins at 7@10¼, London layers $1.65@$1.75.

PEASANT IS TORN TO DEATH BY SAVAGE BLOODHOUNDS

VIENNA.—A sad occurrence took place the other day, according to a Tilsit newspaper, near Kamptpawilken, a fine village on the Russian border. In the dead of night four big hounds kept as watch dogs by a couple of frontier guards, stationed there, suddenly became wildly excited and tore away toward a neighboring forest, from which presently shrieks of terror were heard. The guards, thinking of smugglers, hurried to the scene, where they found a man lying dead with his throat bitten through and his clothes torn to shreds by the savage dogs, which, furiously barking, surrounded a tree on which a boy of about 13 had sought refuge. After the dogs had been securely chained, the lad got down, but immediately fainted, owing to loss of blood; he, too, having been severely bitten. On recovering consciousness the boy told the officials that he and his father, Ivan Nichinsky, of Mitau, had been on a visit to Koenigsberg, where they had bought a watch and a few trinkets as presents for relatives. Finding themselves at the end of their visit short of money, the father was unable to pay their fare part of the way home, and had nothing left to pay the duty on the few articles they had purchased. Nichinsky then hit on the unfortunate idea to cross the frontier by taking a short cut through the woods to evade the customs, with the result as stated. The boy's story was found to be absolutely true in every detail.

BEAUTIFUL UNDRAPED STATUE PRECIPITATES TOWN ROW

PARIS.—The little town of Castelnandery has been roused from its customary peaceful torpor and the harmony of its inhabitants turned into discord by the arrival of a statue. It was a beautiful statue, representing the undraped form of Daphne in all her virgin loveliness. The minister of fine arts himself presided over its unveiling. But one morning the bishop of Castelnandery chanced to pass through the square where Daphne on her pedestal appeared to be still fleeing from the attractions of Apollo. The bishop only took one glance, and then rushed home and wrote an indignant letter to the mayor, protesting against the "indecent exhibition" and the "outrage to public morals." The mayor replied by invoking the moral history of Daphne's sacrifice and chastity, and by inviting the bishop to go and inspect the artistic sculptures in certain French cathedrals and in the papal palace at Rome. The quarrel was begun. It has now spread to the whole community—the one clamoring for the removal of the statue, the other insisting in the name of art and beauty upon its continuing to embellish the town. The question has caused serious strife among the local newspapers and every time it is discussed at meetings of the municipal council the deliberations end in disaster and fisticuffs.

YOUNG ROBINSON CRUSOES EMBARK FOR NEW WORLD

HAVRE.—When the steamer Admiral Melly of Havre arrived at Pauillac five youths from 12 to 16 years of age were discovered in one of the boats. They had read the books of Jules Verne and developed a craze for traveling. They stole on board the steamer at Havre and concealed themselves under the sailcloth which covered the boat. There was food in the boat, and they were able to live for three days. But they had no water to drink, and were ultimately compelled by thirst to emerge from their places of concealment. The captain gave them water and afterward questioned them as to their intentions. They declared that their desire was to reach America and live the same life as Robinson Crusoe. The youths' parents have been advised and arrangements have been made to send them to their homes.

DISAPPEARANCE OF BANKERS REVEALS GIGANTIC SWINDLE

HAMBURG.—The two proprietors of a Stettin banking and lottery business, run under the name of the Miscow company, has disappeared, leaving the police to unravel a swindle of gigantic extent. The "firm" dealt in "Red Cross" lottery tickets, which it never possessed, and thousands of postal orders, accompanying applications for the same, were found on the premises. The number of the victims, including many foreigners, is enormous, but cannot be stated with any accuracy until the judicial inquiry, now set on foot, finishes its labors.

MRS. BESOLD'S BODY EXHUMED BY STATE

Examination Seems to Prove Beyond Question Identity of the Murdered Woman.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 24.—The remains of Mrs. Claudie Besold, who was murdered in Temescal canyon on July 11th last, were exhumed in Woodland cemetery, Santa Monica, this morning by the authorities, who are prosecuting the woman's husband, Antone Besold, on the charge of murder.

Many new facts were disclosed by examination of the remains, which, the district attorney claims, greatly strengthens their case against Besold. It has been denied that the body found was that of Mrs. Besold, but the examination of the body today would seem to set at rest all such speculation. The left elbow was still bandaged as before death. Dr. Brown of this city had treated Mrs. Besold for tuberculosis of the bone of this arm and a short time previous to her disappearance had performed an operation.

Mrs. Besold had also complained of pain in the region of left clavicle, which had been injured. Examination today revealed that the clavicle was fractured.

A bullet wound in the skull showed that the woman had been shot in the head with a 38-caliber revolver. The skull and other portions of the anatomy will be offered in evidence by the state at the preliminary hearing which convenes again next Monday.

NEEDED SEVEN INHABITANTS TO BECOME TRULY GREAT

BERLIN.—An amusing story is told at the expense of the authorities of a small village in the grand duchy of Baden. These worthies, it seems, full of local patriotism, were anxious to show at the recent census a population of over 1,000, but the minutest preliminary count failed to raise the total over 993. As the village is situated in an out-of-the-way corner of the grand duchy, the chance of the desired total being made up by an odd visitor or two and a few tramps was considered extremely remote, and the burgomaster was in despair. In the nick of time, however, a band of gypsies arrived, who brought up the total to 1,005. Never were gypsies made more welcome. Used as they were to harsh rebuffs, the swarthy wanderers were bewildered by the receipt of all sorts of pleasant attentions, and proudly the villagers saw their hamlet inscribed on the roll of "places of more than 1,000 inhabitants." But a sad awakening was in store for them. A new law was passed in Baden increasing the fiscal responsibilities of places with a population of 1,000 or more, and so the villagers found themselves saddled with taxes which, but for their unfortunate local vanity, they would have escaped. There was the inevitable revulsion of feeling, and the burgomaster's lot has not been a happy one since.

SELLS VALUABLE NECKLACE HE RECEIVES AS SECURITY

PARIS.—A month ago an actress at the Gymnase theater intrusted her pearl necklace, valued at $3000, to a shopkeeper in the Palais Royal quarter, with instructions that he had to pawn it at the Mont de Plete. The shopkeeper performed his mission, and brought the money to the actress, less a reasonable commission. A few days after he released the necklace and sold it to a customer. Having surmounted her monetary difficulties, the actress thought she would like to regain possession of her necklace, and indicated her pleasure to the shopkeeper, who confessed that the jewel had disappeared and offered to indemnify her with another. But the necklace he showed the actress was of small value, and she lodged a complaint against the shopkeeper. Questioned by an examining magistrate, the shopkeeper admitted that he had sold the pearls, but only after having sought the actress' authorization. He added that he called at the actress' flat, and that she would not see him. When, however, he made known his request to her maid, the latter, he declares, brought him an affirmative reply. The actress denies this, and declares that the shopkeeper did not call upon her. Pending examination of the maid the shopkeeper rests under a charge of abuse of confidence.

THIS WEALTHY MURDERER BUILDS HIS OWN JAIL

ROME.—A wealthy landowner, Raimondo Pace, was in 188 condemned by the criminal courts of Foggia, in Italy, to ten years' imprisonment for having murdered a servant of his. Judgment was passed in default, and it was surmised at the time that the man had escaped to some distant land under an assumed name. Quite recently the police heard that he was in Foggia and raided his house. They were very much amused to find him safely locked up in a cell which he had built for himself in the basement of his home. One of his servants was paid by him to act as jailer, and by order of his master supplied him once a day with bread and a jug of water. During eight years Pace never stirred from his cell, and he told the police that after completing the full term of ten years to which he was condemned he intended petitioning the king for a royal pardon. As it is, the unfortunate man has to start his punishment afresh, and in the end will have served almost twice his time.

HE SUSPECTED HIS GUEST AND IS SUED FOR SLANDER

VIENNA.—A queer story comes from Linz. A captain of a cavalry regiment called at a castle in the district, and after introducing himself asked if the owner had any forage to sell to his squadron. The occupant of the castle, who had recently been an army officer, received the captain very cordially, and asked him to stay to dinner. Suddenly, however, the idea struck him that his guest might simply be an imitator of the famous captain of Koepenick. He communicated his suspicions to the gendarmes, who arrived at the moment when the captain was entering a train bound for his garrison. He was ordered to show his papers, but declined to do so, and got very angry with the gendarmes. The latter, however, convinced that they had to deal with a swindler, entered the compartment and traveled to Braunau with their prisoner. The gendarmes returned to Linz the next day in a contrite frame of mind. The man whom they had arrested was in reality a captain. The proprietor of the castle is to be proceeded against for calumnious denunciation.

Terrorist Outrages at Warsaw.

WARSAW, Nov. 24.—Two employes of the Vistula railroad were murdered today by persons unknown to the authorities. The head of a detective was shot and killed by terrorists, and a bomb was exploded in an unoccupied house in Pawea street in the neighborhood of the governor's palace.

THE ROOSTER'S WARNING.

Rooster (as Sam looks over the fence): "Tak-tak-tak, take care!"

JUST AS GOOD.

To know just how to sing's a thing
Desirable; but, then,
It's well to know how not to sing
And also where and when.

AN AXIOM REVISED.

This life is full of odd deceit;
A coat of paint may hide the dirt,
And many an honest heart may beat
Beneath a jewel studded shirt.

THE APPROPRIATE STYLE.

"Do you suppose it would help me get business if I raised a beard?"
"On the contrary! One always expects a lawyer to be barefaced, you know!"

UNCERTAINTY AT THE DANCE.

Mr. Sogus: "What meks dat Miss Spacer aer kinder lon'sum t'night?"
Mr. Wheets: "D' boys ain't quite suah whedder dat 'rangement stickin' out of her bodice is one ob dem new fash'ned lawnettes or a razzer, an' day's shy."

PITY THE POOR RICH.

Don't blame a man because he's rich
And has a lot of pelf,
For if you don't watch out belike
You may get rich yourself.

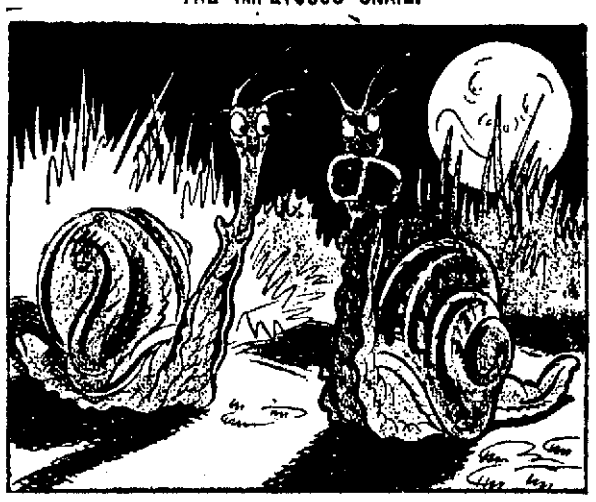
DOMESTIC PETS.

My wife has a parrot
And also a pug;
My pet is a little
Old earthenware jug.

THE WAY.

If you would seize an envied place
Of fame's most honored shelf,
Devise some brand new way to make
A jackass of yourself.

THE IMPETUOUS SNAIL.



Mr. Snail: "Ethel, why don't you name the year? True, we have only been engaged two decades, but I am longing to call you mine."
Miss Snail: "Oh! Aren't you impetuous?"

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Although the boy ne'er learned to spell,
His future wasn't wrecked:
He simply used quotation marks
And wrote in dialect.

GOOD NATURED BROWN.

An optimist, he's thankful for
Most anything, is Brown.
He cares not what turns up, sir, nor
How often he's turned down.

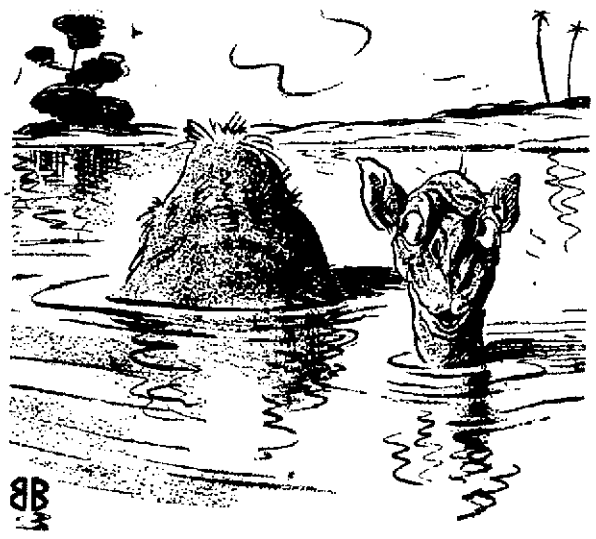
LOST BY WINNING.

He—Clara Sweet lost her best friend last week.
She—Indeed! How did it happen?
He—She married him.

SHE'S DREAMING.

"There goes Miss Letters. I understand she is quite literary."
"Who told you so?"
"She did."
"Ah, well, don't wake her up."

ABSENTMINDED.



The Camel: "Well, I didn't notice passing that island."

A MERE TRIFLE.

She—I heard you were hurt in a football game recently.
He—Oh, not of any account. I was only two days in the hospital.

UNLUCKY IN LOVE.

"Is her father disposed to look with favor on your suit?"
"He was until last night, when I made it with no trumps after he had passed it to me. The other side got all but two tricks."

BEING EXACT.

"Oh, Bertie, you mustn't pull the pussy's tail that way."
"I aren't pulling her tail, ma. She's doin' it herself. I'm only just simply holdin' on."

NO CHANCE.

"Reggy lost a hundred in a poker game with us fellows last night."
"I thought he never indulged in games of chance?"
"It was no game of chance so far as Reggy was concerned."

HER BAD AIM.

"Does your wife miss you when you are away?"
"She misses me when I am at home."
"What do you mean?"
"She can't throw a cup straight."

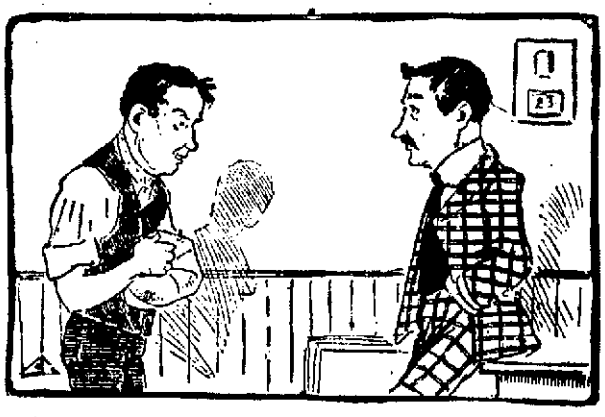
PROOF POSITIVE.

Winks—That pickpocket they caught is really a very intelligent fellow.
Wisely—No doubt of it. He proved that by his ability to locate a lady's pocket.

STRIKING AN AVERAGE.

Jenkins—Smartly has bought an absolutely noiseless auto.
Woodson—Indeed.
Jenkins—Yes. And he's got the noisiest horn in town attached to it.

JONES WAS MISTAKEN.



Jones (to his brother's foreman): "I suppose you are my brother's right hand man?"
Foreman: "No, sir. I'm left handed."

AT LAST.

He (kissing her)—It's late and—
She—Better late than never.

A SPELLING REFORMER.

"Is your friend a reformer?"
"Yes, for a spell."

IT LOOKED EASY.

Mrs. Backwoods (at the theater)—Them orchestra men must be fine musicians.
Uncle Backwoods—Yes, but the conductor don't look to me like he had a very hard job. I should think anybody could wave a stick like that.

AN AUTOMOBILE TONGUE.

"She has an automobile tongue."
"What do you mean?"
"Oh, she's always running other people down."

BY A MISFIT YOUTH.

Fate seems to have figured it out for me
That marry I never can,
For, while the right girl I often have found,
I seem always to be the wrong man!

FULLY MEASURED.

"So he married a college woman. It must be tough to be tied to a woman who knows so much he doesn't know."
"That doesn't hurt him so much as the fact that she knows how much he doesn't know."

IN THE ARCTIC REGIONS.

First Eskimo: "I see the boys are on strike again."
Second Eskimo: "Yes, they demand a three months' workday."

NATURAL.

Mrs. Talk—What do you think? I dreamed last night that I was at a box party and—
Mr. Talk—Ah, that explains why you were talking so loud in your sleep.

TO INCREASE THEIR JOY.

So much some people we could name
Delight to tell us over
How much they know, it's quite a shame
They do not know much more.

NOT HER TRADE.

"Goodness, Bridget! You're always spilling and breaking things!"
"Yes, mum, I'm not a juggler by profession—only a plain cook, mum!"

MEAN INSINUATION.

Mrs. Jinks—My, how my clothes smell of moth balls!
Mrs. Winks—Yes, I noticed that the men were awfully polite in giving you a seat on the car.

ALL WHO RUN CAN READ.

Her Husband—Now, there's Mrs. Meeker. I know that she makes all her own clothes, yet you never hear her say a word about it.
Mrs. Marter—Humph! It isn't necessary.

FRIENDLY COMMENT.

Algy—Jenkins gave me a full apology.
Reggy—He must have been awfully full to do that.

Exchanging Confidences.

First Stenographer—My employer is in financial trouble of some sort. He says he doesn't know which way to turn.
Second Stenographer—Mine hasn't that to bother him. He's a crank.

Credit to Responsible People. Redlick's New Trading Stamp Premiums Now.

$15.00 Suit Sale Opens Monday

See The Windows

They have just reached us, and we know they will soon find new owners.

There are some 200 suits in the lot in a variety wide enough to satisfy every suit seeking woman.

We are not making any extravagant claims for these suits. We are not telling you they are worth $25, $30, $35, $40, and even $50.

There are two ways of advertising. One is to make impossible claims, depending upon shrewd salespeople to sell those who respond, and the other is to substantiate the advertisement by furnishing goods fully up to the statement, or a little better.

We prefer to underestimate these charming suits. We know the pleasurable surprise in finding them better than the anticipation will do more good for the store.

EVERY ONE OF THESE SUITS HAS JUST LEFT THE MAKERS' HANDS. There are no old garments among them. They are right up to the second in good looks, in charm of style and in goodness of materials.

They are in all wool suitings, the very prettiest of plaids and shadow checks, the new gray combinations, in browns and blues, in the always useful blacks, in hard finished worsted, in hard twisted panamas, serges, French cheviots, and mannish mixtures.

They may be had in the Pony jacket style, as we picture it, or in the Eton, Blouse Eton, Prince Chap or Military. The jackets are richly trimmed with braid, lined with silk taffetine.

The skirts are plaited and made with nine gores, trimmed with straps and buttons, some in the latest circular effects.

We place them on sale tomorrow. Owing to the extremely low price we shall be compelled to make a small charge for alterations.

The Jeweler

Diamonds and Gems

Annual Thanksgiving Sale of Rodgers' Genuine "1847" Silverware!

This is a sale that will meet with quick response the very first day, for buying Rodgers' "1847" silverware for less than regular prices is like buying so much gold coin for less than its regular mint value.

So if you have a silverware need or if you are thinking of a Thanksgiving or Christmas present for some one, take advantage of this annual sale while these low prices prevail.

Rogers' "1847" Knives, set of 6	$1.85
Rogers' "1847" Knives and Forks, set of 6	$3.75
Rogers' "1847" Teaspoons, set of 6	$1.25
Rogers' "1847" Tablespoons, set of 6	$2.50
Rogers' "1847" Dessert Spoons, set of 6	$2.25
Rogers' "1847" Fruit Knives, set of 6	$1.50
Rogers' "1847" Salad Forks, set of 6	$2.65
Rogers' "1847" Butter Knife and Sugar Shell, set	$1.35
Rogers' "1847" Butter Knife, Sugar Shell and Cream Ladle, set	$1.85

Oberlin Bros.

The Progressive Jeweler

1119 J Street. Fiske Block.

UTE INDIANS HAVE ARRIVED AT LEAD IN CHARGE OF CAVALRY

LEAD, S. D., Nov. 24.—The Ute Indians who have been traveling through South Dakota into Wyoming in defiance of the government's orders, arrived at Ortmead today, accompanied by the Sixth United States cavalry. Tonight they are camping on the government reservation, having been given provisions and clothing by officers at the fort.

Nobel Prize for Carducci.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The Italian minister at Stockholm has telegraphed the government that the Nobel prize for literature has been awarded to Giosue Carducci, the Italian poet.

Mount Vesuvius Angry Again.

NAPLES, Nov. 24.—Preceded by loud detonations, another portion of the crater of Mount Vesuvius, on the side nearest Pompeii, collapsed today, and the violence threw out ashes, cinders and smoke, which rose like an umbrella. Professor Matteucci, director of the royal observatory on Mount Vesuvius, continues to declare that there is no danger of an eruption.

Fever on British Steamer.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 24.—The British steamer Wildcroft, Captain Raymond, is held at quarantine, with seventeen cases of fever aboard. Though the exact nature of the malady has not been determined, it is supposed to be Chagres fever. The Wildcroft lay at Colon, from which port she came.

BARTON ANNOUNCEMENTS

"Uncle Josh Perkins" Thanksgiving Play—Edison on "Strongheart."

"Uncle Josh Perkins," the New England rural comedy-drama, comes to the Barton next Thursday (Thanksgiving) matinee and night. It unfolds a story filled with sweet naturalness and possesses enough real life to make of it a big success with all who go to see it. The company this season is said to be stronger than ever and is as laudable and as entertaining as anything produced in many a day. It is one of those plays that send their audiences home in a better frame of mind. The cast is a finely blended one and the specialties introduced are declared to be specially high class. Special settings for every scene depicted are carried by the company. The sale of seats will open Monday; prices 10, 25, 50 and 75 cents; matinee prices 25 cents for any seat.

Edison in "Strongheart."

"Strongheart," the now famous comedy which comes to the Barton on Thursday and Friday nights, December 6th and and 7th, with Robert Edeson in the title role, will probably prove the real dramatic treat of the season, as the play is noteworthy in every way.

"Strongheart" tells the story of an educated, full-blooded Indian who has been sent by his tribe to Columbia university in New York for an education which will help him in future years to better the condition of his race, as he is himself one day to become their chief. While learning the white man's ways, he becomes a champion on the gridiron, the favorite in their sports and fraternities, is introduced into their homes and becomes one of themselves, but he falls in love with the sister of his chum, and because of his race, he is practically ostracized from their set, and the problem comes up, "should the Indian marry the girl?" The theme, although a serious one, is set against a background of college life, which gives ample opportunity for genuine comedy, of which the play is full.

ROY DENNY GRANTED DIVORCE FOR DESERTION

Public Administrator Obtains Big Judgment for Mallory Estate.

Judge Church yesterday granted a divorce to Thurman Roy Denny from Mrs. Hattie Denny. The couple were married in this city about ten years ago, but have no children. The allegation was that the wife deserted Denny some years ago, and she put in no appearance in answer to the suit. E. S. Van Meter, attorney for Denny, was the only witness besides himself. The latter is a laundryman.

The trial of the case of R. D. Chittenden, as administrator of the Thomas Mallory estate, against A. E. Pearson coming up for hearing before Judge Austin and the defendant not making an appearance, judgment was given for the estate.

In 1902, Pearson gave a promissory note for $2337.50 to the deceased, Mallory, and no payment on the note was ever made. The judgment is for interest and costs.

Buker's 974

For coughs and colds, at Buker & Colson's.

BASEBALL GAME TODAY

Schimpff and Overall to Be on Slab.

Big Leaguers in Line-Up Promises Good Contest Today.

"Truck" Eagan.

The Watkin's Baseball club of Fresno will play a return game with the Grants team of Visalia at Recreation park this afternoon. The game will be called at 2:30 o'clock and the presence of some notable players in the line-up of both teams promises a good contest.

For Fresno, Schimpff will be on the firing line and Happy Hogan will work behind the bat and captain the team. Cartwright will be on first, with Truck Eagan at short. DeLoss will play second and Cardwell third. In the field will be Tufts, Galbreath and Smith.

Overall will pitch for Visalia and Stevenson, the best kid catcher on the coast, will handle the big fellow's twisters.

GAND JURY INQUIRES INTO ASSESSOR'S OFFICE

Adjourns to December 17th, While Committees Will Work.

An examination ito the workings of the assessor's office was begun yesterday morning at the session of the grand jury. Assessor Cameron came before that body for a short time and also G. P. Cummings, who will assume the office on the first of the new year and has already spent a part of a term as assessor.

The jury did not sit all day, however, but adjourned, not to meet again as a body until December 17th. In the meantime, the committees of the grand jury will get vigorously to work on their special lines of duty, which will keep them very busy for some weeks.

DELAYED PASSENGERS SUFFERED HARDSHIP

Babies on Fort Worth and Denver Train Were Fed Whiskey and Water.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 24.—Harrowing experiences were reported today by the passengers when the Fort Worth and Denver train arrived here from Denver over five days late.

The train left Denver last Saturday night and was delayed by repeated snowstorms in sparsely settled sections of the Texas panhandle. Eight babies on the train were nearly starved; the supply of milk having been exhausted. They were fed on whisky and water. The other passengers suffered greatly from want of food, it being impossible to obtain supplies.

Traffic is open now and the weather has moderated.

GILLETTE'S DEFENSE PARTLY OUTLINED

Suggestion that Abrasions on Grace Brown's Body Were Caused After Death.

HERKIMER, N. Y., Nov. 24.—In a brief session, District Attorney Ward today failed to reach the evidence of the physicians in the Gillette murder case.

The first intimation of the defense's claim that abrasions on Grace Brown's body were made after it was removed from the water, came out when the driver of the wagon in which the body was taken to the station was cross-examined. He denied that the road was rough.

Court adjourned until Monday morning and the prosecution will probably swear the doctors then.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO KILL TURKISH OFFICIAL

Bomb Explosion at Constantinople Has Two Possible Explanations It Appears.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 24.—It became known today that the explosion of a bomb in the Pera quarter on November 22nd was an alleged attempt to blow up Fehmi Pasha, chief of the secret police of the palace, while he was driving through the main street. Two persons were injured.

There is much skepticism as to whether the explosions were not engineered by Fehmi Pasha, with a view of impressing the sultan with the importance of the sultan's police and securing a continuation of imperial favors.

Freeman's special tamales and enchaladas. 943 J.

FIRE DAMAGES CHANCE HOUSE

Old Residence Under Sale at Time of Fire.

Occupied By D. Brownlee and Roomers Lose Nearly All Personal Effects.

Fire broke out in the old A. D. Chance house at No. 911 O street shortly after 9 o'clock last night, and destroyed the entire upper story, besides damaging, to a considerable extent, the lower floor by water. The house was rented by D. Brownlee and run as a boarding and rooming place.

The fire started in the bathroom on the north side of the house and made its way to the roof in a very short time. A number of tenants in the house had been using the room previously and it cannot be ascertained who was in the place last. A small coal oil heating stove used for heating water, was in the bathroom and the people living next door claim to have heard an explosion just before the fire broke out. It is probable that this caused the fire, as the whole corner of the building burst into flames at once. Soon the space between the upper floor and roof was entirely enveloped in flames, despite the efforts of those in the immediate vicinity to check the progress by means of the limited supply of water at their disposal. The alarm was turned in promptly by Officer Fair, who was passing near by when the fire broke out, and the fire department was on the scene in a short time.

Great difficulty was experienced in fighting the fire. The building was composed entirely of wood and had been standing for a number of years, so that the inner part was absolutely dry. The flames between the upper ceiling and the roof were hardest to get at, and although there was scarcely any danger of adjoining property catching fire, it was some time before the flames were smothered and a large part of the immense amount of water it took, soaked the lower floor and its contents.

At the time of the fire negotiations were on foot for the sale of the property by Mrs. A. D. Chance to G. A. Hatfield, the local freight agent for the Santa Fe railroad. Although the actual transfer of the property had not been accomplished, a deposit was placed by the buyer and the deed had been sent to Mrs. Chance, who is at present in Los Angeles. Whatever the loss will be on the property, it will fall entirely on the original owner. The house was built about eighteen years ago by A. D. Chance, and at the time of its construction it was among the finest residences in this city. It had been used up to the last few years as the Chance home, and Frank Chance, of baseball fame, spent most of his boyhood days in this house.

At the time of the fire the house was occupied by D. Brownlee, and a number of roomers lost their personal effects, some being compelled to flee from their beds in the top story, scantily attired.

New furniture amounting to $400 had recently been placed in the house. Most of the furniture from the lower floor was saved, and as there was insurance on the furniture to the amount of $1000, there will be small loss to the renter. The house itself, which was worth $3700, sustained a damage of from $1500 to $2000, practically covered by insurance. The heaviest loss will probably fall upon the subtenants, who roomed in the upper story, and lost nearly all their effects, without insurance.

"MARRIAGE OF KITTY" A HIGH CLASS FARCE

Bright Dialogue and Good Situations Made Play Popular With Theater Goers.

The people who stayed away from "The Marriage of Kitty" at the Barton last night either because they imagined that two good shows do not come together at the Barton or because they felt that they had had their fill at "The College Widow," will be filled with regret when those who attended begin to talk about the show, and the spectators began to talk of the farce as soon as it was over. There is nothing more restful to a theater-goer than a first-class farce, and last night's production was first-class in every particular.

"The Marriage of Kitty" is a bright farce, lasting but two hours and is finished. There is not a superfluous line in the whole play and every situation which begins to get serious ends in a laugh.

Sir Reginald Belsize imagines that he is in love with Madame de Semiano and wants to marry her, but the terms of his uncle's will in which he is bequeathed a large fortune, provide that he is not to get the money unless he is married to someone other than a widow who is a Peruvian woman, by a certain date. Now it happens that Madame de Semiano is a Peruvian woman and a widow, and in order to cheat the terms of the will, Belsize arranges with John Travers, a lawyer friend of his, to furnish him a wife. It is agreed that he is not to live with his wife, but is to spend his "honeymoon" with his lady love, while his wife is to be furnished with a villa on the lake of Geneva, where she is to live until proper time has elapsed for a divorce.

In order to satisfy Madame de Semiano, Kitty makes up as an ugly country girl when she is married and her husband never sees the real Kitty, who is a charming girl. Kitty agrees to the peculiar compact, as she is a penniless goddchild of Travers and goes into the thing more for the lark than anything else.

The fun begins in the second act, when Belsize hunts out Travers at his wife's home in Geneva to ask for a divorce so that he can marry Madame de Semiano "to get rid of her." Then, for the first time, he meets the real Kitty and falls in love with her.

The complications arising out of this situation are amusing and the audience is kept in an uproar the whole time.

The play ends with Belsize's refusal to be divorced from Kitty and their running away in a cab that Madame de Semiano had ordered to carry Reggy away from his wife.

She avenges herself by writing to a former suitor and accepting his offer of marriage that she had rejected for Belsize.

Florence Gear as Kitty was perfectly charming. Her acting was perfect throughout the whole piece. Harry B. Roche's interpretation of Reginald Belsize was exceptionally clever.

BACK FROM CONVENTION

C. L. McLane Returns from Superintendent's Meeting.

San Diego Convention Adopts Resolutions for Legislative Action.

C. L. McLane, superintendent of public instruction in this city, returned yesterday noon from San Diego, where he had been attending the meeting of the city and county superintendents of the state, during the past week. He expressed himself as being greatly pleased with the way in which the convention was carried out, both for the work done and the entertainment of the delegates by the San Diego people. This biennial meeting of superintendents is provided for by law and none can stay away without a good excuse. There were over eighty present from all parts of the state.

The meeting was held for the purpose of adopting resolutions to be placed before the coming legislature, which meets next January. The first action of the convention was to appoint a committee to arrange the program for the order of business, and Mr. McLane was appointed chairman of this committee. All measures to be taken up by the meeting were turned over to the committee for arrangement. The first resolution adopted was one for relieving the school department from all enforcement of the vaccination laws, and transferring the duty to the health department. The reasons given at the meeting, Mr. McLane said, for this action, were that the enforcement of the law by the educational department, discriminates against public schools in favor of private and parochial schools. If the health department had charge of the law's enforcement, all children would be subject to vaccination. It was also stated that this law and the one providing for compulsory education conflict, because one prevents the child from going to school, while the other compels him to attend. The resolution was unanimously adopted. The superintendents were not opposed to vaccination, but regarded the duty of attending to the work as being out of the province of the educational department.

Free Text Books.

Another resolution adopted by the convention was one to provide for free text books for public schools. Many of those in attendance at the meeting had held positions in states where this law existed, and recommended it very highly. Under such a law the state can procure text books, of better quality for one-fourth the price that is paid at present by pupils. After the schools were once stocked with books, it would take but little to replenish the supply each year. No recommendation was made as to how the money used to purchase the books would be raised, but the general opinion favored an increase of the school tax.

All Cops Truant Cops.

Concerning the compulsory education law a resolution was adopted providing that every peace officer could be called upon to act as truant officer and that all cases coming under this law should be dealt with in the Juvenile courts. A resolution for making industrial training a requirement in public education was also passed. Further measures were taken to place rural schools under closer supervision of the county superintendents.

Mr. McLane spoke of the excursions to places of interest about San Diego. Each forenoon was devoted entirely to these trips. The Raja Yoga academy and the state normal schools were visited with great interest.

The Fresno meeting of the state teachers' association was boomed by President Van Liew and Mr. McLane said he received a number of ideas that will be valuable in arranging for the coming teachers' convention.

WATERWAY FROM STOCKTON TO SEA

Assemblyman Drew Returns from Conference at Slough City.

Assemblyman A. M. Drew returned from Stockton yesterday where he went to attend the conference of the Rivers and Harbors commission last Friday night.

The meeting was largely attended. There were nearly three hundred people at the banquet and the subject of river improvement was largely gone into. The object of the meeting was to get some discussion and work up sentiment in favor of a 15-foot waterway from Stockton to the sea. There was some talk of extending the canal to Modesto. District Attorney McNoble of San Joaquin county, Senator Perkins and Congressmen Needham and McKinlay were the principal speakers.

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ELKS' ANNUAL MEMORIAL

"Lodge of Sorrow" to Assemble Next Sunday.

Carl E. Lindsay of San Francisco to Speak—Sacred Music.

A week from today Fresno lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, will hold its annual memorial "lodge of sorrow." This event, which is always looked forward to as one of the most impressive of the year in this city, will be distinguished this year by the quality of the sacred music.

Hon. Carl E. Lindsay, an attorney of San Francisco, will deliver the address. He is not only an Elk of distinction, having exalted ruler of the Santa Cruz lodge, but is an attorney of some prominence, and has delivered many addresses that have given him some reputation as an orator.

The memorial program, which will take place at the Barton opera house and is invitational, is as follows:

"This Day Thou Shalt Be With Me in Paradise" ..... (From "Seven Last Words"—Mercadante)—Choir.
Opening exercises ..... The Lodge
Prayer ..... Chaplain H. S. Hanson
"Pro Peccatis" ..... (From "Stabat Mater"—Rossini) Sig. S. Wanrell.
Eulogy ..... G. W. Jones
"No Shadows Yonder" ..... (From "The Holy City"—Gaul) Choir.
Address ..... Hon. Carl E. Lindsay
"O, Divine Redeemer" ..... (Gounod) Miss Maude Hohmann.
Closing exercises ..... The Lodge
"Blessed Are the Dead" ..... (Buck) Choir.
Benediction ..... Rev. H. S. Hanson

The choir chosen for this occasion will be as follows:

Don Pardee Riggs, conductor; Miss Maude Hohmann, soprano soloist; Sig. S. Wanrell, bass soloist; M. M. L. Meyer, pianist; Miss Martha F. Sprengle, organist.

Sopranos: Mrs. Ralph A. Powell, Miss Maude Hohmann, Mrs. C. T. Cearley, Miss Hazel Robb and Miss Zoe N. Glasgow.

Altos: Mrs. E. J. Crawford, Mrs. D. A. Casline, Mrs. W. F. Forsey, Miss Minnie Marshall.

Tenors: Al Braverman, Geo. Babcock, A. E. Carver, R. P. Gillette.

Basses: Hadley W. Lawrence, Robt. N. Cox, J. L. Beall, C. L. Sheriff, W. S. Marshall.

The officers of the lodge are: T. M. Allum, exalted ruler; A. Riley, esteemed leading knight; S. J. Ashman, esteemed loyal knight; D. A. Caslin, esteemed lecturing knight; E. Rubill, secretary; Dr. C. H. Adair, treasurer; W. J. Boyd, esquire; Rev. H. A. Hanson, chaplain; Geo. Babcock, tiler; J. M. Summers, inner guard; D. H. Williams, M. Suier, W. C. Kennedy, trustees; memorial committee, S. J. Ashman, D. A. Caslin, L. Q. Brackett, J. G. Funch, D. H. Williams, Geo. Babcock.

MASONIC LECTURES FOR FRESNO LODGE

Series on Historical and Fraternal Subjects Is Arranged.

Fresno Lodge of Masons has undertaken the giving of a series of lectures and entertainments for the benefit of members, to be known as "Liberal Arts and Science Evenings." These will be given once a month, and a program of lectures has been arranged to cover the next six months, as follows:

December 14th—"The Mystery of the Land of Ophir," George Marks; "The Universality of Free Masonry," M. V. Ashbrook.

January 11th—"Why the Faith of an Entered Apprentice Mason Is Well Founded," Rev. C. W. Munn; "Geometry, Ancient and Modern, Its Relation to Free Masonry," A. C. Olney.

February 8th "The Rosicrucians and Their Teachings," D. S. Ewing; "The Mission of Free Masonry," A. M. Drew.

March 15th—"My Impression of the Grand Lodge," E. D. Edwards; "Ancient Greek Mysteries," Judge George E. Church.

April 12th—"Truth," George Cosgrave; "The Results of Free Masonry," Rev. H. S. Hanson.

May 10th—A stereopticon lecture by C. L. McLane: "The Psychological Aspect of Free Masonry," J. F. Martin.

The features will occupy about half an hour each, beginning at 8 o'clock, and will be followed by discussions.

SELMA GAME MEN TO SEND DELEGATES

A meeting of the Selma Game Protective association was called for last Thursday evening to consider the matter of joining in the call for a meeting of the game protectionists of the entire state at Sacramento on December 15th. This meeting resulted in a vote of the body to sign the call, and five delegates will be chosen shortly to go to Sacramento to attend the meeting.

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